

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA

PRESIDENT'S OFFICE REGIONAL ADMINISTRATION AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT (PO-RALG)



CHEMBA DISTRICT COUNCIL FIVE YEARS STRATEGIC PLAN 2021/22 - 2025/26

DECEMBER, 2021

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Chemba District Council is one among of the 184 Councils in Tanzania established 2013 in accordance with parliament act No. 7 of 1982. The laws (local government Act, No 7 and 8 of 1982) enacted LGAs it empower them to undertake functions such as; maintenance of law, order and good governance, promotion of economic and social welfare of the people within their areas of jurisdiction, effective and equitable delivery of services to the people within their areas of jurisdiction, proper collection and utilization of the councils' revenues as well as right and power to participate and involve people in planning and implementation of development plans/programs. The newly reviewed Chemba District Council strategic plan provides a general planning and budgeting framework of the council to realize its agreed vision, mission and its strategic objectives. The strategic plan sets out strategic issues intends to be achieved by the council through effective utilization of available resources for sustainable development. Subsequently, key issues affecting district operations were identified; strategic objectives and service output considered, targets prioritized, and strategies were set to achieve agreed district vision.

The process of reviewing Strategic Plan provided an exciting opportunity to Chemba District Council to establish critical issues that guided formulation of a shared vision and mission of the council. The review and development of strategic plan took a collective and collaborative way where different stakeholders were involved using different participatory techniques. Similarly, situational analysis of internal environment in one hand was conducted to establish where the council came from, its current position and where will be heading over the planning period of next five years. In the other hand external environment of the Council was considered for mainstreaming the newly developed strategic plan with global and national policies. The Chemba District Council newly strategic plan took into account the Third Five Years National Development Plan (FYDP III 2021/22-2025/26), The ruling Party Manifesto (CCM 2020-2025) number of crosscutting policies, sectoral policies, the Tanzania Development Vision 2025, the Long Term Perspective Plan (LTPP-3FYDP) and the Medium Term Strategic Planning and Budgeting Manual. The planning process also considered the Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) as the new sustainable development agenda of the United Nations (UN) where each goal has specific targets to be achieved over the next 15 years. The SDGs commits each member state of the UN has to achieve 17 goals by 2030 deadline, The African Agenda 2063 as well the East Africa Agenda 2050.

In order to realize its vision and mission, the Chemba District Council newly developed five years' strategic plan (2021/22-2025/26) utilizes the nine national harmonized strategic objectives. The strategic plan sets prioritized targets in every key result area that establishes strategies and performance indicators in each department and unit. Finally, the strategic plan provides the monitoring and evaluation framework for the coming five years of its strategic plan execution.

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

AIDS Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome

AMCOS Agricultural Marketing Co-operative Societies

BRN Big Result Now

CMT Council Management Team

DED District Executive Director

FBO Faith Based Organisations

FDI Foreign Direct Investment

FYDP Five Years Development Plan

GDP Gross Domestic Product

HIV Human Immunodeficiency Virus Infection

LTPP Long Term Perspective Plan

MOEVT Ministry of Education and Vocational training

CDC Chemba District Council

NECTA National Education Council of Tanzania

NGOs Non-Governmental Organisations

NSGRP National Growth and Reduction of Poverty

OGP Open Government Partnership

PLHIV People Living with Human Immunodeficiency Virus Infection

PO-RALG President's Office-Regional Administration and Local Government

PPP Private Public Partnership

RAS Regional Administrative Secretary

SACCOS Savings and Credit Cooperative Society

SDG Sustainable Development Goals

SP Strategic Plan

SWOC Strength Weakness Opportunities and Challenges

UN United Nations

VEO Village Executive Officer

WEO Ward Executive Officer

STATEMENT OF THE DISTICT COUNCIL CHAIRPERSON

Chemba District Council is pleased to officiate and present before you the reviewed Chemba District Council Strategic Plan (SP) for the period of 2021/22 – 2025/26. The plan provides a road map of the council over the next five years towards realization of sustainable development to its district community through provision of quality services as well as efficient and effective utilization of available resources. The Council Management Team (CMT) and other council staff played an indispensable role in identifying key issues affecting the council and established strategies to realize the vision and mission. The Chemba District Council reviewed strategic plan has been mainly built on the achievement of the outgoing District five years strategic plan, which provided a base to articulate the newly reviewed five year strategic plan.

The preparation of this strategic plan used a collective and participatory way whereby a wide range of stakeholders were involved. I, would like to extend my sincerely thanks to Council Management Team, Councilors, the Community, as well as council staff for their valuable participation. It is my hope that the contribution shown by stakeholders during development of this plan will be sustained even during the course of execution of this strategic plan. This strategic plan will therefore be a referencing tool for the preparation of the council Medium Term Expenditure Framework (MTEF) budgets and for all staff and district stakeholders.

It is my expectations that if the strategic plan is well implemented, the people of Chemba District Council and its stakeholders will have a right to expect quality service delivery with conducive industrial investment environment through utilization of available resources for sustainable development.

Lastly, I would like to promise Councilors, CMT members, Council staff, Stakeholders and the general community of the district that my office will provide fully support towards realization of this strategic plan. Thus, I request all CDC staff, councilors and stakeholders to fully commit themselves towards implementation of this five year strategic plan.

HON. SAID SAMBALA COUNCIL CHAIRPERSON

CHEMBA DISTRICT COUNCIL

STATEMENT OF THE DISRICT EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

The reviewed Chemba District Council strategic plan sets out the strategic road map of the council over the period of next five (5) years. It therefore, spells out the council's vision, mission, core values as well as key strategic issues (CDC Flagship project) over the next five years. Further, it presents key strategic service areas, strategic objectives, service outputs, targets, strategies and Key Performance Indicators (KPI) which will be the bases for monitoring and evaluation of the council's performance. The CDC strategic plan has been developed in a collective and collaborative way involving number of different stakeholders through close coordination of the Chemba District Council Planning Officer and its team.

The development of this newly strategic plan took into account broader National Planning Framework particularly the Third National Five Years Development Plan (FYDP III 2021/22-2025/26), The Ruling Party Manifesto (CCM 2020-2025), crosscutting policies, Sectoral Policies, the Tanzania Development Vision 2025, Long Term Perspective Plan (LTPP-3FYDP). Similarly, global development policies particularly the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs 2030), African Agenda 2063 and East Africa Vision 2050 were considered during preparation of the five years strategic plan.

It is expected that from the year 2021/22-2025/26, Chemba District Council with the support from stakeholders will dedicate its efforts towards realization of its vision that state **Chemba District Council is to become "***The council with quality services and Conducive Industrial investment environment for sustainable Development"*.

and its mission statement that Chemba District council in collaboration with stakeholders is committed to "deliver quality services and conducive industrial investment environment creation through effective use of available resource for sustainable Development". Implementation of this plan will therefore focus on the following strategic objectives Service Improved and HIV/AIDS Infection Reduced; Effective Implementation of the National Anti-Corruption Strategy Enhanced and Sustained; Access to Quality and Equitable Social Service Delivery Improved; Quantity and Quality of Socio-Economic Services and Infrastructure Improved; Good Governance and Administrative Services Enhanced; Local Economic Development Coordination Enhanced: Social Welfare, Gender and Community Empowerment Improved; Emergence and Disaster Management Improved; as well as Management of Natural Resources and Environment Improved

Once, again I wish to acknowledge the diligently hard work and commitment of all staff, CMT, CDC, as well as councilors and other stakeholders. The office of the district accounting officer will strongly provide its support towards realization of this reviewed five years strategic plan.

SIWEMA H. JUMAA
THE DISTRICT EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
CHEMBA DISTRICT COUNCIL

CHAPTER ONE INTRODUCTION AND STRATEGIC PLANNING PROCESS

1.1 Background Information

Chemba District Council (CDC) was established with effect from **2013** vide a certificate of establishment under the terms of the provisions of sections 8&9 of the Local Government (District Authorities) Act, No.7 CAP 287 of 1982.

1.2 Location

Chemba District Council is one among eight (8) Councils of Dodoma Region located 125 Km North of the Dodoma region Headquarter. Other Councils in Region include City Council of Dodoma, Kondoa Town Council, Kondoa District Council, Mpwapwa District Council, Kongwa District Council as well as Chamwino District Council and Bahi District Council. The Council is bordered by Kondoa Town Council in the North, Chmwino District Council in the South while in the West shares borders with Bahi District Council and Singida region. In the East the Council bordered with Kongwa District Council and Manyara region.

1.3 Climate

Chemba district council is mostly Semi-arid due to low and erratic rainfall. Rainfall is the most important climatic factor in the Region. It falls in a single rainy season between November/December and April/May. Generally these rains fall in heavy storms resulting in flash floods. Consequently about 60% of the precipitation becomes run-off rather than penetrating the soil for crop growth. Total rainfall ranges from 500mm to 800mm per annum with high geographical, seasonal and annual variation. The temperature in the Region vary according to altitude but generally range from about 15°C in July to 30°C during the month of October. Moreover, temperature differences are observed between day and night and may be very high with hot afternoons going up to 35°C and chilly nights going down to 10°C.

1.4 Topography

Chemba district council occupies the Northern part of the central plateu of Tanzania which has elevations ranging from 1,200m to 1,500m above sea level. Surrounding the Region on all sides except the South-Eastern boundary with a

major scarp of up to 180 Meters high which is the Eastern part of the Great Rift Valley. Topographically Dodoma Region forms party of the Central Plateu of Eastern Africa extending from Ethiopia in the North to the Transvaal in the South.

1.5 Population

According to 2012 census, the population of Chemba DC was 235,711 out of which 117,585 were Males and 118,126 were Females. The population density was about 43.2 Persons per sq. Km and the grouth rate was about 1.7%. The high growth rate is attributed to immigration rather than to human multiplication. Presence of economic activities and small towns being trading centres contribute to the increasing population. CDC had 50,151 number of households with the average family size is 4.7 persons and the working group averaging to 38.7% The life expectancy was revealed to be at an average of 46 years.

1.6 Administrative Units

Chemba DC falls under the jurisdiction of one administrative body but divided into four (4) divisions, namely; Farkwa, Goima, Kwamtoro and Mondo with a total of 26 wards which are further subdivided into 114 villages and 488 vitongoji (hamlets) distributed unevenly as detailed in table 1.

Table 1: CDC Distribution of Administrative Units

| Divisions | Wards | Number of | Number of | Number of |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| | | villages | hamlets | households |
| Farkwa | BABAYU | 4 | 17 | 9,538 |
| | FARKWA | 7 | 24 | |
| | GWANDI | 3 | 10 | |
| | MAKORONGO | 3 | 13 | |
| | TUMBAKOSE | 3 | 10 | |
| Goima | CHANDAMA | 3 | 17 | 18,685 |
| | CHEMBA | 3 | 10 | |
| | GOIMA | 5 | 26 | |
| | KIDOKA | 4 | 14 | |
| | KIMAHA | 4 | 20 | |
| | MRIJO | 7 | 28 | |
| | MSAADA | 5 | 15 | |
| | SONGOLO | 4 | 14 | |
| | SOYA | 4 | 15 | |

| Divisions | Wards | Number of | Number of | Number of |
|-----------|--------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| | | villages | hamlets | households |
| Kwamtoro | KINYAMSHINDO | 3 | 15 | 10,304 |
| | KWAMTORO | 6 | 30 | |
| | LAHODA | 3 | 13 | |
| | LALTA | 4 | 16 | |
| | MPENDO | 4 | 18 | |
| | OVADA | 4 | 24 | |
| | SANZAWA | 5 | 26 | |
| Mondo | CHURUKU | 3 | 17 | 11,624 |
| | DALAI | 7 | 26 | |
| | JANGALO | 4 | 27 | |
| | MONDO | 4 | 13 | |
| | PARANGA | 8 | 30 | |
| T0TAL | 26 | 114 | 488 | 50,151 |

1.7 Land Area

Chemba district covers about 7,653 square kilometers, with a total of arable land 554,400 hectares. Cultivated area is 152,495 hectares; the rest is covered by forest game reserve of Swagaswaga. It is estimated that about 47,612,390 ha is used for residential and 1,898,891.6 ha used for diverse economic activities including lumbering, farming and livestock keeping.

1.8 Ethnic Groups

The district has three major ethnic group, the Burunge, Rangi and Sandawi tribes. The Sandawi and Burunge tribes are Halotic speaking group while the Rangi people are Bantu-speaking group. These tribes are relying on agriculture and livestock keeping as their main sources of food and income. Apart from source of income, Livestock keeping especially cattle plays an important role in traditional ceremonies and social tie. Other ethnic groups found in the District include Sukuma, Gogo, Iraq and others who are mainly employees in the public and private sector.

1.9 Mandates

Chemba District is one among of 184 Councils in Tanzania established under the Local Government (Rural Authorities) Act No. 7 of 1982 and its subsequent amendment which aimed at strengthening and promoting the local government system through Decentralization by Devolution (D by D). The Act provides mandate to the:

- Maintain and facilitate the maintenance of peace, order and good governance within its area of jurisdiction
- Promote the social welfare and economic well being of all people within its area of jurisdiction
- Further the social and economic development of the people
- Take necessary measures to promote and enhance the environment in order to ensure sustainable development
- Give effect to the meaningful decentralization in political, financial and administrative matters relating to the functions, powers, responsibilities and services at all levels of Chemba DC
- Promote and ensure democratic participation in decision making by people concerned
- Establish and maintain reliable sources of revenue and other sources enabling Chemba DC to perform its functions effectively and enhance financial accountability of Chemba DC.

1.10 Chemba DC Strategic Planning Methodology

Chemba District Strategic plan was built on intensive participatory approach with intent to take on board community development needs and incorporating the same into the reviewed five year strategic plan. Two important groups were engaged in the strategic plan development process namely heads of CDC departments/units and community representative group (Councilors). The former group being technical group was meant to draw up the real sectoral situation of CDC and craft proposed appropriate vision, mission, core values and targets that address strategic objectives and community needs. The latter group was selected as key stakeholders to draw out community most pressing problems that require strategic attention in the next five year strategic plan.

During the process of preparing this plan three days strategic planning workshop was set. The first two day planning workshop involved heads of departments/units. The group received training on strategic planning process and clarification on respective roles of each person supposed to perform during the review and preparation process. The main objective of this training was not only to uncover strategic planning process but also to impart skills of converting community problems into strategic targets. Similarly, another strategic planning workshop was set that involved community representatives (Councilors), as well as heads of departments/units. Stakeholders were fully informed on the aim of the meeting and their role. They were indeed motivated

to air out really community problems by sector while head of respective department/units and secretariat taking note for the purpose of setting up intervention measures (strategic targets) over the mentioned community/sector problems.

In a participatory way, the strategic plan integrated external environment including aligning inspiration of the government and current CCM part manifesto 2020-2025. Thus far, the plan also took into account Tanzania National Third Five Years Development Plan 2021/22-2025/26, various national cross cutting policies and sectoral policies as well as planning frameworks such as Medium Term Strategic Planning and Budgeting Manual. Also, further consideration during review of this strategic plan was set to incorporate global aspiration agenda articulated in the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs 2030) as well as African Agenda 2063 and East Africa Vision 2050.

1.11 Chemba DC Strategic Plan Layout

The CDC reviewed five year strategic plan has been organized into five chapters. Chapter one of CDC SP presents the general information pertaining the council and the strategic planning process itself. Chapter two of the five year SP provides the detailed information with regard to internal and external environment following conduct of a thoroughly situtional analysis of the council. While, chapter three gives the picture on the performance of the outgoing five year council strategic plan 2016/17-2020/21. Next, chapter four of the reviewed CDC SP offers the next five years plan whereas strategic issues, services areas of the council has been well captured and detailed as well as the strategic objectives, service output, targets, strategies and the key performance indicators of every service area within the council has been established. Finally, chapter five the CDC SP provides an implementation, monitoring and evaluation framework for realization of the course of action set in this next five years plan.

CHAPTER TWO

SITUATIONAL ANALYSIS OF CHEMBA DISTRICT COUNCIL

2.1 Introduction

The chapter presents situational analysis of Chemba District Council as a base for strategic planning process as it provides the picture of CDC current situation. The situational analysis of Chemba District Council was done in a participatory manner by taking into account both the internal and external environment. The internal environment focused mainly to establish current situation and respective problems for every department/unit to be reflected in the next five year's council strategic plan. Similarly, the external environment was analyzed in order to mainstream The Third National Five Year Development Plan (FYDP-III) 2021/22-2025/26 as the concluding framework of TDVs 2025. Also, external environment put into board key targets reflected in the Ruling Part Manifesto 2020-2025' as well as other cross cutting policies and sectoral policies including the Public-Private Partnership (PPP) policy 2009. Moreover, the UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) 2030 were mainstreamed into CDC five years strategic plan (2021/22-2025/26) as well as African Agenda 2063 and East African Vision 2050. Similarly, SWOC analysis was carried down to draw up CDC Strengths and recognize Opportunities that may be usefully to address Weakness and Challenges. Finally, Stakeholders understand analysis potentiality was done in order to institutions/individuals toward success or failure of CDC next five years' strategic plan.

2.2 Internal Environment Analysis

2.2.1Human Resources and Administration Department

Human Resources and administration department is one of the 13 departments and 6 units in Chemba DC. Its core functions include:

- ✓ Maintain and keep proper records of employees' information (At registry and recognized systems such as HCMIS).
- ✓ Translate Public Service Circulars, Rules and Regulations through orientation and training.
- ✓ Conduct recruitment, confirmation, promotion and fulfill termination procedures for the employees.
- ✓ Training Need Assessment, provide and facilitate trainings to the respective employees in accordance of training programs/policy.

- ✓ Ensure the availability of well-prepared Personal Emoluments in the respective departments.
- ✓ Perform all of the administration activities such as conduction and facilitation of statutory meetings at all council levels.
- ✓ Provide supervision, coordination and monitoring to other departments such as conduction of performance appraisal, human resource estimates (Human Resource Planning), disciplinary procedures and transport activities.

2.2.1.1 Human Resource and Administrative Department staffing level

The Human Resource and Administrative Department is charged direct to the office of District Executive Director. The department is headed by DHRO assisted by Human Resource Officer who is the head of the registry and records management. Currently the department is resourced with 135 **Staff (Masters Degree 3, Bachelor degree 16, Diploma 12, certificate 57, Form Four 5 and Standard Seven 42)**

Table 2: CDC Human Resource and Administrative Department staffing level

| S/N | Designation | Establishment | Available | Deficiency |
|-------|-----------------------------|---------------|-----------|------------|
| 1. | District Executive Director | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 2. | District Human Resource | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | Officer | | | |
| 3. | Human Resource Officers | 5 | 6 | 1 |
| 4. | Ward Executive Officers | 26 | 26 | 0 |
| 5. | Village Executive Officers | 114 | 86 | 28 |
| 6. | Transport Officers | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 7. | Records Management | 7 | 3 | 4 |
| | Assistant | | | |
| 8. | Office attendants | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 9. | Personal Secretaries | 5 | 10 | 5 |
| 10. | Security Guards | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| 11. | Drivers | 10 | 18 | 8 |
| Total | | 173 | 154 | 47 |

Source: CDC HRA Department (2018).

2.2.1.2 Office Layout

Chemba District Council under Human Resource and Administration Department ensures all departments have offices, furniture and other working tools so as to fulfill their regular duties and responsibilities. Chemba District Council has 13 departments 6 units, 26 wards, 114 villages, and 488 hamlets and has a total of 1,475 employees.

Table 3: CDC Number of employees in Departments and Units

| S/No. | Department | No. of employees | Section/Unit | No. of employees |
|-------|--|------------------|---|------------------|
| 1 | Human Resource and Administration Department | 135 | Procurement Management Unit | 3 |
| 2 | Finance and Trade Department | 7 | Election Unit | 1 |
| 3 | Planning, Statistics and Monitoring Department | 2 | Beekeeping Unit | 0 |
| 4 | Primary Education Department | 805 | Internal Audit Unit | 1 |
| 5 | Secondary Education Department | 276 | Legal Unit | 1 |
| 6 | Works Department | 2 | Information, communication and technology Unit | 3 |
| 7 | Water Department | 0 | | |
| 8 | Healthy Department | 185 | | |
| 9 | Agriculture and irrigation Department | 27 | | |
| 10 | Livestock and Fisheries Department | 16 | | |
| 11 | Community Development Department | 6 | | |
| 12 | Land and Natural Resources Department | 4 | | |
| 13 | Environment and Solid waste management Department | Total Numb | on of Employees | 1 475 |
| | | 1 otal Numb | er of Employees | 1,4/5 |

Source: CDC Report, (2021).

2.2.1.3 Challenges

The Chemba District Council Human Resource and Administration department faces number of challenges includes:-

- ✓ shortage of staff
- ✓ Employee turnover
- ✓ Inadequate working facilities
- ✓ Unconducive working condition
- ✓ Inadequate of financial resources

2.2.2 Finance and Trade Department

Finance and Trade Department forms one of the 13 Chemba District Council departments and is made up with five sections namely; Finance and Trade Administration, Revenue, Expenditure, Final Accounts, as well as Trade and Market operations.

The core functions of the department include: -

- i. Advice the council on all financial matters.
- ii. Supervise, collect and ensure all revenues of the council are safely kept.
- iii. Prepare annual budget of income and expenditures in collaboration with planning and other departments.
- iv. Maintain the sound accounting system and safekeeping of all supporting records.
- v. Prepare regular reports to council on progress of actual expenditure and income compared to budget and making recommendations for balancing levels of income and expenditures.
- vi. Prepare Councilor's reports and financial statements.
- vii. Support system of internal control in operation.
- viii. Prepare and present to the Finance Committee the financial procedures for their approval and distribute to other departments.

2.2.2.1 Finance and Trade Department staffing level

The Chemba district council finance and trade department has 10 staff compared to 25 as per establishment as shown in Table 1 below:

Table 4: CDC Finance and Trade Department staffing level

| Position | Required | Available | Deficit |
|-----------------------|----------|-----------|---------|
| II. 1 (D. | | | |
| Head of Department | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Accountants | 7 | 3 | 4 |
| Assistant Accountants | 10 | 4 | 6 |
| Total | 18 | 8 | 15 |

Source: CDC Finance and Trade Department, (2021).

2.2.2.2 Finance Section

Chemba DC: Revenue collection trend 2018/2019 - 2020/2021

Chemba district council finances its activities from different sources. The main funding sources are; Government subvention, Own source revenue and Development partners Table 5).

Table 5: CDC Revenue collection trend 2018/2019-2020/2021

Source: CDC Finance and Trade Department, (2021).

| _ | 2018/2019 | | 2019/2020 | | 2020/2021 | |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Source | Budget | Actual Receipts | Budget | Actual Receipts | Budget | Actual Receipts |
| Own Source | 1,523,834,000.00 | 1,120,322,553.87 | 1,492,534,200.00 | 1,069,977,725.62 | 1,279,000,000.00 | 1,239,513,701 |
| Recurrent grants | 24,872,568,567.00 | 12,488,799,085.48 | 16,443,121,963.00 | 13,705,121,494 | 16,231,366,644.00 | 12,021,347,387.00 |
| Development grants | 9,945,539,953.00 | 6,317,654,784.23 | 2,718,921,763.00 | 546,396,106 | 6,608,781,120.00 | 2,016,574,477 |
| TOTAL | 36,341,942,520 | 19,926,776,423.58 | 20,654,577,926 | 15,321,495,325.62 | 24,119,147,764 | 15,277,435,565 |

Chemba DC: Own revenue sources

Chemba District Council has 24 own revenue sources namely: - forest product (Log cess and Timber), Service levy, Community health funds, Business licenses and sales of plots. Revenue from forest products contributes 60% of the total budget from own source, Service levy 3%, community health funds 9% and business license contribute 3%. Collection trend for previous three years, indicates that there is an improvement in own source revenue collection. Own source revenue collection has been increasing though in small amount. From 2018/19 to 2020/21 Council has adopted electronic revenue collection system so as to strengthening internal control over revenue collection. The system is controlled at ministerial level and is known as Local Government Revenue Collection Integrated System (LGRCIS).

Table 6: CDC Own source revenue collection - Budget estimates V/S Actual Performance for Financial Year 2018/2019 - 2020/2021

| | 2018/2019 | | | 2019/2020 | | | 2020/2021 | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---|
| | - | | | | | | Budget | Actual | % |
| Revenue Sources | Budget | actual | % | Budget | Actual | % | | | |
| Other food produce cess | | | | 462,798,000 | 281,073,258 | | 647,734,180 | 647,734,180 | |
| Maize crop cess | 415,000,000 | 106,876,305 | | | | | | | |
| Service Levy | 30,000,000 | 19,020,648 | | 40,000,000 | 34,137,199 | | 70,000,000 | 56,602,246 | |
| Hotel Levy | | | | | | | | | |
| Advertisement | 10,000,000 | 150,000 | | | | | | 290,000 | |
| Cost sharing | 41,000,000 | 28,000,000 | | | | | | | |
| Other produce cess | 9,000,000 | 540,000 | | | | | | | |
| Fines and penalties fee | 39,400,000 | 8,605,710 | | 20,000,000 | 11,266,000 | | 31717540 | 29452870 | |
| Business Licence Fees | 85,000,000 | 72,726,700 | | 115,000,000 | 125,706,057 | | 80,000,000 | 79,402,000 | |
| Parking fee | | | | | | | | | |
| Plot sales | 165,000,000 | 76,288,000 | | 180,000,00 | 63,965,500 | | 200000000 | 16049320 | |
| Building Permit | 5,000,000 | 2,630,000 | | 5,000,000 | 3,640,000 | | 12000000 | 7190001 | |
| Livestock market fee | 460,000,000 | 252,730,695 | | 469,400,000 | 423,912,889 | | 470,000,000 | 334,723,066 | |
| Forest produce licence fees | | | | | 33,800 | | 11,206,400 | 5,209,000 | |
| Others Revenue | | | | 53,460,000 | 24,320,000 | | | | |
| Receipt from dipping fees | 40,000,000 | 37,327,650 | | 20,000,000 | 18,604,400 | | 59,000,000 | 10,686,950 | |

| | 2018/2019 | | | 2019/2020 | | | 2020/2021 | | |
|------------------------|---------------|-------------|---|---------------|-------------|---|------------|------------|---|
| | - | | | - | | | Budget | Actual | % |
| Revenue Sources | Budget | actual | % | Budget | Actual | % | | | |
| Land survey fee | 15,000,000 | 5,129,200 | | 20,000,000 | 4,843,305 | | 20000000 | 6075500 | |
| Meat inspection | 17,000,000 | 600,000 | | 17,000,000 | 447,900 | | 17,000,000 | 11,602,000 | |
| Forest Royalities | 15,000,000 | 9,870,800 | | | | | | | |
| Charcoal produce cess | | | | | | | | | |
| Extraction of minerals | 12,000,000 | 4,322,000 | | 12,000,000 | 10,627,055 | | 10,000,000 | 5,340,800 | |
| School Fee | 42,000,000 | 29,200,000 | | 42,000,000 | 46,571,741 | | | | |
| Plot Application Fee | 8,600,000 | 1,988,880 | | 10,000,000 | 580,000 | | 10,000,000 | 1,940,000 | |
| Liquor License | | | | | | | | | |
| Grant Total | 1,409,000,000 | 656,006,588 | | 1,258,338,000 | 865,565,848 | | 1638658120 | 1120560403 | |

Source: CDC Finance and Trade Department, (2021).

Chemba DC: Central Government recurrent and development grants

Chemba District Council receives reasonable funds regularly from the central government to finance development projects as well as personnel emolument of the council employees.

Table 7: CDC Central Government Recurrent and Development Grants

| | 2018/2019 | | | 2019/2020 | | | 2020/2021 | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-------------------|-------------------|---|----------------|----------------|----|
| Revenue Sources | Budget | Actual | % | Budget | Actual | % | Budget | Actual | % |
| Personnel | 23,996,152,567.00 | 13,368,658,800 | | | | | 14,743,870,298 | 10,970,226,412 | 74 |
| Emolument | 23,330,132,307.00 | 13,300,030,000 | 50 | 15,039,548,327.00 | 11,395,484,500.00 | | | | |
| | 876,416,000.00 | 691,332,585.92 | | | | | 1,487,496,346 | 1,051,120,975 | 71 |
| Other Charges | 070/110/000.00 | 071,002,000.72 | 65 | 1,403,573,636.00 | 1,171,573,857.30 | | | | |
| Development Grant | 9,945,539,953.00 | 3,858,901,262.23 | 36 | 2,759,233,110.00 | 647,175,625.00 | | 6,608,781,120 | 2,016,574,477 | 31 |
| Total | 34,818,108,520 | 18,957,567,439 | | 19,202,355,073 | 13,214,233,982.3 | | 22,840,147,764 | 14,037,921,864 | |

Source: CDC Financial Statement Schedules, (2021).

Chemba DC: Government Block Grant

Chemba District Council depends on central government to fund its development and recurrent expenditure, 99% of development expenditure and 100% of personnel emolument, is contributed by Tanzanian Central Government.

Table 8: CDC Government block grant V/s council own source revenue to finance recurrent and development activities

| | 2019/2020 | , | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|---------------|---|
| Revenue Sources | Government Grant | Own Source | % | Government Grant | Own Source | % |
| Personnel Emolument | 13,568,743,000 | 0 | | 12,007,441,310 | 0 | |
| Other Charges | 1,394,911,432 | 658,530,218 | | 633,579,092 | 805,195,405 | |
| Development Grant | 5,314,735,682 | 439,020,145 | | 5,555,991,307 | 536,796,937 | |
| Total | 20,278,390,114 | 1,097,550,363 | | 18,197,011,709 | 1,341,992,342 | |

Source: CDC Financial Statement Schedules, (2021).

Chemba DC: Development Partners' Grant

Chemba District Council received grants from DPs a total amount of TZS. 5,314,735,682 and TZS 5,555,991,307 for the financial year 2019/20 and 2020/21, respectively for the execution of various development projects.

Table 9: CDC Development Partners' Grant

| S/N | Grant name | 2019/20 | | % | 2020/21 | | % |
|-----|---------------|-------------|-------------|-----|-------------|-------------|-----|
| | | Receipt | Expenditure | | Receipt | Expenditure | |
| 1 | MFUKO WA | 590,966,083 | 562,693,588 | | 565,446,042 | 590,274,659 | |
| | BARABARA | | | 95 | | | 104 |
| 2 | RUZUKU YA | 296,654,000 | 296,654,000 | | 296,654,000 | 296,654,000 | |
| | MAENDELEO LG | | | 100 | | | 100 |
| | CDG | | | | | | |
| | MRADI WA MAJI | 410,094,847 | 513,353,773 | | 72,605,566 | 99,753,666 | |
| | (WSDP) | | | 125 | | | 137 |
| 3 | MFUKO WA | 395,587,300 | 389,732,037 | | 663,454,000 | 693,607,483 | |
| | PAMOJA(HSBF) | | | 99 | | | 105 |
| 4 | SEDP | 573,892,887 | 191,761,730 | | - | 382,131,157 | |
| | | | | 33 | | | |
| 5 | P4R | - | - | | 737,691,200 | 737,691,200 | |
| | | | | | | | 100 |
| | EQUIP | 751,765,928 | 329,647,834 | | 713,933,368 | 505,949,138 | |
| | | | | 44 | | | 71 |
| | UKIMWI | 55,497,900 | - | | 55,497,900 | 55,497,900 | |
| | | | | - | | | 100 |
| | VIJANA NA | 3,720,000 | 3,720,000 | | 15,000,000 | 15,000,000 | |

| S/N | Grant name | 2019 |)/20 | % | 2020/ | /21 | % |
|-----|-----------------|---------------|---------------|-----|----------------|----------------|-----|
| - | | Receipt | Expenditure | | Receipt | Expenditure | |
| | WANAWAKE | | | 100 | | = | 100 |
| | TASAF | 1,190,066,737 | 1,155,805,854 | | 1,097,261,650 | 1,131,522,533 | |
| | | | | 97 | | | 103 |
| | UMWAGILIAJI | 551,000,000 | 551,000,000 | | - | - | |
| | | | | 100 | | | |
| | MFUKO WA JIMBO | 27,554,000 | 52,194,755 | | 45,464,000 | 46,410,000 | |
| | | | | 189 | | | 102 |
| | JENGO LA | 450,000,000 | 450,000,000 | | 500,000,000 | 500,000,000 | |
| | HALMASHAURI | | | 100 | | | 100 |
| | NTD | - | - | | 87,199,336 | 87,199,336 | |
| | | | | | | | 100 |
| | UAPANUZI WA | - | - | | - | - | |
| | KITUOA CHA AFYA | | | | | | |
| | HAMAI | | | | | | |
| | ELIMU BILA | - | - | | 539,458,244 | 539,458,244 | |
| | MALIPO - | | | | | | 100 |
| | SEKONDARI | | | | | | |
| | ELIMU BILA | 17,936,000 | 17,936,000 | | 166,326,000.00 | 166,326,000.00 | |
| | MALIPO - MSINGI | | | 100 | | | 100 |
| | | 5,314,735,682 | 4,514,499,571 | | 5,555,991,307 | 5,847,475,316 | |
| | | | | 85 | | | 105 |

Source: CDC Financial Statement Schedules, (2021).

Chemba DC: CAG Auditing Reports

Chemba District Council prepares its financial statement in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) and other governing laws and regulations pertaining to closure of Government accounts. Also, for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as per the Statement of Management responsibility on the Financial Statements. The Local Government Finance Act 1982 section 40 requires every Local Government Council (LGA) to prepare financial statements of the Council for every financial year, as at the end of the financial period, that gives a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the council for that period. This legal requirement is further emphasised by the Local Authority Financial Memorandum (LAFM) of 2010, Order No. 31.

Responsibility of the Controller and AuditorGeneral (CAG)

Responsibility of an auditor is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on audit. Auditor conduct audit accordance with, International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs) and such other procedures considered necessary in the circumstances. The standards require auditor to comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatements.

2.2.2.3 Trade Section

Trade section is under Finance and Trade Department whereby its main role includes; analyzing short term and long term moneyflow, Business growth at Chemba District Council is approximately 50% to 70% annually, the trade section recently has managed to issue hotel levy, business licenses, other role that has been performed by the trade section is to coordinate the business people and enhance entrepreneurs to conduct their activities in conducive working environment.

2.2.2.4 Challenges

The CDC finance and trade department faces several challenges including;

- ✓ Poor transport and communication
- ✓ Inadequate of financial resources
- ✓ Lack of Motivation of revenue collector
- ✓ Lack of networks operation systems

2.2.3 Planning, Monitoring and Statistics Department

Planning, Monitoring and Statistics department is one of the departments of Chemba District Council, consisting of three sections namely; planning section, Monitoring and evaluation section and statistics section. Based on act of establishment of this department, it has the following core functions:

- i. Coordinate Planning Process of Council Development projects.
- ii. Facilitate National policy interpretations.
- iii. Coordinate monitoring, reviewing and evaluation of various development projects.
- iv. Facilitate Social- Economic data collection, analysis and replication.
- v. Coordinate all development initiatives in the Council.

2.2.3.1 Planning Department Staff level

The Planning, Statistics and Monitoring department currently has 4 members of staff (1 female and 3 males) with different levels of education and qualifications as shown in Table 8 here under.

Table 10: CDC Planning Department staffing level

| Position | Required | Actual | Deficit |
|------------------|----------|--------|---------|
| Head of | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Department | | | |
| Economist | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Planning Officer | 4 | 1 | 3 |
| Statistician | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Total | 9 | 3 | 6 |

Source: CDC Planning, Statistics and Monitoring Department, (2021).

2.2.3.2 Planning section

The Chemba DC Planning section deals with identification of council development needs and potentials for investments; preparation of Council's short, medium term strategic plans and budgets; analyzing sectoral policies and advising district departments on the issues pertaining to planning and budgeting; and coordinating other departments. Other roles are conducting researches for the purpose of problem identification, solving and decision making; coordination, monitoring and implementation of District Strategic Plans and Budgets; preparation of project proposals for internal and external funding as well as budgetary activities of the cooperation.

2.2.3.3 Monitoring and Evaluation

The Chemba DC Monitoring and evaluation section deal with Frequent supervision to the lower level governments; identification of community initiatives (O&OD); provision of technical support to the lower level governments on project planning, implementation, monitoring and evaluation; supervision and inspection of the project progress; preparation of monitoring and evaluation reports (i.e. Quarter and Annual) on the implementation of council plans and budgets.

During financial year 2019/2020 – 2020/2021 the section has conducted monitoring and evaluation in the following activities:

- Construction of 9 laboratories in 9 secondary schools of which 6 (66%) laboratories were completed
- Construction of 3 teachers' house in 3 primary schools.
- Construction of 22 classrooms in Secondary and Primary Schools.
- Construction of 104 pit latrines of which 86 pit latrine were completed
- Construction of Chemba District Hospital.
- Completion of the construction of District Administration Block.
- Construction of 10 Classrooms in 9 Primary School.
- Construction of 6 dormitories in Secondary Schools
- Construction of 3 Dispensaries.

2.2.3.4 Statistics section

Chemba DC Statistics section deals with data collection from lower level governments (i.e. Village and wards) and council's departments; data analysis; and data management. The section also deals with preparation of social economic profile of the council, preparation of investment profile and conduction of researches on poverty and food security.

Specifically, in the years 2018/2019 -2020/2021, the following activities were executed under the statistics section:

- Collection of data in 114 villages and 26 wards for planning purpose.
- Coordinating the review of O&OD from 114 villages and 26 wards
- Reviewing and preparation of Council social economic profile.

2.2.3.5 Chemba District Council Budget Trend for FY 2021/22 - 2025/26

Chemba district council is financing its activities from different sources. The main funding are sourced from Government subvention, Own source revenue and Development partners.

Table 11: CDC budget trend for three years period FY 2018/19-2020/21

| | 2018/2019 | - | 2019/2020 | | 2020/2021 | |
|----------------|----------------|------------------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Fund Source | Budget | Actual Receipts | Budget | Actual | Budget | Actual Receipts |
| runa source | | | | Receipts | | |
| Capitation | 425,251,708.32 | 863,481,592 | 433,861,876.44 | | 501,185,583.36 | |
| Grants-Dev | | | | | | |
| Jimbo Fund - | 52,629,000 | 52,629,000 | 54,629,000.00 | 54,629,000 | 54,627,000.00 | 54,627,000 |
| CDCF | | | | | | |
| School Meals | 300,779,994.00 | 220,514,947.56 | 253,799,978.16 | 0 | 269,054,735.40 | 0 |
| Grant | | | | | | |
| Responsibility | 391,200,000.00 | 66,000,000.00 | 391,200,000.00 | 0 | 391,200,000.00 | 0 |
| Grants | | | | | | |
| EGPAF | 154,148,000.00 | 72,393,150 | 179,990,560.00 | 34,353,385 | 11,675,500.00 | 22,862,674 |
| Schools Fee | 96,739,779.96 | 112,722,525.35 | 128,279,388.12 | 0 | 134,699,999.92 | 0 |
| Compensation | | | | | | |
| Grants | | | | | | |
| Programme | | 751,634,546 | | 562,700,000 | 400,000,000.00 | 294,277,500 |
| for Results - | | | | | | |

| | 2018/2019 | | 2019/2020 | | 2020/2021 | |
|----------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Fund Source | Budget | Actual Receipts | Budget | Actual Receipts | Budget | Actual Receipts |
| P4R | | | | _ | | |
| Other | 1,500,000,000.00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Development | | | | | | |
| Grants | | | | | | |
| Bilateral DFID | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 37,000,000.00 | 0 |
| Central | 0 | 2,400,000,000 | 387,782,356.00 | 325,000,000 | 2,205,019,080 | 678,713,500 |
| government | | | | | | |
| other Sources | | | | | | |
| Examination | 351,110,995.49 | | 388,946,947.67 | | 474,851,998.36 | 237,664,000.00 |
| Grant | | | | | | |
| National | 55,497,900.00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Multisectoral | | | | | | |
| Strategic Fund | | | | | | |
| - | | | | | | |
| National | 2,636,846,810 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Water Supply | | | | | | |
| and Sanitation | | | | | | |
| Tanzania | 1,164,580,773.00 | 716,510,100 | 0 | 178,703,650 | 994,229,000.00 | 273,231,650 |
| Social Action | | | | | | |

| | 2018/2019 | | 2019/2020 | | 2020/2021 | |
|---------------|---------------------------|---|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Fund Source | Budget | Actual Receipts | Budget | Actual Receipts | Budget | Actual Receipts |
| Fund - | | | | Receipts | | |
| TASAF | | | | | | |
| Education | 426,498,030.00 | 466,034,089 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Quality | , , , , , , , , , , , , , | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | - | | | |
| Improvement | | | | | | |
| WORLD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 623,798,000.00 | 0 |
| BANK | | | | | , , | |
| Own Sources | 1,689,492,391 | 672,847,738 | 1,410,435,655 | 1,097,550,363 | 1,488,670,000 | 1,341,992,342 |
| Health Sector | 613,491,988.25 | 582,458,400 | 553,060,200.00 | 494,861,275 | 585,091,305.00 | 556,847,000 |
| Basket Fund - | | | | | | |
| HSBF | | | | | | |
| Central | 1,108,879,893 | 675,394,044 | 960,514,931 | 1,394,911,432 | 792,593,000 | 633,579,092 |
| Government | | | | | | |
| PE Grants | 23,996,152,567.00 | 11,813,562,850 | 17,821,864,768.00 | 13,568,743,000 | 19,456,267,521.00 | 12,007,441,310 |
| Bilateral | 91,778,862.00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other | | | | | | |
| Central | 360,500,000.00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 252,500,000.00 | 0 |
| Government | | | | | | |
| via MSD | | | | | | |

| 2018/2019 | | | 2019/2020 | | 2020/2021 | | |
|------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|--|
| Fund Source | Budget | Budget Actual Receipts | | Budget Actual | | Actual Receipts | |
| Fund Source | | | | Receipts | | | |
| Global Fund | 6,360,000.00 | 2,147,080 | 6,360,000.00 | 0 | 1,074,000.00 | 0 | |
| NTD | 39,202,551.50 | 0 | 39,202,551.51 | 0 | 39,202,551.51 | 1,000,000.00 | |
| Multilateral UNICEF | 0 | 108,904,000 | 7,500,000.00 | 5,975,000 | 10,000,000.00 | 18,160,000 | |
| Total | 34,040,392,761.24 | 15,037,858,301 | 21,575,667,409.18 | 16,740,744,720 | 28,722,739,274.55 | 16,120,396,068 | |

Source: CDC Planning, Monitoring and Statistics Department, (2021).

2.2.3.6 Challenges

Planning department despite servicing 114 villages and 26 scattered in an area of **7,653** square kilometers it faced a number of challenges including:

- ✓ Difficult of reaching every village in time due to poor roads infrastructure.
- ✓ Insufficient attendance of staffs in various seminars, workshop, short and long courses,
- ✓ Lack of M & E knowledge to the community.
- ✓ Low community contribution towards development projects
- ✓ Shortage of working tools such as computers (laptops) and transport vehicles/facilities,
- ✓ Insufficient government budget required for implementing development projects,
- ✓ Lack of reliable Monitoring and Evaluation mechanism,
- ✓ Lack of sufficient and reliable data Data bank,
- ✓ Shortage of staff
- ✓ Un- planned orders to implement from top authority which compromise the planned projects.

2.2.3.7 Critical issues

- ✓ Capacitate Planning staff in writing investment projects
- ✓ Conduct training on the use of data capturing tools and reporting tools
- ✓ Enhancing monitoring capacity to Planning staff and to the community.

2.2.4 Primary Education Department

Primary education Department is among of the 13 Departments in Chemba District Council. The Department is made up of four (04) Sections namely: - primary administration, primary schools Adult education and Sports & cultural. The primary education department has the following core functions:

- i. Improve School gender sensitive sexual reproduction health and HIV/AIDS.
- ii. Take measurement on combat petty and grand corruption.
- iii. Create an enabling environment for effective Working to education staff and primary school teachers.
- iv. Develop Managerial and leadership skills for education staff, word education officers and Head teachers.
- v. Support primary school teachers in various expenses.
- vi. Promote Pass rate increase.

- vii. Facilitate training to both Education Officers and primary school teachers on sports.
- viii. Support adult education festival.
 - ix. Improve working environment to adult education staff.
 - x. Promote sports, games and cultural activities.
 - xi. Monitor and evaluate sector performance.

2.2.4.1 Primary education staffing level

The department has 8 staff members, 26 Ward Education Officers and 757 Primary school teachers.

Table 12: CDC Primary education staffing level

| | POSITION | REQUI | AVAILA | DEFI | |
|-----------|---------------------------|-------|--------|------|--|
| | TOSITION | RED | BLE | CIT | |
| | DISTRICT PRIMARY | 1 | 1 | 0 | |
| | EDUCATION OFFICER | 1 | 1 | U | |
| | DISTRICT ACADEMIC OFFICER | 2 | 2 | 0 | |
| | STATISTICS AND LOGISTICS | 2 | 3 | 0 | |
| | OFFICER | 2 | 3 | 0 | |
| PRIMARY | SPECIAL NEEDS EDUCATION | 1 | 0 | 1 | |
| EDUCATION | OFFICER | 1 | U | 1 | |
| | ADULT EDUCATION OFFICER | 5 | 1 | 4 | |
| | CULTURE AND SPORTS | 2 | 1 | 1 | |
| | WARD EDUCATION OFFICERS | 26 | 25 | 1 | |
| | TEACHERS | 1565 | 765 | 799 | |
| | TOTAL | 1682 | 1426 | 260 | |

Source: CDC Primary Education Department, (2021).

2.2.4.2 Number of Primary school and enrollment

Chemba District Council has total of 103 government primary schools and 1 private school with a total of 70,408 pupils of which 34286 being boys and 36122 being girls in government schools. While, in private schools the total enrollment is 48 pupils of which 23 being boys and 25 being girls. Also, in pre-primary the total enrollment is 7521 pupils where by 3653 being boys and 3868 being girls. Similarly, the CDC has 6 centers for COBET pupils with 353 pupils, among them196 are males and 157 are females.

Table 13: CDC Number of primary school and enrollment

| CDC Primary School | Number of Pupils | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|-------|-------|--|--|--|
| CDC Tilliary School | Boys | Girls | Total | | | |
| Government | 34286 | 36122 | 70408 | | | |
| Private | 23 | 25 | 48 | | | |
| Total | 34309 | 36147 | 70456 | | | |

Source: CDC Primary Education Department (2021).

2.2.4.3 Availability of teachers

The Chemba district primary school education department has 757 number of government teachers, attached in different ward within the district. Also, the department has 8 members of staff, 5 being female and 3 male located at the district headquarter.

Table 14: Availability of Teachers and their levels of education

| EDUCATION OFFICIALS | | TEACHERS | SEX | TEACHERS LEVEL OF EDUCATION | | | F | GRAND TOTAL | |
|------------------------|----|-----------|------|--------------------------------|------------|-------------|---------|----------------|--|
| | | | | | GRADE II B | GRADE III A | DIPLOMA | DEGREE | |
| REQUIRED | 12 | REQUIRED | 1647 | Male | 2 | 378 | 90 | 25 | |
| AVAILABLE | 8 | AVAILABLE | 757 | Female | 2 | 200 | 46 | 14 | |
| DEFICITY | 4 | DEFICITY | 890 | Total | 4 | 578 | 136 | 39 | |

Source: CDC Primary Education Department (2021).

2.2.4.4 Primary School Education Performance

The performance of national standard seven examinations in the past five years has been increasing significantly as shown in Table 13 below:

Table 15: Primary School Education Performance

| YE AR | REG | ISTER | ED | EXA | MINE | D | ABS | ENTE | ES | PAS | S | | FAIL | | | % OF |
|----------|------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|------|----------|-------|------|-------|------|----------|
| | BOYS | GIRLS | TOTAL | BOYS | GIRLS | TOTAL | BOYS | GIRLS | TOTAL | BOYS | GIRLS | TOTAL | BOYS | GIRLS | TOT | PA SS |
| 2017 | 2082 | 3057 | 5139 | 2053 | 3030 | 5083 | 30 | 97 | 99 | 1097 | 1546 | 2643 | 922 | 1485 | 2440 | 52.06 |
| 2018 | 2334 | 3025 | 5359 | 2202 | 2956 | 5158 | 132 | 69 | 201 | 871 | 1076 | 1947 | 1331 | 1009 | 2340 | 37.8 |
| 2019 | 2157 | 2954 | 5111 | 2068 | 2912 | 158 | 516 | 158 | 674 | 1113 | 1714 | 2827 | 955 | 8611 | 2153 | 57 |
| 2020 | 2417 | 2857 | 5274 | 2361 | 2838 | 5199 | 56 | 19 | 75 | 1401 | 1768 | 3169 | 0906 | 1070 | 2030 | 6.09 |
| 2021 | 2030 | 3111 | 5141 | 2229 | 3069 | 5298 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1602 | 2202 | 3804 | 627 | 298 | 1494 | 71.8 |

Source: CDC Primary Education Department (2021).

2.2.4.5 Primary Education Infrastructures

Chemba DC has total of 766 classrooms (46%), 322 teachers houses (23%) ,1049 pit latrines (38%), 14011 Desks (67.3%), as well as 237 teachers offices (59.1%),842 Tables (47%),842 chairs (47%) and 322 cupboards.

Table 16: CDC Pre-Primary and Primary School's infrastructures

| Description | Required | Available | Deficit |
|------------------------|----------|-----------|---------|
| PRE-PRIMARY | | | |
| Class rooms | 104 | 5 | 99 |
| Teachers houses | 104 | 0 | 0 |
| Permanent pit latrines | 340 | 4 | 296 |
| Stores | 104 | 2 | 102 |
| Teachers offices | 104 | 1 | 103 |

| Description | Required | Available | Deficit |
|--------------------------------|----------|-----------|---------|
| PRIMARY SCHOOL | | | |
| Class rooms | 1539 | 766 | 773 |
| Teachers houses | 1392 | 322 | 1070 |
| Permanent pit latrines (Boys) | 1371 | 520 | 851 |
| Permanent pit latrines (Girls) | 1806 | 525 | 1281 |
| Desks | 20802 | 14011 | 6791 |
| Teachers offices | 401 | 237 | 164 |
| Library | 104 | 0 | 104 |
| Workshop | 104 | 0 | 104 |
| Counseling rooms | 104 | 0 | 104 |
| Stores | 104 | 25 | 79 |
| Table | 1788 | 842 | 946 |
| Chairs | 1788 | 842 | 946 |
| Cupboards | 1330 | 322 | 985 |
| Shelf | 1330 | 322 | 985 |

Source: CDC Primary Education Department, (2021).

2.2.4.6 Challenges

Primary school education sector is constrained by number of challenges including:- shortage of primary teachers, shortage of classrooms, desks, pit latrines chair 'tables', shelves', cupboard and Other school infrastructure.

2.2.4.7 Critical Issue

The major critical issues under primary education include:- current book ratio-1:5 thus more funds are needed in order to arrest the situation to ratio of 1:1

The shortage of primary teachers in the district which has been caused by increase in pupils' enrolment and death of teachers caused by HIV aids and other pandemic disease (PTR. 1:108)

The problem of desks still exist in many schools as indicated in table 2.2.4.5

2.2.5 Secondary Education Department

2.2.5 Secondary Education Department

Secondary Education Department is one among thirteen departments in Chemba District Council. It was established in the year 2009 following reformation of Education Sector to LGAs after effective deposition of decentralization by devolution policy into action. The Secondary Education

Department is headed by District Secondary Education Officer (DEOS), and assisted with District Academic Officer (DAOS), Statistics and Logistics Officer SLOS as well as Ward Education Officers co-coordinating Secondary Schools found in their areas of jurisdiction. The core functions of Secondary Education Department include:-

- ✓ Routine management and administration of provision of secondary education.
- ✓ Supervise and manage secondary education academic performance.
- ✓ Organize and manage local and national examinations.
- ✓ Correct, organize, analyze and submit secondary education data required at district, regional and national level.
- ✓ Planning, organizing, distributing and managing education resources.
- ✓ Enhance secondary school teachers' career advancement.
- ✓ Conduct and supervise Secondary sports and games (UMISSETA).
- ✓ Ensure students are protected and preserved as per government regulations.
- ✓ Ensures follow-up of all cross-cutting issues to students and teachers (i.e HIV-AIDS, environmental issues, good governances etc).
- ✓ Perform all other activities as will be assigned by District Executive Director and other regulatory bodies.

2.2.5.1 Secondary School staffing level

CDC secondary school department has a total of **254** staff located at the district headquarter and in different secondary schools. The council is having **1** District Education Officer, **1** District Academic Officer and **1** Statistics and Logistics Officer located at district headquarter. Also, the CDC secondary school department has **251** teachers among them **95** are science and **156** are arts subjects. However, the council is experiencing surplus of **0** arts subject teachers and shortage of **34** science teachers.

Table 17: CDC Secondary School staffing level

| | | UMB SCIE | NCE | | NUMBER OF ARTS TEACHERS | | | TOTAL TEACHERS IN THE DISTRICT | | | | |
|-------------------|----------|-------------|----------|---------|----------------------------|-----------|----------|--------------------------------|----------|-----------|------------|---------|
| NAME OF SCHOOL | REQUIRED | AVAILABLE | SHORTAGE | SURPLUS | REQUIRED | AVAILABLE | SHORTAGE | SURPLUS | REQUIRED | AVAILABLE | SHORTAGE | SURPLUS |
| CHANDAMA | 5 | 5 | 0 | | 6 | 8 | -2 | | 11 | 12 | - 1 | |
| СНЕМВА | 5 | 5 | 0 | | 6 | 7.5 | - 1.5 | | 11 | 13 | -2 | |
| DALAI | 5 | 2 | 3 | | 6 | 10. 5 | - 4.5 | | 11 | 13 | -2 | |
| FARKWA | 5 | 3 | 2 | | 8 | 10 | -2 | | 13 | 13 | 0 | |
| GOIMA | 5 | 1 | 4 | | 8 | 7.5 | 0.5 | | 13 | 11 | 2 | |
| GWANDI | 5 | 4 | 1 | | 6 | 9 | -3 | | 11 | 12 | -1 | |
| ITOLWA | 5 | 4 | 1 | | 6 | 6 | 0 | | 11 | 10 | 1 | |
| JANGALO | 5 | 2 | 3 | | 6 | 6.5 | - 0.5 | | 11 | 8 | 3 | |
| KELEMA BALAI | 5 | 4 | 1 | | 6 | 9 | -3 | | 11 | 12 | -1 | |
| KIMAHA | 5 | 5 | 0 | | 6 | 5.5 | 0.5 | | 11 | 12 | -1 | |
| KWAMTORO | 5 | 5 | 0 | | 6 | 4 | 2 | | 11 | 9 | 2 | |
| LALTA | 5 | 4 | 1 | | 6 | 6.5 | - 0.5 | | 11 | 10 | 1 | |
| MAKORONGO | 5 | 5 | 0 | | 6 | 6.5 | - 0.5 | | 11 | 8 | 3 | |
| MONDO | 10 | 9 | 1 | | 11 | 8.5 | 2.5 | | 21 | 16 | 5 | |
| MPENDO | 5 | 2 | 3 | | 6 | 7 | -1 | | 11 | 10 | 1 | |
| MRIJO | 10 | 8 | 2 | | 11 | 9 | 2 | | 21 | 16 | 5 | |
| MSAADA | 5 | 2 | 3 | | 8 | 4.5 | 3.5 | | 13 | 7 | 6 | |
| MSAKWALO | 9 | 4 | 5 | | 11 | 10 | 1 | | 20 | 13 | 7 | |
| PARANGA | 5 | 5 | 0 | | 6 | 7 | -1 | | 11 | 11 | 0 | |
| SANZAWA | 5 | 4 | 1 | | 8 | 4 | 4 | | 13 | 9 | 4 | |
| SONGOLO | 5 | 5 | 0 | | 6 | 8 | -2 | | 11 | 12 | -1 | |
| SOYA | 10 | 7 | 3 | | 13 | 8.5 | 4.5 | | 23 | 14 | 9 | |
| TOTAL | 12 9 | 95 | 34 | | 16 2 | 163 | -1 | | 29 1 | 25 1 | 40 | |

Source: CDC Secondary Education Department, (2021).

2.2.5.2 Non-Teaching Staff

Chemba DC secondary school education department has a total of 2 supporting staff with different level of education and qualification

Table 18: CDC Non-Teaching Staff

| SN | CATEGORY | REQUIRED | AVAILABLE | SHORTAGE |
|-------|-----------------|----------|-----------|----------|
| 1 | Accountants | 22 | 0 | 22 |
| 2 | Storekeepers | 22 | 0 | 22 |
| 3 | Nurses | 22 | 0 | 22 |
| 4 | Drivers | 22 | 0 | 22 |
| 5 | Security | 66 | 0 | 66 |
| 6 | Lab Technicians | 22 | 2 | 20 |
| 7 | Cooks | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| 8 | Secretary | 22 | 0 | 22 |
| 9 | Registry | 22 | 0 | 22 |
| Total | | 226 | 2 | 224 |

Source: CDC Secondary Education Department, (2021).

2.2.5.3 Number of Secondary Schools

Chemba District Council has a total number of **20** ordinary level secondary schools (form I-IV), **19** being government schools and **1** private school. Also, CDC has **3** advanced secondary schools (form I-VI) **all** being government schools.

Table 19: CDC Number of Secondary Schools

| Level | Government | Private | Total |
|-----------|------------|---------|-------|
| O - level | 19 | 1 | 20 |
| A - level | 3 | 0 | 3 |

Source: CDC Secondary Education Department, (2021).

2.2.5.4 Students Enrolment

The Chemba district council currently has a total number of **9,077** students among them **8,525** are for public schools with **3,704** being boys and **4,821** being girls while **166** for private secondary schools with **84** being boys and **82** being girls. Also, the Chemba district council has a total of **386** A – level students of which **296** are boys and **90** are girls.

Table 20: CDC Students enrolled in Secondary Schools

| | Number of students | | | | | | | | |
|------------|--------------------|-----------|----------|----------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | 2016/2017 | | | | | | | |
| Owner | O' Level | A' Level | O' Level | A' Level | | | | | |
| | Bo |) VS | Gi | rls | Total | | | | |
| Government | 3,704 | 296 | 4,821 | 90 | 8,911 | | | | |
| | , | 290 | | 90 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | |
| Private | 84 | | 82 | | 166 | | | | |
| Total | 3,788 | 296 | 4,903 | 90 | 9,077 | | | | |

Source: CDC Secondary Education Department, (2021).

2.2.5.5 Secondary School Infrastructures

Recently CDC has 279 classrooms, 84 teachers' houses, 1 Libraries, 14 laboratories and 11 administration blocks. Also, there are 4 hostels, 7 dormitories, 46 teachers pit latrines, 239 students pit latrines as well as 7 kitchen. However, there is deficit in terms of school infrastructure pointed above as indicated in Table 21.

Table 21: CDC Secondary School Infrastructures

| Item | | Required | Available | Shortage |
|------------------|--------|----------|-----------|----------|
| Classrooms | | 215 | 279 | 0 |
| Laboratories | | 66 | 14 | 52 |
| Admin. Blocks | | 22 | 11 | 11 |
| Teachers' houses | | 287 | 84 | 203 |
| Library | | 22 | 1 | 21 |
| Pit Latrines | Male | 26 | 26 | 0 |
| Teachers | Female | 20 | 20 | 0 |
| Pit Latrines | Male | 163 | 112 | 51 |
| Students | Female | 250 | 127 | 123 |
| Stores | | 22 | 3 | 19 |
| Dining Hall | | 22 | 2 | 20 |
| Hostels | Male | 23 | 0 | 23 |
| | Female | 23 | 4 | 19 |
| Dormitories | Male | 32 | 4 | 28 |
| | Female | 32 | 3 | 29 |

Source: CDC Secondary Education Department, (2021).

2.2.5.6 Secondary Schools Furniture's and Facilities

CDC Secondary School Department is well resourced with various furniture and facilities in its secondary schools. Currently the district has **5,251** students' chairs, **4,802** students' tables as well as **198** teachers' chairs, and **37** strong rooms. Similarly, there are 00 shelves, 433 laboratory stools, 169 laboratory tables, 367 beds (deckers) as well as 734 mattress and 245 benches. Also, the

department experience shortage of various furniture and facilities to different secondary schools available in the district.

Table 22: CDC Secondary Schools Furniture's and Facilities

| TYPE OF FURNITURE | Required | Available | Shortage |
|-------------------|----------|-----------|----------|
| Students Chairs | 8,525 | 5,251 | 3,274 |
| Students tables | 8,525 | 4,802 | 3,723 |
| Teachers chairs | 260 | 198 | 61 |
| Strong rooms | 44 | 37 | 7 |
| Shelves | 2,270 | 0 | 2,270 |
| Laboratory stools | 1,015 | 433 | 582 |
| Laboratory tables | 330 | 169 | 161 |
| Beds (deckers) | 680 | 367 | 313 |
| Mattresses | 1,360 | 734 | 626 |
| Benches | 454 | 245 | 209 |

Source: CDC Secondary Education Department, (2021).

2.2.5.7 Availability of Books in Secondary Schools

The student book ratio is 1:2 in Science subjects and 1:3 in Arts Subjects.

Table 23: CDC Book-Students Ratio in Secondary Schools

| School name | Science Books (ratio) | Arts Books (ratio) |
|--------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| CHANDAMA | 1:2 | 1:3 |
| CHEMBA | 1:2 | 1:3 |
| DALAI | 1:2 | 1:3 |
| FARKWA | 1:2 | 1:3 |
| GOIMA | 1:2 | 1:3 |
| GWANDI | 1:2 | 1:3 |
| ITOLWA | 1:2 | 1:3 |
| JANGALO | 1:2 | 1:3 |
| KELEMA BALAI | 1:2 | 1:3 |
| KIMAHA | 1:2 | 1:3 |
| KWAMTORO | 1:2 | 1:3 |
| LALTA | 1:2 | 1:3 |
| MAKORONGO | 1:2 | 1:3 |
| MONDO | 1:2 | 1:3 |
| MPENDO | 1:2 | 1:3 |
| MRIJO | 1:2 | 1:3 |
| MSAADA | 1:2 | 1:3 |
| MSAKWALO | 1:2 | 1:3 |
| PARANGA | 1:2 | 1:3 |
| SANZAWA | 1:2 | 1:3 |
| SONGOLO | 1:2 | 1:3 |
| SOYA | 1:2 | 1:3 |

Source: CDC Secondary Education Department, (2021).

2.2.5.8 Academic Performance

Chemba district council is now experiencing **79.5**% pass rate despite of **90**% national rate for form IV; **92**% pass rate for form II despite of **100**% national rate and **96**% form VI despite of **100**% national rate.

Table 24: CDC Form four examination results from 2018-2020

| Year Number | | Number of | |] | Divisior | 1 | | % of Pass |
|-------------|------------|------------|----|-----|----------|-------|-----|-----------|
| | of Schools | Candidates | I | II | III | IV | 0 | Rate |
| 2018 | 23 | 818 | 1 | 28 | 83 | 453 | 253 | 69 |
| 2019 | 23 | 1,101 | 16 | 50 | 128 | 604 | 306 | 72 |
| 2020 | 23 | 1,410 | 29 | 87 | 165 | 840 | 289 | 79.5 |
| TOTAL | | 3,329 | 46 | 165 | 376 | 1,897 | 848 | 73.5 |

Source: CDC Secondary Education Department, (2021).

Table 25: CDC Form six examination results from 2019-2021

| | Number | umber Number of DIVISION | | | | | | | |
|------|---------------|--------------------------|----|-----|-----|----|----|-------|----------------------|
| Year | of Schools | Candidates | I | II | III | IV | 0 | TOTAL | Overall Pass Rate |
| 2019 | 4 | 297 | 17 | 92 | 156 | 20 | 12 | 285 | 96 |
| 2020 | 2 | 124 | 17 | 66 | 34 | 5 | 2 | 124 | 98 |
| 2021 | 3 | 157 | 46 | 79 | 31 | 1 | 0 | 157 | 100 |
| T | OTAL | 578 | 80 | 237 | 221 | 26 | 14 | 566 | 98 |

Source: CDC Secondary Education Department, (2021).

2.2.5.9 Dropout rate

CDC has been experiencing students' dropout all over its available secondary schools. The cause of the dropout is due to movement of the pastoralist community.

Table 26: CDC Secondary School Students Dropout Trend

| CLASS | MALE | FEMALE | TOTAL |
|----------|------|--------|-------|
| FORM I | - | - | - |
| FORM II | - | - | - |
| FORM III | - | - | - |
| FORM IV | 4 | 4 | 8 |
| TOTAL | 4 | 4 | 8 |

Source: CDC Secondary Education Department, (2021)

2.2.5.10 Challenges

The Chemba District Council secondary school department faces number of challenges including; lack of transportation facility to support follow-up and

monitoring, insufficient fund due to limited budget ceiling, understaffing of teachers especially for science subjects, english language and supporting staff as well.

2.2.5.11 Critical Issues

The major critical issues of secondary school education are:-

- ➤ Insufficient school infrastructure due to the fact that most schools are half-built; viz Table 19: CDC secondary school infrastructure.
- ➤ Most students are traversing long distances to and from schools because 6 out of 26 Wards in Chemba district do not have secondary schools.
- ➤ Lower level in sense of ownership from among the community members that would motivate them towards contribution and support for their kids' academic performance.

2.2.6 Health Department

Health department is among the 13 departments of Chemba District Council. The core functions of Health and social welfare department are prevention, curative and rehabilitation preventive. Furthermore, the department deals with supervising, distribution, Teaching health providers and community. The health department operate its core function through 13 main sections namely; Health commodities, Reproductive Maternal Newborn Child and Adolescent Health, Communicable diseases and Priority Neglected Tropical Diseases and Zoonoses Control, Non communicable Diseases, Nutrition, Environmental Health and Sanitation, Strengthen Social welfare and social Protection Services, Strengthen Human Resources for Health Management Capacity for Improved health services delivery, Strengthen Organization structure and Institutional Management at all levels, Emergency Preparedness and Response, Traditional medicine and alternative healing ,Construction, Rehabilitation and Planned Preventive Maintenance of physical Infrastructure of Health facilities and staff houses and Community Health Systems.

2.2.6.1 Human Resources for Health and Social Welfare

The department is headed by District Medical Officer with the help of Council Health Management Team (CHMT). The health department has a total of 176 staff in different caders.

Table 27: CDC Health Department staffing level

| S/N | POSITION | REQUIRED | AVAILABLE | DEFICIT |
|-----|---------------------------|----------|-----------|---------|
| 1 | Medical Officers | 12 | 9 | 3 |
| 2 | Assistant medical officer | 6 | 2 | 2 |
| 3 | Technologists | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| | (Radiographer) | | | |
| 4 | Clinical Officers | 96 | 42 | 14 |
| 5 | Assistant Nursing | 48 | 16 | 32 |
| | Officers | | | |
| 6 | Nurses | 78 | 43 | 49 |
| 7 | Ophthalmic Nursing | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| | Officers | | | |
| 8 | Medical Recorder | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| 9 | Optometrist | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| 10 | Medical Attendants | 48 | 37 | 26 |
| 11 | Health laboratory | 6 | 4 | 6 |
| | Technologists | | | |
| 12 | Pharmaceutical | 6 | 3 | 5 |
| | Technologists | | | |
| 13 | Assistant Pharmaceutical | 6 | 1 | 5 |
| | Technologists | | | |
| 14 | Assistant Dental Officers | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| 15 | Dental Therapist | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| 16 | Assistant Social Welfare | 8 | 2 | 6 |
| | Officers | | | |
| 17 | Welfare Assistant | 26 | 0 | 6 |
| 18 | Community Health | | | |
| 19 | Assistant Environmental | 6 | 3 | 6 |
| | Health Officers | | | |
| 20 | Dobi | 16 | 16 | 0 |
| 21 | Security Guard | 38 | 0 | 6 |
| 22 | Data Clerk | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| 23 | Mortuary attendants | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| 24 | Revenue Collector | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| 25 | Health Insurance Expert | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| 26 | Assistant Accountants | 6 | 5 | 1 |
| | Total | 304 | 116 | 210 |

Source: CDC DMOs Office (2020).

Table 28: CDC Dispensaries existing staff

| S/N | POSITION | REQUIRED | AVAILABLE | DEFICIT |
|-----|--------------------|----------|-----------|---------|
| 1 | Clinical Officers | 96 | 13 | 83 |
| 2 | Assistant Nursing | 144 | 4 | 140 |
| | Officers | | | |
| 3 | Nurses | 196 | 50 | 142 |
| 4 | Pharmaceutical | 48 | 48 | 0 |
| | Technologists | | | |
| 5 | Medical Attendants | 48 | 38 | 10 |
| 6 | Community Health | 96 | 48 | 48 |
| | Worker/Social | | | |
| 7 | Security Guard | 96 | 48 | 48 |
| 8 | Revenue Collector | 48 | 48 | 0 |
| 9 | Health Insurance | 48 | 48 | 0 |
| | Expert | | | |
| 10 | Assistant | 48 | 48 | 0 |
| | Accountants | | | |
| 11 | data clerk | 48 | 48 | 0 |
| | Total | 916 | 441 | 471 |

Source: CDC DMOs Office (2020).

Table 29: CDC Headquarter existing staff

| S/N | POSITION | REQUIRED | AVAILABLE | DEFICIT |
|-----|------------------------|----------|-----------|---------|
| 1 | Pharmacist | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | Ass Pharmacist | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | Health secretaries | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| 4 | Environmental health | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| | officer | | | |
| 5 | Laboratory | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| | Techinician | | | |
| 6 | Ass Laboratory | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| | techinician | | | |
| 7 | Environmental health | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| | ass | | | |
| 8 | Social welfare officer | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| 9 | Nurses | 4 | 4 | 0 |
| | Total | 22 | 17 | 5 |

Source: CDC DMOs Office (2021).

2.2.6.2 CHMT Members

The Chemba Ditrict Council has 22 Council Health Management Team (CHMT) members namely; District Medial officer (DMO), District Health Secretary (DHS), Health Secretary (HS), District Health Officer (DHO), District

Nursing Officer (DNO), District Pharmacist (DPHARM), District Reproductive Care and Health Coordinator (DRCHCO), District Laboratory Technician (DLT), District Social Welfare Officer (DSWO), District Nutrition Officer (DnuO), District AIDS Control Coordinator (DACC), District Dental Officer (DDO), District TB and Leprosy Coordinator (DTLC), District Immunization and Vaccination Officer (DIVO), District Vector Control Coordinator (DVCCO), Neglected Tropical Disease Focal Person (NTD-FP), Community Based Health Promotion Services (CBHPS), District Malaria IMCI and Focal Person (DMI FP), Community Health Based Care Focal Person (CHBC FP), Big Results Now Focal Person (BRN-FP), Quality Improvement Focal Person (QI-FP), Primary Health Develpment Services Program-Focal Person (PHDSP-FP).

2.2.6.3 Health Facilities in the Council

The department has 44 health facilities in the categories of 1-District Hospital, 4 health centres and 39 Dispensaries (2-private, 33 government and 4-faith based). According to the National policy, each village must have 1 dispensary, each ward must have 1 health center and a district must have 1 hospital. However, the council has a total of 114 villages whereby only 33 villages have dispensaries while 77 villages are missing dispensaries. Moreover, there are 26 wards in the council out of which only 4 wards have health centers making deficit of 22 health centers. The district has a strategic plan to extend new buildings. The council has planned to rehabilitate 1 Health centers to strength CEmONC services in the year 2022/23.

Table 30: CDC Health facilities and type of ownership

| Type of heath | Number of health | Number of health facility by type of ownership | | | | | | | |
|---------------|------------------|--|---------|------------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| facilities | Government | FBO | Private | Parastatal | Total | | | | |
| Hospital | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | | | |
| Health centre | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | | | | |
| Dispensary | 33 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 39 | | | | |
| Total | 38 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 44 | | | | |

Source: CDC DHIS 2(2021).

Table 31: CDC Existing Health Facilities

| Туре | Requirement | Available | Deficit |
|-------------------|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Dispensary | 114 | 33 | 77 |
| Health centre | 26 | 4 | 22 |
| District Hospital | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Total | 141 | 38 | 99 |

Source: CDC DHIS 2(2021).

2.2.6.4 Status and Condition of the District Health Facilities

Table 32: Status and Condition of the District Health Facilities

| PHYSICAL STATE | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Facilities | No. of existing health facilities | Good condition | No. Need Major Repair/replacement | No. need Minor Repair | | | | | | | |
| Hospitals | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| Health Centre | 4 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| Dispensaries | 33 | 23 | 13 | 10 | | | | | | | |
| Total Facilities | 38 | 25 | 14 | 10 | | | | | | | |

Source: CDC DHIS 2, (2021).

2.2.6.5 Chemba DC Major Epidemic Diseases

CDC is critically affected by top ten epidemic diseases that threaten the community of different ages in the area as shown in Table 33.

Table 331: CDC OPD Top-Ten Diseases/Diagnosis in the Council as per Outpatient attendance registers.

| | Diagnosis | < 5 years | | | | 5+ years | | | |
|--------------|---|-----------|---|-------|------------------------------|----------|---|-------|----------------|
| S/N 1 | Acute Respiratory Infection | M | F | Fotal | % of OP D Cas es | M | F | Total | % of OPD cases |
| | (ARI) | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Malaria | | | | 9 | | | | 9 |
| 3 | Oral diseases | | | | 6 | | | | 6 |
| 4 | HIV/AIDS | | | | 5 | | | | 5 |
| 5 | Skin diseases | | | | 12.5 | | | | 12.5 |
| 6 | Tuberculosis (TB) | | | | 1.15 | | | | 1.15 |
| 7 | Sexual Transition Infections (STI) | | | | 7.5 | | | | 7.5 |
| 8 | Intestinal worms | | | | 6 | | | | 6 |
| 9 | Anemia | | | | 1.2 | | | | 1.2 |
| 10 | Pneumonia | | | | 11.2 | | | | 11.2 |
| | Total | | | | | | | | |

Source: CDC DMOs Office, (2020)

2.2.6.6 CDC Inpatient attended and served

Table 34: CDC Inpatient Top Ten Diseases/Diagnosis in Council

| S/N | Diagnosis | < 5 years | | Diagnosis | 5+ years | | CFR |
|-----|---|-----------|-------|---|-----------|------|------|
| | | Admission | Death | | Admission | Deat | in % |
| 1 | Acute Respiratory Infection (ARI) | 19.2 | | Acute Respiratory Infection (ARI) | 19.2 | h | |
| 2 | Malaria | 9 | | Malaria | 9 | | |
| 3 | Oral diseases | 6 | | Oral diseases | 6 | | |
| 4 | HIV/AIDS | 5 | | HIV/AIDS | 5 | | |
| 5 | Skin diseases | 12.5 | | Skin diseases | 12.5 | | |
| 6 | Tuberculosis (TB) | 1.15 | | Tuberculosis (TB) | 1.15 | | |
| 7 | Sexual Transition Infections (STI) | 7.5 | | Sexual Transition Infections (STI) | 7.5 | | |
| 8 | Intestinal worms | 6 | | Intestinal worms | 6 | | |
| 9 | Anemia | 1.2 | | Anemia | 1.2 | | |
| 10 | Pneumonia | 11.2 | | Pneumonia | 11.2 | | |

Source: DMOs Office, DHIS2 (2020).

2.2.6.7 Immunization coverage

(EXPLAIN THE SITUATION OF IMMUNIZATION IN CHEMBA DISTRICT COUNCIL)

Table 35: CDC Immunization Trend

| Penta | Vaccinated | % |
|-------|------------|----|
| 1 | 10468 | 92 |
| 2 | 10110 | 89 |
| 3 | 11152 | 97 |

Source: CDC DMOs Office, (2020)

2.2.6.8 Maternal and Neonatal death in year 2020

(PRESENT THE CURRENT STATE ABOUT THIS ASPECT)

Table36: CDC Neonatal, under five, infant and maternal death

| Neonatal death | Infant death | Under five death | Maternal death |
|----------------|--------------|------------------|----------------|
| 3 | 4 | 4 | 3 |

Source: CDC DMOs Office, (2020)

2.2.6.9 HIV/AIDS and TB

(EXPLAIN THE STATUS OF HIV AND TB IN CHEMBA DISTRICT COUNCIL)

TB cases notified for the year 2020 was 156 TB cases

2.2.6.10 Availability of Health Supporting Materials

Table 37: Health Services Supporting Materials

| Health | REC | UIRE | D | | AVA | ILAB | LE | | SHO | RTAG | E | |
|---------------|-----|-----------|----------|--------------|-----|-----------|----------|--------------|-----|-----------|----------|--------------|
| facilities | | ı | ı | | | ı | | | | ı | | |
| | Bed | Bed sheet | Mattress | Delivery bed | Bed | Bed sheet | Mattress | Delivery bed | Bed | Bed sheet | Mattress | Delivery bed |
| Hospital | 200 | 800 | 200 | 6 | 31 | 45 | 28 | 2 | 755 | | 172 | 4 |
| Health centre | 150 | 600 | 150 | 24 | 105 | 200 | 105 | 18 | 45 | 400 | 45 | 6 |
| Dispensary | 132 | 528 | 132 | 66 | 125 | 250 | 125 | 47 | 7 | 278 | 7 | 19 |

Source: CDC / DHIS2 / DMOs Office (2020)

2.2.6.11 Environmental Health and Sanitation

Table 38: Number of Households Inspected

| No of | Households | | Type of toilet | | | | |
|----------------|------------|--------|----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| House holds | inspected | Type A | Type B | Type C | Type D | Type E | Type X |
| 58128 | 58128 | 31168 | 23045 | 221 | 1351 | 2378 | 0 |

Source: CDC DMOs Office, (2020).

Key:

Type A: Traditional toilet (pit latrine)

Type B: Improved pit latrine

Type C: Toilet with pipe

Type D: Flashing system toilet

Type E: Ecology toilet

Type X: No toilet

Table 39: CDC Hotel inspection and Food vendor's inspection

| Business type | Inspected | Registered by TFDA | Medical Examination |
|-------------------|-----------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Bar/grocery | | | |
| Food vendors | | | |
| Hotel | | | |
| Restaurant | | | |
| Saloon | | | |
| Food processing | | | |
| industries | | | |
| Slaughter | | | |
| Local brews clubs | | | |
| Whole sale shops | | | |
| Retail shop shops | | | |
| Pharmacy/ADDO | 20 | 10 | |
| Cosmetics | | | |
| Supermarket | | | |
| Butchers | | | |
| Milling machines | | | |
| Total | | | |

Source: CDC DMOs Office, (2020)

2.2.6.12 Key partners and their area of operation

Table 40: CDC Partners and their area of operation

| Agency/Partner | Program/Activity | Areas of Operation |
|------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| name | | |
| Benjamin Mkapa | Improving RMNCH | Community based |
| Foundation (BMF) | | Human resource for health. |
| World Vision | Nutrition | Community and Facillity. |
| Tanzania (WVT) | Improving RMNCH | |
| Counsenuth | Nutrition | Community and Facility. |
| Marie stopes | Familly Planning | Facillity |
| Kongwa Trachoma | Trachoma and Eye care. | Community and Facillity |
| Project (KTP) | | |
| NACOPHA | HIV/AIDS | Community and Facillity |

Source: CDC DMO Office, (2020).

2.2.6.13 Challenges

The Chemba district council health department faces a number of challenges which hinder the effective deliver of quality services to the community. The following are among the challenges:-

- ✓ Limited budget allocation
- ✓ Unreliable transport facilities
- ✓ Inadequate medical supplies and equipments in health facilities
- ✓ Shortage of health skilled staff by 58%
- ✓ High prevalence rate of HIV/AIDS by 9.1%

Water Department

2.2.8 Agriculture, Irrigation and Cooperative Department

Agriculture, Irrigation and Cooperative Department is among the 13 departments of Chemba District Council. It was established in 2011 after the separation of the Agriculture, Cooperative and Livestock Development Department as per Prime Minister's directives. Its core functions include; provide extension services to farmers, facilitate availability of input supply, conduct and organize campaigns against disease, pests and vermin, make sure that farmers and extension workers comply to the Laws, Guidelines, Policies and directives from the Government and Council as well as conduct researches in collaboration with Agricultural Research institutions and disseminate the results to farmers.

2.2.8.1 Agriculture Department staffing level

Currently, the department has **27** staff which serves 26 wards and 114 villages. The distribution of staff includes **4**staff at Headquarter and 19 staff they are at ward level as well as 4 at the village level.

Table 41: CDC Agriculture Department staffing level

| NA | Professional | Required | Available | Deficit | Work |
|------|-----------------------------|----------|-----------|---------|-------|
| | | | | | place |
| 1 | Agricultural Officers | 6 | 3 | 3 | |
| 2 | Irrigation Engineers | 1 | 1 | 0 | |
| 3 | Cooperative Officers | 5 | 1 | 4 | |
| 4 | Agro mechanization Officers | 1 | 0 | 1 | |
| 5 | Agricultural Economists | 1 | 0 | 1 | |
| 6 | Agricultural Field Officers | 140 | 21 | 117 | |
| 7 | Horticulturists | 1 | 1 | 0 | |
| Tota | 1 | 153 | 27 | 126 | |

Source: CDC Agricultural Department, (2021).

2.2.8.2 Land for agriculture

Chemba DC comprises a total area of **765,300Ha**of which available land for cultivation is 554,400Ha (76% of total land area) and area under Cultivation

is152, 495Ha (27.5% of total arable land), suitable land for irrigation is about **4217Ha** and area under irrigation is **221 Ha**. (5.2% of total suitable land). The Council population is 235,711 (Census 2012) while the total number of farmers is 94,284 (40% of total population).

2.2.8.3 Crop Production

The produced food crops includes; Maize, Sorghum and Millet while Cash crops include Sunflower, Sesame, andPeas. Also, the district produces Horticultural crops such as Tomato, Okra, Hot pepper, Watermelon and a number of green vegetables.

Table 42: CDC Crop production

| S/N | Type of crop | Area | Productivity | Estimated | Actual | |
|-----|---------------------|-------|--------------|------------|------------|--|
| | produced | (ha) | (tones/ha) | production | production | |
| | | | | (tones) | (Tons) | |
| | Food crops | | | | | |
| 1 | Maize | 56251 | 1.5 | 84,376 | | |
| 2 | Sorghum | 14582 | 1.0 | 14,582 | | |
| 3 | Millet | 11581 | 1.0 | 11,581 | | |
| 4 | Cassava | 2277 | 4.0 | 9,108 | | |
| | Sweet | | | | | |
| 5 | Potatoes | 1600 | 4.0 | 6,400 | | |
| | Cash crops | | | | | |
| 1 | Sesame | 10849 | 0.8 | 8,679 | | |
| 2 | Sunflower | 33659 | 0.8 | 26,927 | | |
| 3 | Peas | 19834 | 2.0 | 39,668 | | |
| | Horticultural crops | | | | | |
| 1 | Tomato | 243 | 3.0 | 729 | | |
| 2 | Watermelon | 639 | 4.0 | 2,556 | | |

Source: CDC Agriculture Department, (2021).

2.2.8.4 Implements for agriculture

Chemba district council has 94,284 hand hoe accounts for 65% of the implement used by farmer within CDC.It has **71** Power tillers equal 25% of the requirements and **429** tractors equal to 40%. Also, Chemba DC has **432** milling machines account for 56% of the requirements.

Table 43: CDC Agricultural Implements

| Type of implement | Number available | % of utilization |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Tractors | 429 | 45% |
| Power Tillers | 71 | 15% |
| Hand Hoes | 94,284 | 40% |

Source: CDC Agriculture Department, (2021).

2.2.8.5 Cooperatives

The Chemba district council has 0 Cooperative Union, 1 saving and credit cooperative societies (SACCOS), 3 AMCOs. Members of cooperative societies are 312 (male 196, female 120), 0 Cooperative groups with total Share of **TZS** 0000. Savings is TZS. 00000. Loans provided by Cooperative societies are about **TZS**. 00000.

2.2.8.6 CDC Agriculture Infrastructure

The Chemba district council is well resourced with some agricultural infrastructures available in the district. The district council has 3 irrigation schemesnamely: Kidoka, Jogolo and ParangaMoreover, CDC has 1 Crop markets which is in progress namely; Mrijo as well as 4 storage facilities/warehouse.

2.2.8.6 Challenges

Currently the agriculture sector faces number of issues that affects development of agriculture, irrigation and cooperatives within CDC including;

- ✓ Insufficient fund as well as poor distribution of funds.
- ✓ Insufficient number of Extension staff
- ✓ Poor distribution of rainfall

2.2.8.7 Critical Issues

The major critical issue includes:

- ✓ Natural calamities
- ✓ Insufficient irrigation scheme

2.2.9 Works Department

The works Department has 2 running sections, namely; buildings and machines (vehicles and generators) sections, its core functions include;

- i. Provide quarterly monitoring for building projects,
- ii. Design and drawings for buildings projects,
- iii. Plan and preparation of budget for council buildings,
- iv. Preparation of quarterly and annually field activities,
- v. Coordinate and supervise all buildings projects done in Chemba District Council.

2.2.9.1 Works Department staffing level

The Chemba District Council works department has a total number of 4 staff with different level of qualifications and professionals.

Table 44: CDC Works Department staffing level

| S/no. | Position | Required | Available | Deficit |
|-------|-----------------------|----------|-----------|---------|
| 1 | Principal engineer I | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 2 | Civil engineer | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| 3 | Architect | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 4 | Quantity surveyor | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 5 | Civil Technician | 5 | 1 | 4 |
| 6 | Electrical Technician | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| | Total | 13 | 3 | 10 |

Source: CDC Works Department, (2021).

2.2.9.1 Works Department staffing level(TARURA)

The Chemba Dictrict Council works department has a total number of 9 staff with different level of qualifications and professionals.

Table 45: CDC Works Department staffing level (TARURA)

| S/no. | Position | Required | Available | Deficit |
|-------|-------------------------|----------|-----------|---------|
| 1 | Civil engineer | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| 2 | Senior Technician civil | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| 3 | Driver | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 4 | P/S | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 5 | Watchman | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 6 | Technician II plumbing | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Total | 9 | 8 | 1 |

Source: CDC Works Department, (2021/22-TARURA)

2.2.9.2 CDC Road Network

Chemba District has road network of 979.83 kms, out of which 1 km are paved roads, 38.88 are gravel roads and 939.95 kms earth roads. 347.25 kilometers of this road stretch are currently in fair condition, whereas 450.08 kms are passable throughout the year (Table 46).

Table 46: CDC road conditions

| Road Surface | Road Condition (Km) | | | | |
|--------------|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|----------------|
| Type | Good | Fair | Poor | Total | Remarks |
| Tarmac | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Paved | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Good condition |
| Gravel | 16.85 | 19.73 | 2.3 | 38.88 | Good condition |
| Earth | 84.98 | 327.52 | 527.45 | 939.95 | Good condition |
| Total | 102.83 | 347.25 | 529.75 | 979.83 | Good condition |

Source: CDC Works Department, (2021/2022).(TARURA)

Table 47: CDC status of road network by category

| Category | Surface | Road Condition, Km | | Total, | Remarks | |
|----------|---------|--------------------|--------|--------|---------|----------------|
| | Type | Good | Fair | Poor | Km | |
| Regional | Tarmac | | | | | Good condition |
| roads | Paved | | | | | Good condition |
| District | Tarmac | | | | | Good condition |
| roads | Paved | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Good condition |
| | Gravel | 16.85 | 19.73 | 2.3 | 38.88 | Good condition |
| | Earth | 84.98 | 327.52 | 527.45 | 939.95 | Good condition |

Source: Works Department, (2021/2022).(TARURA)

2.2.9.3 Road Set Compact

The status of CDC roads including 2 bridges, 225 culverts, and 2,000 meters lined ditches.

Table 48: CDC Road Set Compact

| Element | Unit | Requirement | Available | Deficit |
|-----------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Bridges | No. | 20 | 2 | 18 |
| Culverts | No. | 1000 | 225 | 775 |
| Lined ditches | Meter | 10000 | 2000 | 8000 |
| Street Lighting | No. | 60 | 0 | 60 |
| | Motor | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| | grader | | | |
| | Vibrating | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| | roller | | | |
| Road/Construction | Excavator | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Equipment and Plants. | Wheel | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| | loader | | | |
| | Water | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| | bowser | | | |
| | Low bed | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| | | | | |

Source: CDC Works Department, (2021/2022).

2.2.9.4 Challenges

The works department is constrained by several challenges including;

- ✓ Insufficient of funds for construction of roads ,
- \checkmark Allocation of funds which does not meet the requirements of projects,
- ✓ Shortage of staff,
- ✓ Shortage of working facilities,
- ✓ Insufficient of funds for supervision,
- ✓ Delay of funds.

2.2.10 Community Development Department

Department of Community Development is one of the 13 departments and Units of Chemba District Council comprising of 7 sections namely; research

program and statistics, economic empowerment desk, youth development, social welfare, HIV/AIDS coordination, NGOs coordination and TASAF. Its core functions include; identify problems and needs of the community, propose and create appropriate solutions to the problems identified.

2.2.10.1 Research program and statistics

The research program and statistics section is one among of the seven sections charged under the community development department. The core activities of the section include; to coordinate NGOs, community empowerment youth and women economic groups, gender desk,nutrition, CHF and HIV awareness, community participation, child desk.

2.2.10.2 Economic empowerment desk

The economic empowerment desk section is one among of the section charged under the community development department. Its core activities include; supporting the community groups such as women, youth and people with disabilities socially and economically.

2.2.10.3 Youth development

The youth development section is one among of the section charged under the community development department. Its core activities include; supporting the youth through credits, IGAs formation and vocational training opportunities.

2.2.10.4 Social Welfare Unit

The social welfare section is one among of the section charged under the community development department. Its core activities include; to make resolutions to the families with conflicts, children protection against brutality and mistreatment.

2.2.10.5 HIV/AIDS coordination

The HIV/AIDS coordination section is one among of the section charged under the community development department. Its core activities include; serving the people living with HIV/AIDS, ensuring HIV infections are reduced through different strategies.

2.2.10.6 NGOs coordination

The NGOs coordination section is one among of the section charged under the community development department. Its core activities include; recognizing and making registration, collaborating with NGOs in serving the community in different aspects

2.2.10.7 TASAF

The TASAF section is one among of the section charged under the community development department. Its core activities include; to support vulnerable communities, implementation of projects and sub-projects.

2.2.10.8 Community Development staffing level

The Community Development Department has 6 staffs, whereby 1 is at Ward level, 5 at District level. However, the department has the limitation of 26 ward level community development officers and 26 construction squad unit officer.

Table 49: Community Development staffing level

| EDUCATION | WORKING | NUMBER OF | REQUIREMENT |
|--------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| LEVEL | STATION | STAFFS | |
| Masters | Head office | 0 | 5 |
| Bachelors | Head office | 5 | |
| Bachelors | Ward level | 0 | |
| Postgraduate | Ward level | 0 | |
| Diploma | Ward level | 1 | 25 |
| Certificate | Ward level | 0 | |
| TOTAL | | 6 | |

Source: Community Development Department, (2021).

2.2.10.9 Community Development status

The Chemba DC Community Development department advocates formation of Non State Organizations to work within the council for the purpose of economic empowerment of the people. So far, the department works with 12 NGOs, 0 FBOs, 145 CBOs, and 189 VICOBA. Also, there are 67 women registered economic groups, 19 registered youth economic groups and 31 PLHIV economic groups.

Table 50: Composition of Non State Actors

| No | Name | Total |
|----|--------|-------|
| 1 | NGOs | 12 |
| 2 | FBOs | 0 |
| 3 | CBOs | 145 |
| 4 | VICOBA | 189 |
| 5 | PLHIV | 31 |
| | Total | 377 |

Source: Community Development Department, (2021).

2.2.10.10 Gender Desk

The Chemba district council economic empowerment desk has been providing loans since the year of 2018 up to 2021, using Women Development Fund. Up

now total TZS 77,200,000 has been provided to **33** women economic groups. This fund is generated from 4 % of total collection of own source. The aim is to improve women from marginalized state of economic life, as well as to improve their standard of living.

Table 51: Empowered Women Economic Groups

| Year | Amount | Number of Groups |
|-----------|------------|------------------|
| 2018/2019 | 9,000,000 | 4 |
| 2019/2020 | 33,500,000 | 17 |
| 2020/2021 | 34,700,000 | 12 |
| Total | 77,200,000 | 33 |

Source: Community Development Department, (2021).

2.2.10.11 Youth

Youth Development Fund, Total TZS 29,000,000 /= has been provided to 10 Youth economic groups. This fund is generated from 4% of total collection of own source, this had the aim to improve youth from marginalized state of economic life, as the result to improve their standard life.

Table 52: CDC Empowered Youth Economic Groups

| | - | | | Т |
|-----------|----------------|------|-------------|--------------|
| | Source | | Number of | Total Amount |
| | | | Youth Group | Received |
| 2018/2019 | Own Source | | 2 | 13,000,000 |
| | Central Govern | ment | 0 | 0 |
| 2019/2020 | Own Source | | 3 | 6,000,000 |
| | Central Govern | ment | 0 | 0 |
| 2020/2021 | Own source | | 5 | 10,000,000 |
| | Central Govern | ment | 0 | 0 |
| | Total | | 10 | 29,000,000 |

Source: Community Development Department, (2021).

2.2.10.12 People Living with Disabilities

The council provided various apparatus which helps People living with disabilities to perform their activities. Among of the apparatus/gears including protective gears, caps, lotion and sun glasses, umbrellas, white canes. Moreover, the council is responsible to allocate 2% of their own source which used for providing soft loans for people living with disabilities. These soft loans are used for assisting them in performing various economic activities. For stance, for the financial year 2021/2022, the council allocating 26,000,000 from its budget for providing soft loans to people living with disabilities.

2.2.10.12 HIV and AIDS

The Department has been no providing support to employees living with HIV neither in terms of money or nutrition and fare for following medicine at VCT while 31 groups of PLHIV with knowledge about VCT and controls them from new HIV and AIDS infectious have been supported. The aim is to support them with loan in order to survive for their own.

Table 53: CDC PLHIV Empowered Economic Groups

| Source | Number of Youth Group | Total Amount Received |
|------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Own Source | 0 | 0 |
| TACAIDS | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 0 | 0 |

Source: Community Development Department, (2021).

2.2.10.13 TASAF

The Department has been supporting 4369 vulnerable or poor households with the total of 20078 individual beneficiaries.

Table 54: TASAF Implementation

| Source | Number of Households | Total Amount |
|------------|----------------------|--------------|
| Government | 4369 | 946,291,600 |
| Total | 4369 | 946,291,600 |

Source: Community Development Department, (2021).

2.2.10.13 Challenges

The Community Development Department faces number of challenges including;

- ✓ Lack of community development staffs at District level, Ward level and Village level.
- ✓ Lack of financial support
- ✓ Lack of equipment ie car, computer, printer

2.2.11 Environment and Solid Waste Management Department

Environment and Solid Waste Management department is among of 13 departments in Chemba District Council. It was established in 2012, following restructuring of department, previous its roles were performed by the department of health, community development, gender, elderly, and children. Its core functions are; Environmental Conservation and Biodiversity, Environmental pollution control (land, air, water, and sound), environmental impact assessment, cleaning of buildings, open space, roads, drainage and dumpsite management, promote environmental awareness to community on

environmental protection and natural resources conservation, solid and liquid waste management, monitoring the preparation, review and approval of Environmental impact assessments for small projects, formulate, review and update environmental by-laws, environmental inspection, audit and monitoring for compliance with environmental policies, regulations, and guidelines, advice the Chemba District Council on environmental related matters, prepare periodic reports on state of the environment, enforce Environmental laws and its regulations. Planting of trees, grass, flowers, pruning and beautification and supervise national tree planting campaign.

2.2.11.1 Environment and Solid Waste Management staffing Level

The department has **one** staff at Council Headquarter making a deficit of **14** staff which compromises the environmental management interventions at the lower level of government (i.e Village and Ward level) as indicated in Table 54.

Table 55: CDC Environment and Solid Waste Management staffing Level

| S/N | Designation | Required | Available | Deficit |
|-------|---------------------------------|----------|-----------|---------|
| 1 | Head of Environmental and solid | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | waste management | | | |
| 2 | Environmental Health Scientists | 2 | NIL | 2 |
| 2 | Environmental Scientists | 2 | NIL | 2 |
| 3 | Natural Resource Management | 2 | NIL | 2 |
| | Scientists | | | |
| 4 | Aquatic Environmental | 2 | NIL | 2 |
| | Conservation and Management | | | |
| | scientists | | | |
| 5 | Environmental Conservation and | 2 | NIL | 2 |
| | Management Scientists | | | |
| 6 | Forestry Scientists | 2 | NIL | 2 |
| 7 | Gardeners scientists | 2 | NIL | 2 |
| Total | | 15 | 1 | 14 |

Source: CDC Environment and Solid Waste Department (2021).

2.2.11.2 Solid Waste Current Situation

CDC Currently produces almost 234tones of solid wastes daily, whereby a single household produces almost 4.5 kg of solid wastes per day. Solid waste production has surpassed the ability of the district to carry solid wastes which is about 5 tones (about one Lorry of 5 tones) per week. The situation also is expected to be more serious due to population increase and solid waste production is in high rate.

2.2.11.3 Solid Waste Management

Solid and liquid management are organized by community leaders at village/sub village/street level. There are about 5 dumpsites in 5 sub urban wards, in

other 5 wards, they use refuse pits to dispose solid waste. The existing of 5 dumpsites are not properly managed. Solid waste from different sources are stored temporarily in bags, from generation points waste are transported to dumpsites by hired wheel barrows and vehicles.

Table 56: CDC Solid Waste Generation

| S/N | Population | Solid Waste | Solid Waste | % Of Solid Waste |
|-----|------------------------|---------------|-------------|------------------|
| | Projection 2018 | Generated/Day | Disposed | Disposed/Day |
| | | | | |
| | | | Off/Day | |

Source: CDC Environment and Solid Waste Department, (2018).

2.2.11.3 Tree Nurseries

In implementing the Government initiative of planting trees, there are about 10 nurseries managed by 5 groups with the capacity of producing 500,000 seedlings. Each year the council is planned to plant 500,000 trees. From February to June 2017 number of trees planted was 180,000.

2.2.11.4 Equipment and Facilities for Solid Waste Management

The council has no solid waste collection vehicles.

Table 57: CDC Solid Waste Equipment

| S/N | Item | Needed | Available | Deficit | % |
|-----|-------------------|--------|-----------|---------|---|
| 1 | Tipper Trucks | 4 | NIL | 4 | 0 |
| 2 | Tricycles | 114 | NIL | 114 | 0 |
| 3 | Gum boots (pairs) | 570 | NIL | 570 | 0 |
| 4 | Masks | 570 | NIL | 570 | 0 |
| 5 | Gloves | 570 | NIL | 570 | 0 |
| 6 | Uniforms | 570 | NIL | 570 | 0 |

Source: CDC Environment and Solid Waste Department, (2021).

2.2.11.5 Environmental Conservation and Biodiversity

The Chemba District Council environmental conservation and biodiversity include protection of water sources and forests, town beautification, pollution control, conducting environmental audit, environmental protection plan and environmental impact assessment, providing environmental education to the community and reducing, mitigating and adapting impacts of climate changes. The district had established by-laws with enforcement status.

2.2.11.6 Challenges

The environment and solid waste management department faces various challenges including; few number of staffs, inadequate funds, lack of facilities (office equipments, motorcycle, vehicles and field working tools).

2.2.11.7 Critical Issues

The major critical issues are

- ✓ Enforcement of environmental impact assessments (EIAs), strategic Environmental impact assessments (SEIAs) and other environmental laws.
- ✓ Combating climate change and its impacts; by putting more emphasis on Emission reduction.
- ✓ Lowering improper municipal solid waste disposal
- ✓ Reducing deforestation

2.2.12 Lands and Natural Resource Department

Lands and Natural Resource Department is among of the 13 departments in Chemba District Council. There are 7 sub-sections in the department namely; Lands administration, Valuation, Surveys and Mapping, Town Planning, Forestry, Game and Tourism. Its core function includes;

- i. Survey plots and government institution
- ii. Provide education, Land laws and procedures into villages
- iii. Prepare customary Rights occupancy
- iv. Conduct Valuation
- v. Prepare town planning drawings
- vi. Prepare Chemba DC Master plan
- vii. Collect land rent and other fees
- viii. Provide security to people against wild animals
 - ix. Promote tree planting

2.2.12.1 Lands and Natural Resources Department staffing level

The CDC lands and natural resources department currently has a total of 8 staff members with different level of education and qualification. The available staffs have been fruitful in fulfilling the vested functions of the department.

Table 58: CDC Lands and Natural Resources Department staffing level

| STAFFS | REQUIREMET | AVAILABLE | DIFICITY |
|--------------------|------------|-----------|----------|
| LAND OFFICER | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| LAND ASSISSTANT | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| VALUERS | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| TOWN PLANNERS | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| SURVEYORS | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| ASS.SURVEYORS | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| CARTOGRAPHER | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| DOCUMENTARY TYPIST | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| RECORDS OFFICER | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| FOREST OFFICER | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| FOREST ASSISTANT | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| GAME OFFICER | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| GAME ASSIATANTS | 4 | 1 | 3 |
| TOURISM OFFICER | 2 | 0 | 2 |

Source: CDC Land and Natural Resources Department, (2021).

2.2.12.2 CDC Land Distribution

CDC has a total planned area of **49095** hectares of land, which subjected to various land uses, including residential, commercial, commercial residential, institutional, industrial, open spaces, markets and other public building. For three years respective (2018/2019-2020/2021) Land in CDC contributes more than **5.3**% of its own source revenue collection which is approximately **TZS 180,898,279**.

Table 59: CDC Land Use Distribution

| S/N | Land use | Area coverage | Percentage of |
|-----|------------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| | | (hectares) | coverage |
| 1. | Institution/Public Buildings | 580.2 | 1.18 |
| 2. | Residential (planned) | 692.56 | 1.41 |
| 3 | Commercial / Residential | 244.75 | 0.50 |
| 4 | Industrial | 111.78 | 0.23 |
| 5. | Commercial | 85.2 | 0.17 |
| 6. | Agriculture | 22,218,400 | 24 |
| 7. | Dump site | 5.52 | 0.01 |
| 8. | Open spaces | 70.34 | 0.14 |
| 9. | Power line buffer | 0 | |
| 10. | Other uses (cemeteries) | 11.2 | 0.02 |
| 11 | Water courses | 5.585 | 0.01 |
| 12 | Road network | 119,921 | |
| | Total | 22,340,128.135 | |

Source: CDC Land and Natural Resources Department, (2021).

2.2.12.3 Land for Institutions

The land available (declared planning area of 49095.65Ha) and current covered by institutions is 42.89

2.2.12.4. Industrial and Commercial Land

The land current covered by Industrial and Commercial Land is 39.38Ha

2.2.12.5. Open Space Land

The land current covered by Open Space is 14.07Ha.

2.2.12.6. Future Land Use

The land which is not planned is reserved for future various land uses according to economic growth and population.

2.2.12.7. Plots Acquisition

CDC has acquired lands for bus stand (26.64Acres) and vocational training centre (VETA), 98.2 Acres.

2.2.12.9. Challenges

The Land and Natural Resources department faces number of challenges such as Shortage of staffs

- ✓ Inadequate funds
- ✓ Shortage of work facilities
- ✓ Lack of awareness to land owners/users on land laws.
- ✓ Shortage of staff, especially Valuer, document Typist, record personnel and Town Planner.
- ✓ Dispute over boundaries among villages and neighboring district.
- ✓ Environmental Destruction.

2.2.13 Livestock and Fisheries Development Department

Livestock and Fisheries Department, is among of 13 Departments in Chemba District Council. The Department was established after splinted from the Department of Agriculture, Livestock and Cooperatives in 2016.

The Department is made up of four (04) sections, namely Livestock & Fisheries, Livestock Operations, Abattoir, and Fisheries Operations. The department performs the following core functions namely:-

- i. Promote, facilitate and regulate the growth of modern livestock, fisheries and their products for sustainable socio-economic development.
- ii. Collect, process, analyze, store and disseminate livestock data and information.
- iii. Create an enabling environment for effective private sector participation.
- iv. Enforce legal and regulatory framework for the control of animal, pests and diseases.
- v. Regulate quality safety and standards of animal products and livestock feeds.
- vi. Improve and conserve livestock genetic resources.
- vii. Promote development appropriate livestock extension packages.
- viii. Conduct training for Livestock keepers.
 - ix. Promote livestock and value added livestock products and marketing.
 - x. Promote production, utilization and conservation of animal feed resources (pasture and forage).
 - xi. Monitor and evaluate sector performance.

2.2.13.1 Livestock and Fisheries Development Department staffing level

Table 60: CDC Livestock and Fisheries Development Department staffing level

| S/N | POSITION | REQUIRED | AVAILABLE | DEFICIT |
|-------|---------------------------|----------|-----------|---------|
| 1. | DLFDO | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 2. | Veterinary Officer | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| 3. | Livestock | 7 | 0 | 7 |
| | Officers(Degree) | | | |
| 4. | Livestock Field Officers | 26 | 15 | 11 |
| | (Diploma) | | | |
| 5. | Livestock Field Officers | 114 | 1 | 113 |
| | (Cert. Agric &Livestock | | | |
| | Production) | | | |
| 6. | Fisheries Officer(Degree) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 7. | Fisheries Field Officer | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| | (Diploma) | | | |
| TOTAL | | 152 | 17 | 135 |

Source: CDC Livestock and Fisheries Department, (2021).

2.2.13.2 Livestock

Chemba District Council has 140 dairy cattle; 278,780 indigenous cattle; 185,135 goats; 86,667 sheep; 335,328 chickens; 612 cats; 623 pigs; ducks 120,234; rabbits 5,407; dogs 3,081; 8,937 guinea fowls; 12,933 donkeys and the products were meat (453 tons), milk (6,275,700 liters), eggs (140,837), Hides (2,160) and Skins (3720).

Table 61: CDC Livestock Population

| S/N | WARD | Livestock population | | | | |
|-----|--------------|----------------------|------------|-------|-------|---------|
| | | Dairy | Indigenous | Goats | Sheep | Chicken |
| | | Cattle | cattle | | | |
| 1 | СНЕМВА | 3 | 3824 | 714 | 83 | 208 |
| 2 | KIDOKA | 18 | 4923 | 392 | 291 | 4291 |
| 3 | GWANDI | 3 | 1803 | 896 | 84 | 7896 |
| 4 | TUMBAKOSE | 0 | 4403 | 376 | 193 | 3867 |
| 5 | FARKWA | 0 | 4714 | 182 | 531 | 4298 |
| 6 | MAKORONGO | 5 | 1549 | 406 | 0 | 708 |
| 7 | BABAYU | 0 | 3005 | 826 | 336 | 4186 |
| 8 | MPENDO | 0 | 4175 | 5639 | 569 | 6567 |
| 9 | SANZAWA | 2 | 5349 | 521 | 214 | 5184 |
| 10 | KWAMTORO | 2 | 5215 | 759 | 493 | 1838 |
| 11 | LALTA | 0 | 4198 | 274 | 67 | 4573 |
| 12 | OVADA | 6 | 3969 | 750 | 526 | 6132 |
| 13 | LAHODA | 0 | 2258 | 933 | 126 | 6240 |
| 14 | PARANGA | 0 | 3138 | 524 | 289 | 1461 |
| 15 | MONDO | 0 | 1471 | 268 | 46 | 9307 |
| 16 | DALAI | 0 | 4838 | 282 | 527 | 4,131 |
| 17 | CHURUKU | 0 | 1014 | 456 | 190 | 5557 |
| 18 | JANGALO | 00 | 9850 | 350 | 510 | 5349 |
| 19 | CHANDAMA | 70 | 3252 | 556 | 26 | 6307 |
| 20 | MRIJO | 0 | 1886 | 1013 | 366 | 8496 |
| 21 | SOYA | 16 | 3629 | 161 | 16 | 1932 |
| 22 | KIMAHA | 43 | 6008 | 11 | 362 | 8298 |
| 23 | MSAADA | 0 | 1529 | 153 | 149 | 2791 |
| 24 | GOIMA | 2 | 3891 | 291 | 382 | 4392 |
| 25 | SONGOLO | 0 | 4391 | 432 | 551 | 4382 |
| 26 | KINYAMSHINDO | 0 | 6493 | 547 | 325 | 4394 |

Source: CDC Livestock and Fisheries Department, (2021).

Table 62: CDC Livestock Population Others

| S/N | WARD | LIVE | ESTOCK | POPUL | ATION | I -OTI | HERS | | |
|-----|------------------|----------|--------|---------|-------|--------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| | | Pigs | Ducks | Rabbits | Dogs | Cats | Guinea Pigs | Guinea Fowl | Donkeys |
| 1. | СНЕМВА | 77 | 637 | 4 | 132 | 45 | 19 | 735 | 54 |
| 2. | KIDOKA | 64 | 143 | 9 | 568 | 12 | 315 | 14 | 27 |
| 3. | GWANDI | 738 | 59 | 19 | 622 | 23 | 39 | 38 | 34 |
| 4. | TUMBAKOSE | 555 | 65 | 64 | 213 | 362 | 22 | 35 | 10 |
| 5. | FARKWA | 224 | 432 | 16 | 487 | 183 | 44 | 37 | 45 |
| 6. | MAKORONG O | 389 | 73 | 2 | 27 | 139 | 4 | 32 | 0 |
| 7. | BABAYU | 484 | 54 | 89 | 361 | 183 | 0 | 11 | 0 |
| 8. | MPENDO | 667 | 280 | 287 | 431 | 282 | 11 | 19 | 17 |
| 9. | SANZAWA | 269 | 165 | 87 | 496 | 172 | | 38 | 4 |
| | KWAMTORO | 235 | 34 | 36 | 78 | 183 | 82 | 24 | 23 |
| 10. | LALTA | 766 | 0 | 72 | 226 | 296 | 67 | 26 | 15 |
| 11. | OVADA | 430 | 432 | 286 | 220 | 63 | 120 | 27 | 56 |
| 12. | KINYAMSHI NDO | 879 | 0 | 132 | 69 | 318 | 00 | 65 | 49 |
| 13. | LAHODA | 231 | 76 | 195 | 232 | 129 | 3 | 22 | 67 |
| 14. | PARANGA | 105 0 | 133 | 104 | 706 | 174 | 00 | 25 | 91 |
| 15. | MONDO | 735 5 | 2058 | 8792 | 415 | 272 | 5097 | 54 | 48 |
| 16. | DALAI | 996 | 52 | 148 | 388 | 352 | 26 | 82 | 43 |
| 17. | CHURUKU | 11 | 33 | 71 | 214 | 172 | 18 | 37 | 43 |
| 18. | JANGALO | 354 | 32 | 88 | 162 | 33 | 489 | 48 | 81 |
| 19. | CHANDAMA | 168 3 | 34 | 109 | 44 | 192 | 136 | 83 | 89 |
| 20. | MRIJO | 72 | 11 | 34 | 88 | 182 | 63 | 75 | 62 |
| 21. | SOYA | 397 | 54 | 34 | 182 | 126 | 58 | 39 | 39 |
| 22. | KIMAHA | 105 | 45 | 22 | 56 | 415 | 18 | 53 | 33 |
| 23. | MSAADA | 10 | 35 | 6 | 143 | 169 | 84 | 63 | 49 |
| 24. | GOIMA | 106 4 | 272 | 154 | 235 | 183 | 74 | 49 | 48 |
| 25. | SONGOLO | 904 | 95 | 99 | 589 | 172 | 63 | 94 | 43 |
| | · | • | | • | | • | | | • |

Source: CDC Livestock and Fisheries Department, (2021).

2.2.13.2 Livestock production

Table 63: Livestock production

| Year | Types | Number | Product | Planned | Actual | Demand |
|-----------|-----------|---------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|----------------------|
| | | | | | yield | |
| 2020/2021 | Lactating | 69,730 | Milk liter | 9,413,550 | 6,275,700 | 200 |
| | cow | | | | | L/person/year |
| | Layers | 167,664 | Egg(Trays) | 234,729 | 140,837 | 300/person/year |
| | Cattle | 2,160 | Meat(Tons) | 605 | 453 | 50kg/person/ year |
| | Cattle | 2,880 | Hide (Piece) | 2,880 | 2,160 | - |
| | Goat | 4800 | Skin (Piece) | 4800 | 3720 | - |

Source: CDC Livestock and Fisheries Department, (2021).

2.2.13.2 Grazing Land

CDC has facilitated allocation of Grazing lands in the 4 villages being utilized as communal grazing lands. However, only out of 13 villages have managed to prepare and register their Land Use Plans.

2.2.13.3 Livestock Infrastructure

The Livestock and Fisheries Department current is resourced with a wide range of infrastructure which are fundamental is supporting department operations.

Table 64: CDC Livestock infrastructure

| Name of the infrastructure | Total |
|----------------------------|-------|
| Cattle dips | |
| Working cattle dips | 4 |
| Cattle dips not working | 15 |
| Total | 19 |
| Milk collection centers | 0 |
| Slaughter slabs | 10 |
| Livestock markets | 16 |
| Fish ponds | 7 |
| Permanent crushes | 5 |

Source: CDC Livestock and Fisheries Department, (2021).

Dairy farms

Table 65: CDC Dairy Farms

| S/N. | Name of dairy farm | Where available (village) | Ownership |
|------|--------------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| 1 | Nil | Nil | Nil |
| | | | |

Source: CDC Livestock and Fisheries Department, (2021).

2.2.13.4 Fisheries

2.2.13.5 Fish Production

Currently, fish production in Chemba District Council is very low and not even quantified. This low harvest is from local earthern ponds established naturally due topographical scenario. People of Chemba harvest catfishes from this natural earthern ponds after rain season or rain fed and used in family level not commercial way. Small quantity of the commercial production in the District is from neighbor District (Mtera Dam).

2.2.13.6 Challenges

The livestock and fisheries development department faces a number of challenges which affect development of the sector and these includes;

- ✓ Low Livestock production and productivity. Chemba District Council has a large livestock resources comprising different species majority of which are indigenous type kept in the traditional systems that are not commercially oriented in terms of availability of improved Dairy animals for milk production, fast growing meat animals for production of quality meat, and lack of availability of improved Pigs and Chickens.
- ✓ Prevalence of livestock diseases. Tick borne diseases are main constraint in Chemba District.
- ✓ Lack of improved pasture, pasture seeds; knowledge on pasture production and conservation.
- ✓ Lack of Livestock/ aquaculture Infrastructures including cattle dips, water dams and Livestock markets.
- ✓ Lack of weighing balance for weighing live animals in the livestock auction markets.
- ✓ Unimproved available Livestock auction Markets.
- ✓ Inappropriate Livestock data collection and reporting system.
- ✓ Shortage of fish ponds.
- ✓ Unimproved available fish ponds.
- ✓ Lack of fisheries and aquaculture technologies to Fishing farmers.
- ✓ Lack of transport facilities.

- ✓ Shortage of working facilities.
- ✓ Shortage of staff.

2.2.14 Legal Unit

Legal Unit is a crosscutting unit in the Council as it deals with legal issues concerning all departments in the Council. It is a unit which used to advice the Council on all matters pertaining to legal issues especially on all contracts between Council and other Stakeholders and other related issues. Its core functions include:

- i. Advise and assist the council in all legal related issues.
- ii. Drafting and review the by-laws of the council.
- iii. Represent the council to the courts of law.
- iv. Review village by-law bills.
- v. Prepare, review and conduct vetting to contracts to ensure comply with relevant laws and take into account interests of the council and the general public at large.
- vi. Train, coordinate and supervise the Ward and Village Tribunals

2.2.14.1 Legal Unit staffing level

The CDC legal unit currently has one staff with legal qualification and legal knowledge (Table 65).

Table 66: CDC Legal Unit Staffing Level

| S/N | Title | Requirement | Available | Deficit |
|-----|--------------------|-------------|-----------|---------|
| 1. | Head of Legal Unit | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 2. | Legal Office I | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 3. | Legal Office II | 1 | 0 | 1 |

Source: CDC Legal Unit, (2021).

2.2.14.2 Legal Current Situations

Currently the Chemba district council has one case in which has been instituted against the council and one other case of the village. The villages are supervised by the council therefore the legal unit represent them to the court in case there is any case against the village council.

Table 66: CDC Cases

| S/N | CASE NAME | COURT | CASE STATUS |
|-----|-------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| 1. | M.M.INDUSTRIES | IN THE HIGH COURT | HEARING |
| | LTD(PLAINTIFF) VS | OF TANZANIA(DARES | |
| | CHEMBA DISTRICT | SALAAM DISTRICT | |
| | COUNCIL (1 ST DEFENDANT) | REGISTRY) AT DAR-ES | |
| | AND ATTORNEY | SALAAM | |

| S/N | CASE NAME | COURT | CASE STATUS |
|-----|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| | GENERAL(2 ND DEFENDANT) | | |
| 2. | SAIDA JUMA GAMU VERSUS | IN THE DISTRICT LAND | MENTION |
| | SWAGASWAGA GAME | AND HOUSING | |
| | RESEVE (1 ST RESPONDENT), | TRIBUNAL FOR | |
| | KWAMTORO VILLAGE | KONDOA AT KONDOA | |
| | COUNCIL(2 ND RESPONDENT) | | |
| | AND THE ATTORNEY | | |
| | GENERAL(3RD RESPONDENT) | | |

Source: CDC Legal Unit, (2021).

2.2.14.3 Village and Ward Tribunals

Chemba district council has managed to establish 26 Ward Tribunals in the district. Legal unit has given training to 15 Ward Tribunals up to now and still there is continuation of building legal capacity to all the Ward Tribunals as well as the Village Tribunals.

2.2.14.4 Challenges

The Legal Unit faces number of challenges including;

- ✓ Inadequate budget allocated to the unit by the council.
- ✓ There are no reliable working tools especially a specific car for legal unit.
- ✓ Lack of proper records keeping tools.

2.2.15 Procurement Management Unit

Establishment of all respective organs for procurement in Chemba District Council as required by PPA of 2011, and regulations of 2013 and its amendments of 2016.

The procurement unit is the responsible for the acquisition of supplies, services and construction works in support of the Procuring Entity's business. The Procurement Management Unit is the entity within both Procuring Entity Authorized to issue invitations to bid, requests for proposal, request for quotations and issue contracts. The Procurement Management Unit issues purchase orders, develops terms of contracts, and acquires supplies and services. The Procurement Management Unit also disposes of all surplus property and equipment.

The Procuring Entity's management clearly understands the importance of the procurement function and has tasked the Procurement Management Unit with the responsibility of accomplishing the following Objectives.

- ✓ Prepare required services, materials, equipment and construction while ensuring that quality, safety and cost –effectiveness are achieved.
- ✓ Obtain the best value for money spent
- ✓ Assure equity for all parties involved in the procurement process
- ✓ Ensure that procurement transactions are conducted in a manner providing full and open competition whenever practicable.
- ✓ Solicit the participation of all qualified and responsible contractors and suppliers in the procurement process.

2.2.15.1 Purpose of Procurement Management Unit

Procurement Management Unit is among of the six units of Chemba District Council; its core functions are:-

- ✓ Support operation requirements such as buy products and services at the right price at the right source.
- ✓ Manage the procurement process and supply base efficiently and supply markets and trend and interpreting the impact of these trends on company strategies.

2.2.15.2 PMU staffing level

Table 67: CDC PMU staffing level

| S/N | POSITION | AVAILABLE | REQUIRED | DEFICIT |
|-----|-------------------------|-----------|----------|---------|
| 1. | HPMU | 1 | 1 | NIL |
| 2. | SENIER (SO) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 3. | SUPPLIES OFFICER | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| 4. | ASS.SUPPLIES OFFICER | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| 5. | STORES ASSISTANT | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| | TOTAL | 3 | 9 | 6 |

Source: PMU Office, (2021).

2.2.15.3 Current situation

2.2.15.4 Challenges

The Procurement Management Unit faces number of challenges including;

- ✓ Shortage of staff
- ✓ Inaquate working tools
- ✓ Insufficient fund to meet the unit requirement
- ✓ Lack of transport facilities

2.2.16 Internal Audit Unit

The internal audit unit is one among six units and thirteen departments in Chemba District Council. It is an independent, objective assurance and consulting activity designed to add value and improve an organization's operations. It helps accomplish council's objectives by bringing a systematic, disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management, control, and governance processes (International Professional Practices Framework (IPPF) 2009). The internal audit unit was established in according to section 48 of the Local Government Finance Act, 2001 and order 14 (1-2) of Local Authority Financial memorandum, 2009. These requires "every local authority to employ its own internal auditors who shall work closely with Head of Departments and shall be an independent appraisal of internal control within a Local Government Authority done by examining and evaluating the effectiveness and adequacy of such control. The Internal Auditor shall report directly to the Accounting Officer. The main functions of the internal audit unit include;

- i. Prepare annual risk based audit Plan
- ii. Prepare audit charter
- iii. Review and assess the adequacy and reliability of financial and nonfinancial, management and performance systems, and quality of data that support the controls (including those for risk management and corporate governance) established for the proper administration of the Council's activities.
- iv. Review and assess the effectiveness of internal controls and make recommendations to improve where appropriate.
- v. Review and assess procedures to check that the Council's assets and interests are properly accounted for, adequately protected and risks are identified and effectively managed.
- vi. Check for the extent of compliance with legislation, Council policies, plans and procedures to ensure that good standards of management are maintained and that decisions taken by Council, its Committees and Management are correctly applied.
- vii. Promote and assist the Council in the economic, efficient and effective use of resources in the achievement of its objectives. This includes the provision of any consultancy (advice, facilitation, and training) work as well as assurance services.
- viii. Prepare four audit reports and submit them to the required authorities.

2.2.16.1 Purpose of Internal Audit Services

Provide independent assurance and consulting activities on councils risk management, controls and governance processes

2.2.16.2 Internal Audit Unit staffing level

Internal audit office comprised of qualified **one** Internal Auditor as shown in the table below:-

Table 68: CDC Internal Audit Unit staffing level

| No. | Position | Requirement | Available |
|-----|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| 1. | Chief Internal Auditor | 1 | 1 |
| 2. | Senior Internal Auditor | 1 | 0 |
| 3 | Internal Auditor I | 1 | 0 |
| 4 | Internal Auditor II | 1 | 0 |

Source: CDC Internal Audit Unit, (2021).

2.2.16.4 Current Situation

The controls and governance process structures in place are adequate to mitigate the risks associated with the operating objectives of the council.

2.2.16.5 Challenges

The Internal Audit Unit faces number of challenges including;

- ✓ Shortage of staff,
- ✓ Insufficient funds,
- ✓ Lack of transport facilities(motor vehicle),
- ✓ Inadequate regular training to meet emerging professional issues.

2.2.17 Information, Communication, Technology and Public relations

The Information and Communication Technology and Public Relation Unit, is among of six (06) Units at Chemba District Council. The Unit was established to accomplish the needs of information technology for enhancing working systems, but also to maintain positive Relations with people and Media houses as Government Organization. The Unit is buildup with two (02) sections, namely; Information and Communication Technology (ICT) and Public Relations (PR).

Core-functions of the information, communication and technology section

- Deal with all systems that operate within the council and to make sure all systems operates as required.
- Provide technical support to the Council staff about Information technology.
- Oversee ideologies , Strategies and directives which provided by the Government on how to deal with systems, Infrastructures and ICT working tools
- Supervise all ICT systems so as to make sure that it's helpful as well as supposed to be
- Provide technical support for electronics working tools which found in the organization?
- Offer support on all issues regarding Council's systems.
- Execute all duties and directives that will be assented by the head of the organization
- Cooperate with Region ICTO Officer and the Ministry of Science and Technology with the aim of exchanging experience as experts

Core-functions of the public relation section

- Oversee ideologies, strategies and directives that made up by the Government which intend to screen on how to deal with Public Relations activities
- Publicize functions and projects that executed by the Council
- Create awareness for the identified investments sites through Council Website, Radio stations, Magazines and any other Media
- Ensure that, the Council Website has new information at any time
- Publish Magazines that shall cover Council's issues
- Participate in Community discussion about the Council
- Use Information Technology as channel to spread education to the Communities.
- Conduct press briefing of the Council
- Advice the Council regarding preparation, production and dissemination of documents to the diverse stakeholders
- A bridge or connector between the Council, Community and Media houses.
- Cooperate with Region Information Officer and the Ministry of Information with the aim of exchanging experience as experts

2.2.17.1 ICT Staffing Level

The Information & Communication Technology Unitis charged direct to the office of District Executive Director. The unit is headed by DICTO assisted by ICTO,S. Currently the Unit is resourced with 3 **Staff (Bachelor degree)**

Table 69: CDC ICT Staffing Level

| S/N | POSITION | REQUIRED | AVAILABLE | DEFICIT |
|-----|----------------------|----------|-----------|---------|
| 1. | Information and | 06 | 03 | 03 |
| | Communication | | | |
| | Officers | | | |
| 2. | Information Officers | 02 | NILL | 02 |
| | TOTAL | 08 | 03 | 05 |

Source: CDC ICT and Public Relation Unit, (2021).

2.2.17.2 CDC ICT Infrastructure

Table 70: CDC ICT Infrastructure

| S/N | Type of Asset/Category | Asset | Asset | Deficit |
|-----|-----------------------------------|----------|-----------|---------|
| | | Required | Available | |
| 1. | Desktop Computers | 829 | 59 | 770 |
| 2. | Laptops | 829 | 45 | 784 |
| 3. | Photocopier Machine | 319 | 12 | 169 |
| 4. | Printers | 319 | 58 | 261 |
| 5. | Typewriter Machine | 181 | NILL | 81 |
| 6. | Scanner | 319 | 3 | 316 |
| 7. | Fax Machine | 19 | 1 | 18 |
| 8. | Switch for network | 10 | 4 | 6 |
| 9. | Router | 1 | 1 | NILL |
| 10. | Network Cabinet | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| 11. | Mobile Electronic Device/Point of | 114 | 89 | 25 |
| | Sale(POS) | | | |
| 12. | Digital Camera | 1 | 1 | NILL |
| 13. | IC Digital Recorder | 1 | NILL | 1 |
| 14. | UPS | 829 | 5 | 824 |
| 15. | Wireless Access point | 829 | NILL | 829 |
| 16 | Wide Screen 32" | 1 | NILL | 1 |
| 17 | Chemba Domain | 1 | 1 | NILL |
| 18 | Chemba DC Website | 1 | 1 | NILL |
| 19 | LAN | 829 | 9 | 820 |
| 20 | Video Camera | 1 | 1 | NILL |
| 21 | USB Modem | 829 | NILL | 829 |
| 22 | GPS | 2 | NILL | 2 |
| 23 | Plotter Printer | 5 | NILL | 5 |
| 24 | Projector | 829 | 1 | |
| 25 | Video Conference Facilities | 1 | NILL | 1 |
| 26 | CCTV Camera | 1 | NILL | 1 |
| 27 | Attendance software system | 1 | NILL | 1 |
| | Total | | 251 | |

Source: CDC ICT and Public Relation Unit, (2021).

2.2.17.3 Challenges

- ✓ Inadequate budget location
- ✓ Shortage of Staff
- ✓ Shortage of Working tools
- ✓ Lack of transport facilities.

2.2.18 Election Unit

The election unit is among of the 6 units which operate independently in Chemba district council. Its core functions include; administration and supervision of election activities and good governance issues in the district. Its core functions include;

- i. Ensure that regular, free and fair elections and referenda.
- ii. Organize, conduct and supervise elections and referenda in accordance with constitution
- iii. Formulate and implement voter educational programs related to elections
- iv. Hear and determine election complaints arising before and during polling
- v. Ascertain, publish and declare in writing under its seal the results of the elections and referenda.
- vi. Compile, maintain, revise and update the voters register

2.18.1 CDC Political Parties

Chemba District Council has 6 political parties namely; ACT- WAZALENDO, CCM, CHADEMA, CUF, NCCR-MAGEUZI and CHAUMMA. There is one (1) constituency in Chemba DC namely; Chemba constituency. There are 143, 740 officially registered voters, however during 2020 General Election only 61, 740(43%) participated to vote the presidential category, at the constituency level (MP) and for councilors.

Table 71: CDC Political Parties Participated in 2020 Presidential General Election

| S/N | Registered Political party | Votes scored | Percentage (%) |
|-----|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|
| 1. | CCM | 47, 261 | 79.93 |
| 2 | NRA | 823 | 1.49 |
| 3. | ADA-TADEA | 362 | 0.61 |
| 4. | SAU | 201 | 0.34 |
| 5. | DEMOKRASIA MAKINI | 149 | 0.25 |
| 6. | NCCR- MAGEUZI | 135 | 0.23 |
| 7. | CUF | 640 | 1.08 |
| 8. | DP | 74 | 0.13 |

| S/N | Registered Political party | Votes scored | Percentage (%) |
|-----|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|
| 9. | ACT- WAZALENDO | 89 | 0.15 |
| 10. | ADC | 52 | 0.09 |
| 11. | UPDP | 52 | 0.09 |
| 12. | CHAUMMA | 277 | 0.47 |
| 13. | UMD | 36 | 0.06 |
| 14. | AAFP | 34 | 0.06 |
| 15. | CHADEMA | 8, 881 | 15.02 |

Source: CDC Election Unit, (2020).

Table 72: Political Parties Participated in 2020 MP General Election

| S/N | Registered Political party | Votes scored | Percentage (%) |
|-----|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|
| 1. | ACT-WAZALENDO | 1, 230 | 2.08 |
| 2 | CCM | 35, 168 | 59.61 |
| 3. | CHADEMA | 21, 107 | 37.13 |
| 4. | CHAUMMA | 270 | 0.46 |
| 5. | CUF | 373 | 0.63 |
| 6. | NCCR- MAGEUZI | 322 | 0.55 |

Source: CDC Election Unit, (2020).

2.2.18.3 Challenges

The election unit faces number of challenges including; inadequate fund for conducting training to community members and shortage of workers.

2.2.19 Beekeeping Unit

Beekeeping Unit is a crosscutting unit in the Council as it deals with Beekeeping issues concerning all departments in the Council. It is a unit which used to advice the Council on all matters pertaining to Beekeeping issues especially on.

- i. Facilitate beekeepers to acquire skills on modern beekeeping activity for commercial purpose
- ii. Build the capacity of beekeepers in honey handling process.
- iii. Link beekeepers to market at local and regional levels
- iv. Collect, process, analyze, beekeeping data and information.

2.2.19.2 Beekeeping Unit staffing level

The CDC Beekeeping unit currently has 2 staffs with Beekeeping qualification and Beekeeping knowledge.

Table73: CDC Beekeeping Unit Staffing Level

| No. | Title | Requirement | Available | Deficit |
|-----|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|---------|
| 1. | Head Of Beekeeping Unit | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 2. | Beekeeping Office I | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| 3. | Beekeeping Office II | 4 | 1 | 3 |

Source: CDC Beekeeping Unit (2021)

2.2.19.3 Production and Productivity

Honey production in Chemba District Council relies on the use of traditional and modern beehives and the mode mostly used by beekeepers is traditional. Currently the average production of honey is (15-18) Kg per bee hive and this low productivity is due to mainly use traditional bee hives. To attain good productivity, the Council is intensively encouraging the use of modern bee hives and education for local beekeepers.

Table 74: Production of honey and beeswax per Year

| YEAR | HONEY BEEWAX | |
|-----------|--------------|------|
| 2019/2020 | 1558 | 45 |
| 2020/2021 | 30678 | 1006 |

Source: CDC Beekeeping Unit (2021)

2.2.19.4Apiary in Chemba District Council

In this Council, a total of 1682 people are reported to be practicing beekeeping where as 423 are organized in 23 active groups of beekeepers and 238 are individual beekeepers. The mode is variable from scattered bee hives to bee houses. Table 75 explains in detail.

Table 75: CDC Beekeeping Apiary

| No. | Apiary Manager/Owner | Groups of Beekeepers | No. of Hives | | Site |
|-------|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------|-----|------|
| | | | Modern | Old | |
| 1 | Beekeepers groups | 238 | 416 | 150 | |
| 2 | TFS | | 1750 | | |
| 3 | District Council | 25 | 47 | | |
| 6 | Individuals | 238 | | | |
| Total | | | 2213 | 150 | |

Source: CDC Beekeeping Unit, (2021).

2.2.19.5 Beekeeping active groups

Table 76: Beekeeping Active Groups

| S/N | VILLAGE | GROUP NAME | REGISRATION |
|-----|-----------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 | BIRISE | SAJAMA UFUGAJI NYUKI T'SWERO | |
| 2 | MSERA | KIVUNYU UFUGAJI NYUKI | CDC/CD/2016/CBO/649 |
| 3 | MSERA | NJUKI UFUGAJI NYUKI | CDC/CD/2019/CBO/886 |
| 4 | JOGOLO | UKOMBOZI UFUGAJI NYUKI | , , , , , |
| 5 | JOGOLO | SERIKALI YA KIJIJI | |
| 6 | KWAMTORO | HAPA KAZI TU UFUGAJI NYUKI | CDC/CD/2015/CBO/671 |
| 7 | NDOROBONI | NDOROBONI BEEKEEPING GROUP | CDC/CD/2014/CBO/101 |
| 8 | KIDOKA | CHAPAKAZI- KIDOKA | CDC/CD/2016/CBO- 565-05/6/2016 |
| 9 | IGUNGA | UFUKIMA GROUP | |
| 10 | GWANDI | MALKIA GROUP | CDC/CD/2016/CBO- 358-08/04/2016 |
| 11 | SORI | MAISHA NI SAFARI NDEFU | CDC/CD/2016/CBO- 669-19/08/2016 |
| 12 | СНЕМВА | CHEMBA YOUTH DEVELOPMENT | CDC/2017/788 |
| 13 | MWAILANJE | USHIRIKA WA WAFUGAJI NYUKI | SR/359 |
| 14 | MAKORONGO | NYUKI ONE GROUP | CDC/CD/2019/CBO-865 |
| 15 | MOMBOSE | JUHUDI WOMEN GROUP | CDC/CD/2019/CBO-840 |
| 16 | SORI | UMOJA NI NGUVU GROUP | CDC/CD/2016/CBO-468 |
| 17 | WAIDA | NKAMIA NYUKI GROUP | CDC/CD/2018/CBO-839 |
| 18 | WAIDA | INADES WAIDA | |
| 19 | ISINI | INADES ISINI | |
| 20 | GWANDI | INADES GWANDI | |
| 21 | LALTA | JAMII | |
| 22 | OLBOROTI | JAMII | |
| 23 | CHEMBA | CCM | |

2.2.19.6 Challenges

The beekeeping unit faces number of factors affecting Beekeeping Sector including;

✓ Honeybee diseases

Bees can be infected with different diseases caused by various

Pathogens such as bacteria, virus and fungi. It is highly recommended to be proactive as it is a better way of protecting from diseases.

√ Fire harvest

Traditional honey harvesting and hunting practices involves setting of fire to produce smoke which is used to calm down bees.

This practice is associated with negative impacts which are causing forest fires, killing bees and destroying of their natural habitats.

✓ Records keeping

Lack of records kept by the keeping apiary records, hive, label beehive with a unique code, record date/time of last inspection and record keeping is a requirement by the cooperative association where the beekeepers sell their production.

✓ Marketing

Honey was the major marketable product of beekeeping. Most farmers reported that they market it in a semi refined form, after comb pressing, followed by sieving to remove most of the wax and other large particle impurities.

2.3 External Environment

Preparation of Chemba District Council five years strategic plan considered analysis of external environment for the purpose of mainstreaming it with national and global planning framework.

2.3.1 The Third National Five Year Development Plan 2021/22 - 2025/26

The Third National Five-Year Development Plan (FYDP III) 2021/22-2025/26 gears a Long-Term Perspective Plan (LTPP) 2011/12 - 2025/26 which is the road for realizing the Tanzania Development Vision 2025. The FYDP III Plan is the final phase in the implementation of the DTV 2025 and the last part of the LTPP). It aims to put up a specific environment for building on the achievements obtained since the launching of the TDV 2025. For that reason, FYDP III will continue to implement the projects and programmes aimed at opening up economic opportunities, build an industrial economy, strengthen competitiveness in domestic, regional and global markets as well as strengthen human development.

The theme of the FYDP III (2021/22-2025/26) has changed from Realising Competitiveness-led Export Growth as stipulated in the LTPP to "Realising Competitiveness and Industrialization for Human Development. The changes has been made in order to reflect the goals of the vision which include building

a strong, competitive economy, of middle-income status and semi-industrialized economy that can compete regionally and internationally without losing the goal of strengthening human development. Consequently, the FYDP III seek to enable the country to more effectively use her geographical opportunities and resources for production and economic growth, while, ensuring that the outcomes benefit all citizens in line with the Vision's goals of a high quality of life.

FYDP III provides guidance and insights for the country's next long-term development vision. In view of that, the Government recognizes the importance of the use of Science and Technology and Innovation (STI) and digitalization, attendant skills development, creative potential, and the use of digital issues to ensure that Tanzania does not lag behind. Additional, FYDP III aims to implement sectoral strategic plans, agreements and regional and international strategic plans including the implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals - SDGs to accelerate economic growth and social development.

CDC Strategic Plan has considered the aspiration stated under page 159 of the FYDP III that spells "Since the FYDP III will be cascaded down to strategic plans at the MDAs, RS, LGAs, private sector and civil society then developed strategic plans will reflect the M&E actions guided by the FYDP III M&E. In that regard the annual performance of the FYDP III will be gauged on monitoring and evaluation of FYDP III through implemented development projects as articulated in ADP. The FYDP III calls for increase in own sources of revenue in LGAs, encouraging the use of PPP, capacity of LGAs in preparing bankable projects is enhanced as well management of financial resources is reveled and quality service delivery being realized. The Preparation of CDC has taken into account the aspiration stated in FYDP III by translating them into council strategic projects and through departments/units.

2.3.2 The Tanzania Development Vision 2025

The Vision is an articulation of a desirable future condition or situation which Tanzania envisages to attain and the plausible course of action to be taken for its achievement. The Vision was adopted by the Government in 1999 and its implementation started in 2000. The objective of the vision is to awaken, coordinate and direct the people's efforts, minds and national resources towards those core sectors that will enable us to attain our development goals. The aspects of Tanzania's Development Vision (TDV) 2025 which aspires to have Tanzania transformed into a middle income and semi industrialized nation by 2025, characterized by the year 2025: (i) high quality and sustainable

livelihoods; (ii) peace, stability and unity; (iii) good governance and the rule of law; (iv) an educated and learning society; and (v) a strong and competitive economy. The Chemba District Council played a fundamental role in mainstreaming the TDV 2025 into its Strategic Plan 2016/17-2020/2021.

2.3.3 Ruling Part Manifesto 2020-2025

Tanganyika National African Union (TANU) and Afro Shiraz Part (ASP) and later Chama Cha Mapinduzi (CCM) has been trusted by citizens and emerged victoriously during and after colonial elections. CCM is built on the foundations of socialism and self-reliance based on dignity, equality and justice. Given these foundations, clean politics and good CCM leadership have been a catalyst for sustaining peace, unity and national solidarity in Tanzania.

CCM being the ruling party, its manifesto 2020- 2025 has a vital role in setting guidelines for development frameworks across the nation. This Manifesto aims to build on the gains made by the implementation of the 2015 CCM Election Manifesto. Similarly, the content of this Manifesto is in line with the Policy Vision of Chama Cha Mapinduzi of 2020-2030, the National Development Vision 2025 and the Zanzibar Development Vision 2020-2050.

In subsequent five years, CCM's goal is to continue to improve the lives of every Tanzanian, eradicate poverty and consolidate the country's middle economy status. In achieving this goal, the main priorities of CCM governments in the next five years are as follows: -

- a) Protect and strengthen the principles of dignity, equality, justice and good governance in order to maintain peace, unity and solidarity of our Nation;
- b) Promoting modern, integrated, inclusive and competitive economy built on the foundation of industry, economic services and enabling infrastructure;
- c) Transforming agriculture, livestock and fisheries to ensure food security and self-reliance in food at all times and contribute fully to economic development;
- d) Enhancing access to quality health care, education, water, electricity and housing in rural and urban areas;
- e) Encourage the use of research, science, technology and innovation as a tool for rapid socio-economic development; and

f) Create at least 7,000,000 (seven million) jobs in the formal and informal sectors for youth.

2.3.4 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) 2030

Following the deadline of the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) in 2015, the UN member head of states adopted global Sustainable Development Goals from 25th Septembers, 2015. The Sustainable Development Goals are the new sustainable development agenda where each goal has specific targets to be achieved over the next 15 years. Each member of state has committed to achieve 17 goals by 2030 deadline. Therefore, Chemba District Council strategic plan shall serve as one of the national vehicles in realizing the goals, thus it also deserves the global and national support in that endeavour. The Sustainable Development Goals which Chemba District Council should contribute to achieve in long term are summarized below.

Goal 1: End poverty in all its forms everywhere

Goal 2: End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture

Goal 3: Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages

Goal 4: Ensure inclusive and quality education for all and promote lifelong learning

Goal 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls

Goal 6: Ensure access to water and sanitation for all

Goal 7: Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all

Goal 8: Promote inclusive and sustainable economic growth, employment and decent work for all

Goal 9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote sustainable industrialization and foster innovation

Goal 10: Reduce inequality within and among countries

Goal 11: Make cities inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

Goal 12: Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns

Goal 13: Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts

Goal14: Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development.

Goal 15: Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss

Goal 16: Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels

Goal 17: Revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development

The sustainable development goals (SDGs) have highlighted critical issue of major concern that has to be taken into board by any country or government organ. Therefore, Chemba District Council does not operate in isolation, thus during preparation of its strategic plan 2016/17-2020/21 considered the SDGs.

2.3.5 African Agenda 2063

Throughout 50 years (1963-2013) Africa committed to the main agenda of decolonization, the struggle against apartheid and attainment of political independence for the continent. The Golden jubilee in May 2013, African Union re-committed to the achievement of the Pan African Vision of "An integrated, prosperous and peaceful Africa, driven by its own citizens, representing a dynamic force in the international arena". The Golden Jubilee Summit of African Union committed seven aspirations to realize the Africa We Want namely Africa Agenda 2063;

Aspiration 1: A prosperous Africa based on inclusive growth and sustainable development.

Aspiration 2: An integrated continent; politically united and based on the ideals of Pan Africanism and the vision of Africa's Renaissance.

Aspiration 3: An Africa of good governance, democracy, respect for human rights, justice and the rule of law.

Aspiration 4: A peaceful and secure Africa.

Aspiration 5: An Africa with a strong cultural identity, common heritage, shared values and ethics.

Aspiration 6: An Africa, whose development is people-driven, relying on the potential of African people, especially its women and youth, and caring for children.

Aspiration 7: Africa as a strong, united, resilient and influential global player and partner. The CDC Strategic Plan has considered the aspirations of the Africa Agenda 2063 through departments and units by taking into account the national strategic objectives, policies, strategies, legislations and Guidelines.

2.3.5 East African Vision 2050

The East African Community (EAC) is an inter-governmental association formed by the governments of Kenya, Tanzania, Uganda, Rwanda, and Burundi South Sudan aiming to spearhead the East African economic, social

and political integration agenda. EAC Vision 2050 envisages that East African Community will be transformed into an upper middle income region within a secure and politically united East Africa based on the principles of inclusiveness and accountability. This vision focuses on socio-economic development transformation that entails; managed change process that respects ownership; ensures sustained political commitment; honors good governance and accountability; and promotes social cohesion. The EAC Vision 2050 covers the AU Agenda 2063 and the Sustainable Development Goals 2030. The CDC Strategic Plan has considered the aspirations of the East Africa Vision 2025 through departments and units by taking into account the national strategic objectives, policies, strategies, legislations and Guidelines.

2.4 SWOC and Stakeholders Analysis

2.4.1 SWOC Analysis

During preparation of Chemba District Council five years strategic plan SWOC analysis was done to establish what potentials the council has to support it efforts as well as the bottlenecks that slowdown its efforts. SWOC analysis is very crucial in assessing the strategic position of district council. It enables the councils that want to build on strengths needs to show up the weakness, capitalizing on the opportunities and recognize the challenges.

Table 77: CDC SWOC Analysis

| Internal Environment | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Strengths | Weaknesses | | |
| ✓ Availability of qualified and skilled staff | ✓ Shortage of reliable transport facilities ✓ | | |
| ✓ Existence of team work | | | |
| ✓ Presence of transport facilities | | | |
| ✓ Presence District Council Headquarters Building | | | |
| External Environment | | | |
| Opportunities | Challenges | | |
| ✓ Strategic location along C to C road ✓ Presence of conducive climatic condition | ✓ Shortage of qualified and skilled staff ✓ Existence of high uses hand hoe as an agricultural implement. | | |
| ✓ Existence of financial | ✓ Presence of COVID-19 | | |

| management system ✓ Existence of favourable | ✓ Presence of high rate of HIV/AIDS prevalence (xx%) |
|---|--|
| government guidelines and policies | ✓ Unreliable market of farm produces. |
| ✓ Existence of web based planning management system | |

Source: CDC SWOC analysis report, (2021).

2.4.2 Stakeholders Analysis

Stakeholders' analysis was conducted in the course of preparation of the five years strategic plan of Chemba District Council for the purpose to draw down the available potential stakeholders. Since the council has diverse number of stakeholders, which collectively with the council may promote or hinder development of the council. Therefore, understanding their interest, capacities as well as their group concerns were important.

Table 78: CDC Stakeholder Analysis

| Name of stakeholder | Role of stakeholder | Expectation of stakeholder | Potential impact if expectation is not meet | Rank |
|---------------------|---|---|--|------|
| Community | -Participating in planning and budgeting -Beneficially / implementer of project plans -Contribution in development project in terms of financial and manpower | -Quality services -Empowerment (socially or economically) -Value for money -Transparency | -Reluctance in support or contribution to the community project -Mistrust -Conflict | High |
| Councilors | -Formulating council by-laws -Approve council budget and plans -Council decision makers | -Good service delivery -Value for money -Conducive working environment | -Termination of employment -Conflict with management -Mistrust of council staff | High |
| Council staff | -Provide services to the people -Prepare council budget and plan -Interprets and implement government | -Conducive working environment -Incentive payment -Capacity building | -Low job turnover -Low working morale -Sabotage | High |

| Name of stakeholder | Role of stakeholder | Expectation of stakeholder | Potential impact if expectation is not meet | Rank |
|---|---|--|---|--------|
| Council staff | guidelines and policies | -Timely payment of salary | | |
| Central government | -Providing policies and guidelines -Allocating resources -Providing budget ceiling | -Integrity -Quality service -Value for money -Compliance with rule and regulations | -Dismissal | High |
| Utility and Regulatory authorities | -Supply of utility and services -Provide guidelines and regulations | -Compliance -Conducive working environment | -Cut off services -Sued before court | High |
| Financial institution | Provision of financial services | -Conducive business environment -Compliance | -Mistrust -Termination of services -Financial insecurity | High |
| CBO's and NGO's | Support socio- economic services | -Conducive working environment -Community support -Recognition | -Withdrawal from service provision -Mistrust | Medium |
| Development partners' | Financial assistance | -Value for money -Quality service -Transparency -Compliance | -Withdrawal -Mistrust | High |
| Potential investors | -Budget support -Source of income -Support development project | -Quality service -Conducive investment environment -Value for money | -Termination of service -Discourage of other investors -Decrease of revenue -Decrease of development budget | Medium |
| Faith organization (religious organization) | -Faith services (moral support) -Education services -Health services -Child care centre support | -Conducive working environment -Recognition -Appreciation -Quality services | -Withdrawal of services -Mistrust | Medium |

| Name of stakeholder | Role of stakeholder | Expectation of stakeholder | Potential impact if expectation is | Rank |
|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|
| | | | not meet | |
| | -Peace and | | | |
| | harmony support | | | |
| | -Technical support | | | |
| Service | -Supply services | -Economic gain | -Mistrust | High |
| providers | and goods | -Trust | -Sue | |
| | | -Compliance | -Withdrawal | |
| | | -Transparency | | |
| Political parties | -Sensitization in | -Quality of | -Conflict | High |
| | development - | services | -Mistrust | |
| | Execution of | -Transparency | -Sue | |
| | political leadership | -Compliance | -Job termination | |
| | -Watchdog of | -Value for | | |
| | government | money | | |
| | performance | | | |
| Military | -Assurance of | -Recognition | -To implicate | Medium |
| institution | peace and security | -Appreciation | -non | |
| | -Social support | -Compliance | compliance | |

Source: CDC Stakeholder analysis report, (2021).

CHAPTER THREE

PERFORMANCE REVIEW OF CHEMBA DISTRIC COUNCIL FIVE YEARS MEDIUM TERM STRATEGIC PLAN 2016/2017-2020/21

3.1 Introduction

The performance review of Chemba District Council was based on assessment of the implementation of the previous five years' strategic plan. The major focus of the performance review was to see how so far Chemba District Council managed to achieve its targets, as well as possible factors that constrained the achievements. The performance review was vital towards development of the next Chemba District Council five years' strategic plan. The review of the previous year strategic plan was done in line with available result areas (service departments/units) of Chemba District Council.

3.2 Results Area

3.2.1 Result Area: Human Resource and Administration Department

Strategic Objective

- B: National Anti-Corruption Implementation Strategy Enhanced and Sustained
- C: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved
- E: Good Governance and Adminstrative Services Enhanced

| Objectives | Targets | Achievement | Constraints | Way forward |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| A: Services | HIV/AIDS | Provision of | • Inadequate | Provide |
| Improved and | support | nutritional support | fund | education on |
| HIV/AIDS | services at | to 10 employees | | the |
| Infections | workplace | living with | • Fear to | significances |
| Reduced | strengthened | HIV/AIDS | expose | taking |
| | from 40% to | | themselves | nutrition in |
| | 41% by June | | | the next five |
| | 2021 | | | year strategic |
| | | | | plan. |
| B: National | Percentage | Corruption | Ineffectiveness | Establishment |
| anti-Corruption | of corruption | reduced from 47% | of integrity | of integrity |
| Implementation | at workplace | to 46% | committee | committee in |
| Strategy | reduced | | | the next five |
| Enhanced and | from 47% to | | | years |
| Sustained. | 45% by June | | | strategic plan |
| | 2021 | | | |
| E: Good | Council | From 50% to 52% | Inadequate | Solicit funds |
| Governance | complaint | | fund | in the next 5 |
| and | handling | | | years |
| Administrative | mechanism | | | strategic plan |

| Objectives | Targets | Achievement | Constraints | Way forward |
|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| services | enhanced by | | | |
| Enhanced, | June 2021 | | | |

3.2.2 Result Area: Finance and Trade Department

Strategic Objective

E: Good Government and administrative Services Enhanced

| Objective | Target | Achievements | Constraints | Way forward |
|------------|--|--|--|--|
| C: Access | Conducive | Payment | Insufficient | This should be |
| to Quality | working | partly moving | funds. | budgeted from |
| and | environment to 8 | expenses, and | | Own sources |
| Equitable | Finance and Trade | other | | funds and to be |
| Social | department staffs | statutory | | carried forward in |
| Services | improved by June | benefit | | next 5 years |
| Delivery | 2021 | | | strategic plan |
| Improved | Sustainable management and conservation of 24 Financial sources by June 2021 | Identifying some potential Financial sources in some villages. | Funds for implementing activities not enough | Creation of all potential financial sources, and to be carried forward in next 5 years strategic plan |
| | Access the long term flow of Money from 50% to 70% by June 2021 | Flow money increased from 50% to 90% | Some communities reluctant to establish new Source of Revenue | To access the sustainability and create incentive for more and better aid for trade in the next five years strategic plan. |

3.2.3 Result Area: Planning, Statistics and Monitoring Department

Strategic Objective

E: Good Governance and Administrative Services Enhanced

| Objective | Target | Achievements | Constraints | Way forward |
|-------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|--------------------|
| E: Enhance | | Council, | Inadequate | Set aside funds |
| good | preparation of | monthly, | of working | from Own sources |
| governance | Council monthly, | quarterly and | tools. | in next 5 years |
| and | quarterly and | annual reports | | strategic plan |
| administrat | annual reports by | were prepared | | |
| ive | the year 2023 | | | |
| Services. | Ensured | Payment | Inadequate | To be sustained in |
| | conducive | partly moving | fund | the next 5 years |
| | working | expenses, and | | strategic plan |
| | environment of | other statutory | | |
| | Planning | benefit | | |

| Objective | Target | Achievements | Constraints | Way forward |
|---------------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| E: Enhance good governance and | ,Statistics and Monitoring department by the year 2024 | | | |
| administrat ive Services. | Planning monitoring and supervision of District Development Projects enhanced by the year 2024 | Monitoring and Supervision of all the district Development Project | Inadequate fund, inadequate transport facilities, Inadequate staffs | To be sustained in the next 5 years strategic plan |
| | Community Initiatives in 26 wards promoted trough catalyst Development Funds Support by the year 2024 | Community Initiatives in 26 wards supported | Inadequate fund | To be sustained in the next 5 years strategic plan |
| | Quality data insured from 2 Department/secti on to 17 Department/ Section and to 26 wards by the year 2023 | Quality data collected, analyzed and distributed to stakeholders. | Shortage of staff, Lack of data bank, Inadequate knowledge of data collection, analysis and interpretatio n | To be sustained in the next 5 years strategic plan |

3.2.4 Result Area Primary Education Department

Strategic Objective

- A. Services improved and HIV/AIDS infection reduced
- C: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved
- D: Quantity and Quality of Socio-Economic services and infrastructure increased
- G. Improve Emergency and Disaster Management
- E: Good Governance and Administrative Services Enhanced

| Objective | Target | Achievements | Constraints | Way forward |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| C: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved | Conducive teaching and learning environment of pre and primary education at 103 primary schools by June 2021 | Conducive working environment improved to 56 Primary School | Insufficient fund, Poor Infrastructures. | This should be budgeted from Own sources funds and to be carried forward in next 5 years strategic plan |
| | Pass rate National examination increased from 35.7 % to 80 % for standard IV and 57% to 80% for standard VII by June 2021 | Standard IV increased from 35.7 to 92.92, Standard VII from 57% to 71% | Inadequate teachers, Inadequate infrastructure, Dropout, Inadequate fund | Should be carried to the next 5 years. |
| D. Quantity and Quality of Socio-Economic services and infrastructure increased | School infrastructure for basic education increased from 40% to 50% by June 2021. | School infrastructures increased from 40% to 52% | Inadequate fund | This should be budgeted from Own sources and Central Government funds and to be carried forward in next 5 years strategic plan |
| Y. Multi- sartorial nutrition services improved | Increased proportion of primary schools implementing school meals(nutrition) from 25% to 45% by June 2021 | Increased from 25% to 30% | Delay of the community to contribute, Inadequate fund | Should be carried to the next 5 years strategic plan. |

2.3.5 Result Area: Secondary Education Department

Strategic Objective

C: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved

D: Quantity and Quality of Socio-Economic services and infrastructure increased

E: Good Governance and Administrative Services Enhanced

| Objective | Target | Achievements | Constraints | Way forward |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| C: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved | Secondary School buildings, Furniture and Teaching materials increased from 85% to 95% by June 2021 | Increased from 85% to 93% | Inadequate fund | This should be carried in the next 5 years strategic plan. |
| | Pass rate CSEE increased from 54% to 85% ACSEE from 99% to 100% respectively by June 2021 | CSEE increased from 54% to 80%, ACSEE increased from 99% to 100% | Inadequate teachers, Inadequate infrastructure, Dropout, Inadequate fund | Should be carried to the next 5 years strategic plan. |
| | Free education enhanced to 22 secondary schools by June 2021 | Provision of free education to 22 schools | | Should be carried to the next 5 years strategic plan. |
| | Teaching and Learning Environment in Three secondary school improved from 50% to 100% by June 2021 | Improved from 50% to 70% | Inadequate fund, Poor infrastructures, Inadequate teachers, inadequate teaching materials | Should be carried forward to the next 5 years strategic plan. |
| | Secondary School buildings including 12 Hostels and 66 Laboratories completed by June 2021 | constructed, 9 | Inadequate fund | Should be carried forward to the next 5 years strategic plan |
| Y. Multi- Sectorial nutrition services improved | Reduced prevalence of overweight among adults from 15% to 90% by June, 2021 | No achievement | Lack of fund to implement | Should be carried to the next 5 years strategic plan. |

2.3.6 Result Area: Health Department

Strategic Objective

C: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved

| Objective | Target | Achievements | Constraints | Way forward |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| C: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved | Improve availability of medicine, medical equipment and medical supplies from 65% to 75% by June 2021 Maternal mortality | | | Strengthening collection of user fees and insurance schemes in the next five years strategic plan Capacity |
| | rate reduced from 23/100,000 to18/100,000 by June 2021 | achievement. | implementing activities not disbursed timely Shortage of skilled personnel | building of available staffs and Timely and periodically rehabilitation of old infrastructure in the next five years strategic plan |
| | Malaria prevalence reduced from 4.8% to 3.5% by June 2021 | Percentage reduction of malaria prevalence to 0.6% | Insufficient funds. Negative attitude of the community towards ITNS | Increase funds and to be carried forward in next 5 years strategic plan |
| | practices and sanitation capacity at all HFs strengthened from 50% to 60% by June 2020 | Increased from 50% to 72% | Funds disbursed not sufficient to implement activities | To be carried forward in next 5 years strategic plan |
| | Access to health and social welfare services to vulnerable groups increased from 40% to 60% by June 2021 | Percentage increase in health accessibility to vulnerable groups from 40% to 60% | Funds for implementing activities not disbursed timely Shortage of skilled personnel | Utilization of other available fund sources in the next 5 years strategic plan |
| | Organizational structure and institutional management capacity at all | Improvement of institutional management from 55% to | Inadequate knowledge on institutional management. | Train and equip all staff with updated guidelines and policies in the |

| Objective | Target | Achievements | Constraints | Way forward |
|-----------|-----------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------|
| | levels improved | 75% | | five years |
| | from 55% to 65% | | | strategic plan. |
| | by June 2021 | | | |

3.2.7 Result Area: Water Department

Strategic Objective

C: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved

D: Quantity and Quality of Socio-Economic services and infrastructure increased

3.2.9 Result Area: Works Department

Strategic Objective

D: Quantity and Quality of Socio-Economic services and infrastructure increased

E: Good Governance and Administrative Services Enhanced

| Objective | Target | Achievements | Constraints | Way forward |
|----------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------|
| D: Quantity | Conducive | 5 staff | Insufficient | Solicit fund from |
| and Quality | working | capacitated. | funds, | central |
| of Socio- | environment | | NT C 1 | government in the |
| Economic | enhanced to 5 | | No funds | next five years |
| services and | works staff by | | from LGBG. | strategic plan. |
| infrastructure | the year 2024 | | | |
| increased | - | | | |
| | | | | |

3.2.10 Result Area: Community Development Department

Strategic Objective

A: Services Improved and HIV/AIDS Infection Reduced

F: Social Welfare, Gender and Community Empowerment Improved

| Objective | Target | Achievements | Constraints | Way forward |
|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| C: Services | Improved services | Partly | Inadequacy | - Increase |
| Improved and | to people with | supported to | of support | revenue |
| HIV/AIDS | HIV/AIDS by | some of | | collection to |
| Infections | 2026 | events | | support the |
| Reduced | | | | programme |
| | | | | -Involve stakeholders like NGOs |

| Objective | Target | Achievements | Constraints | Way forward |
|---|---|---|----------------------------------|--|
| C: Services Improved and HIV/AIDS Infections Reduced | Reduced HIV infections by 2026 | -Condoms distribution -Use of ARV drugs | Inadequacy of support | - Increase revenue collection to support the programme |
| | | | | -Involve stakeholders like NGOs |
| F: Social welfare, Gender and Community Empowerment Improved | Number of women increased in decision making participation by 2026 | -Availability of women leaders -Participation of women in meeting | Insufficient funds support | - Increase revenue collection to support |
| | Number of youth employed is increased by 2026 | Availability of employment opportunities | Insufficient funds support | - Increase revenue collection to support |
| | Increased rate of people participating in development project by 2026 | Participation of community in development projects | Insufficient funds support | - Increase revenue collection to support |
| | The income of the community increased by 2026 | | | |
| | Sense of family and children care and protection is insured by 2026 | -Cases attended -Family resolution | Poverty | Improve social income and services |
| | Improved care and support to people with disabilities by 2026 | Supported people with disabilities | Inadequacy of fund | - Increase revenue collection |
| | Increased Relief Assistance Service and wages by 2026 | Availability of supported household and individual beneficiaries | Unreliable flow of fund | -Reliable flow of fund -Implement all the Components of the programme |

3.2.11 Result Area: Environment and Solid Waste Management Department Strategic Objective

C: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved

| Objective | Target | Achievement | Constraints | Way Forward |
|---|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------|---|
| G: Management of Natural Resources and Environment Improved | Tree seedlings raised and planted increased from 500,000 to 1,000,000 by June 2021 | 50% | Inadequate fund | Solicit fund in the next five years strategic plan |
| Improved | Solid waste collection and disposal increased from 5 to 20 tone per day by June 2021 | 5 to 10 tone | Inadequate fund | Solicit fund in the next five years strategic plan |
| | Hazard and risks reduced by 30% by June 2021 | Hazard and risks reduced by 5% | Inadequate fund | Solicit fund in the next five years strategic plan |
| | Enhancement of solid waste ensured by June 2021 | Not done | Inadequate fund | Solicit fund in the next five years strategic plan |
| | New community based forest reserves in 10 villages established by June 2021 | 5 CBFR established | Inadequate fund | Solicit fund in the next five years strategic plan |
| | New Community Development Projects undertaking implemented by June 2021 | Done for 3 only projects | Inadequate fund | Solicit fund in the next five years strategic plan |
| | District state of the environment reviewed by June 2021 | Not done | Inadequate fund | Solicit fund in the next five years strategic plan |

| Objective | Target | Achievement | Constraints | Way Forward |
|-------------|---|----------------|---|---|
| G: | Local community | Done in few | Inadequate | Solicit fund in |
| Management | awareness on | villages | fund | the next five |
| of Natural | environmental | | | years strategic |
| Resources | laws and its | | | plan |
| and | regulations | | | |
| Environment | created by June | | | |
| Improved | 2021 | | | |
| | Survival rate of planted trees enhanced by June 2021 | Only 50% | Prolonged dry period, termites, Inadequate fund | Solicit fund in the next five years strategic plan |
| | Proper | Not done | Inadequate | Solicit fund in |
| | management of | | fund | the next five |
| | cemeteries | | | years strategic |
| | enhanced by June | | | plan |
| | 2021 | | | |
| | Proper management of liquid waste enhanced by June 2021 | Not done | Inadequate fund | Solicit fund in the next five years strategic plan |
| | Proper solid | Not done | Inadequate | Solicit fund in |
| | waste | | fund | the next five |
| | management | | | years strategic |
| | enhanced by June 2021 | | | plan |
| | Environmental | Facilitated by | Inadequate | Solicit fund in |
| | Action Plan | stakeholders | fund | the next five |
| | prepared by June | in 3 villages | | years strategic |
| | 2021 | only | | plan |
| | | | | |

3.2.12 Result Area: Lands and Natural Resources Department

Strategic Objective

- D. Quantity and quality of social economic services and Infrastructure increased
- G. Management of Natural Resources and Environment Sustained

| Objective | Target | Achievements | Constraints | Way forward |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| G: Management of Natural Resources and Environment Improved. | The growth of Chemba planning area controlled by the year 2021. | Payment partly extra duty, and other statutory benefit | Insufficient funds, No funds from LGBG. | Set aside funds from Own sources in next 5 years strategic plan |
| | Number of planted trees increased from 1,500,000 to 4,500,000 by the year 2021. | Increased from 1,500,000 to 3,700,000 | Insufficient funds, No funds from LGBG. | Set aside funds from Own sources in next 5 years strategic plan |
| | Natural resources working condition improved | Awareness creation on afforestation issues | Some communities to be reluctant on conservation issues. | To solicit fund from various stakeholders in the next five years strategic plan |
| D: Quantity and Quality of Socio-Economic services and infrastructure increased. | Land use management promoted and maintained in all villages by the year 2023 | Promoted and maintained to 77 villages | Funds not disbursed to implement activities | Set aside funds from Own sources in next 5 years strategic plan |
| | Conducive working environment to 5 staffs in land offices created by the year 2023 | 5 staff capacitated. | Insufficient funds, No funds from LGBG. | Solicit fund from central government in the next five years strategic plan. |

| Objective | Target | Achievements | Constraints | Way forward |
|----------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| D: Quantity | Existing land | To put village | Insufficient | Set aside funds |
| and Quality of | conflicts in 114 | boundary | funds. | from Own |
| Socio- | villages | beacons so as to | No funds from | sources in next |
| Economic | resolved by | reduce conflicts | LGBG. | 5 years |
| services and | June 2021. | in 77 villages | | strategic plan |
| infrastructure | | | | years plans |
| increased. | Asset | Not done | Insufficient | Set aside funds |
| | Valuation | | funds. | from Own |
| | conducted by | | | sources in next |
| | the year 2021. | | | 5 years |
| | | | | strategic plan |

3.2.13 Result Area: Livestock and Fisheries Department

Strategic Objective

D: Quantity and Quality of Socio-Economic Services and Infrastructure increased

E: Good Governance and Administrative Services Enhanced

| Objective | Target | Achievement | Constraints | Way Forward |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| D: Quantity and Quality of Socio- Economic services and | Animal diseases reduced from 65% to 35% | From 65% to 45% | Inadequate fund | Sustained in the next five years Strategic Plan |
| infrastructure increased | Quality animal product increased from 35% to 70% at Chemba Dc | From 35% to 50% | No enough fund from own source | Fund should be budgeted in the next five years strategic plan |
| | Livestock infrastructures improved and mortality rate decreased to 5% | Decreased to 8% | No enough fund from own source | Fund should be budgeted in the next five years strategic plan |
| | Revenue from livestock Market increased from 35% to 55% | From 35% to 65% | No funds from Central government | Solicit fund in the next five years strategic plan |
| | Ensure highly performance of data colletion of ARDS to all 114 vilages. | From 88 villages to 104 villages | No enough trainee staff | Sustained in the next five years Strategic Plan |

| Objective | Target | Achievement | Constraints | Way Forward |
|---|---|-----------------|---|--|
| Y. Multi- sartorial nutrition services improved | Animal products and production increased (milk from 1.5 to 5 litters, cattle live weight from 150kg to 250kg) in 10 villages | From 50% to 65% | No enough fund from own source | Sustained in the next five years Strategic Plan |
| | Increased number of household sensitized on importance of consuming nutrient dense food from 25% to 75. %. | From 25% to 50% | No enough fund from Central Government | Sustained in the next five years Strategic Plan |

3.2.14 Result Area: Legal Unit

Strategic Objective

C: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Service Delivery Improved

| Objective | Target | Achievements | Constraints | Way forward |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| B: National anti-Corruption Implementation Strategy Enhanced and Sustained | Ensure good working environment to one Legal office by June 2021 | Provision o working tools and statutory benefit. | Insufficient fund, Shortage of staff | Set aside funds from Own sources in next 5 years strategic plan |
| | Ensure rule of law enhanced to 26 wards in the year 2021 | Training of 15 ward tribunals, Number of cases reduced from 6 to 2 cases | Insufficient fund, Lack of proper records keeping tools | Set aside funds from Own sources in next 5 years strategic plan |

2.3.15 Result Area: Procurement and Management Unit

Strategic Objective

C: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved

E: Good Governance and Administrative Services Enhanced.

| Objective | ctive Target | | Target Achievement constr | | constraints | Way foward |
|------------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------------------|------------------|-------------|------------|
| C: Access to | Procurement | Improved | Inadequate | Set aside funds | | |
| Quality and | services at the | from 75% to | fund, | from Own sources | | |
| Equitable Social | council level | 80% | Shortage of | in next 5 years | | |
| Services | improved from | | Staff | strategic plan | | |
| Delivery | 75% to 90 % by | | | | | |
| Improved | June 2021 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

3.2.16 Result Area: Internal Audit Unit

Strategic Objective

C: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved

E: Good Governance and Administrative Services Enhanced

| Objective | Target | Achievements | Constraints | Way forward |
|----------------------------------|--|------------------------|---|--|
| E: Good | Ensure | 12 Audit | Inadequate | Set aside funds |
| Governance | compliance to | Reports | of working | from Own |
| and | financial | prepared. | tools. | sources in next 5 |
| Administrative services Enhanced | procedures is enhanced by 2021. | | Insufficient funds. | years strategic plan |
| | Conducive working environment in Internal Audit staffs enhanced by the year 2021 | Working tools procured | Inadequate number of staff. Insufficient funds. | Sustained in the next five year Strategic Plan |

3.2.17 Result Area: ICT and Public Relations Unit

Strategic Objective

E: Good Governance and Administrative Services Enhanced

| Objective | Target | Achievements | Constraints | Way forward |
|-----------|----------------|--------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| C: Access | Conducive | Collections | Brocken of | Set aside funds |
| to | working | are made | POS | from Own |
| Quality | environment of | through POS | machines, | sources in next 5 |
| and | finance | machines for | T | years strategic |
| Equitable | department | 64% | Internet | plan |
| Social | improved for | | access | |
| Services | 100%. | | | |
| Delivery | | | | |
| Improved | | | | |
| _ | | | | |

3.2.18 Result Area: Election Unit

Strategic Objective

E: Good Governance and Administrative Services Enhanced

| Objective | Target | Achievements | Constraints | Way forward |
|----------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|------------------|
| E: Good | Ensure good | Working tools | Inadequate | Sustained in the |
| Governance | working | procured | number of | next five year |
| and | environment to | | staff. | Strategic Plan |
| Administrative | Legal office. | | Insufficient | |
| Services | | | | |
| Enhanced | | | funds. | |

3.2.19 Result Area: Beekeeping Unit

Strategic Objective

E: Good Governance and Administrative Serviced Enhanced

D: Quantity and Quality of Socio-Economic services and

Infrastructure Increased

| Objective | Target | Achievement | Constraints | Way Forward |
|---------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| G: | Number of | Not done | Funds not | To be carried |
| Management | modem | | disbursed to | forward in next |
| of Natural | beehives | | implement | 5 years Strategic |
| Resources and | increased from | | activities from | Plan |
| Environment | 100 to 500 by | | own source | |
| Improved | the year 2021 | | | |

3.3 Analysis of Recent Initiative

The analysis of recent initiative was considered during the preparation of Chemba District Council strategic plan for the purpose to identify major concern that emerged along the way of implementing the outgoing strategic plan. This process provided an avenue to measure how the council responded to the respective initiative as well as what achievement so far have been recorded and what considered being way forward over the issues.

3.3.1 Human Resource and Management Department

• Operation of Ghost Employees

| Initiatives | | | Achievements | Further Action |
|-------------|----|-------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Operation | of | Ghost | 32 ghost workers identified | To be sustained in the next |
| Employees | | | | five years strategic plan |

3.3.2 Primary Education Department

- Construction of 0 Pre-Primary classrooms
- Fabrication of 0 desks in Pre and Primary schools

| Initiatives | Achievement | Further Actions |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 203 Pre- Primary | 0 Pre Primary schools | Carried forward to the |
| classrooms | classrooms constructed | next five years strategic |
| | | plan |
| 4,545 Pre- Primary school | 0 Pre - Primary schools | Carried forward to next |
| desks | desks constructed | five years strategic plan |
| | | |

3.3.3 Secondary Education Department

- Fabrication of 336 tables and chairs in secondary school
- Construction of 66 science Laboratories

| Initiatives | Achievement | Further actions |
|-------------------------------|---|---|
| Fabrication of 3,485 desks | 1200 desks fabricated. | To be sustained in the next five years strategic plan |
| Construction of 6Laboratories | 6 laboratories completed and 3 uncompleted with debt. | |

CHAPTER FOUR THE PLAN 2021/22-2025/26

4.1 Overview

This Chapter presents the revitalized plan of Chemba District Council. The chapter begins with the agreed vision, mission and core values that will provide guidance during execution of this strategic plan. It presents strategic issues that the districts councils considers most fundamental to be achieved in the specified duration of this plan. Also, the strategic objectives, services output, targets as well as strategies and performance indicators in every service department/unit are clearly articulated. The chapter shows also how various strategic interventions will be undertaken during the five (5) years of the strategic planning cycle that will contribute towards realization of National Third Five Year Development Plan 2021/22-2025/26, ruling part manifesto 2020-2025 as well as Sustainable Development Goals 2030, African Agenda 2063 and East Africa Vision 2050.

4.2 Vision, Mission and Core Values

4.2.1 Vision

Chemba DC is envisioned "to become a Council with Quality Service and Conducive Industrial Investment Environment Creation for Sustainable Development".

4.2.2 Mission

Chemba DC is committed to "provide quality service delivery and facilitate conducive industrial investment environment through effective utilization of available resources for sustainable development".

4.2.3 Core Values

Realization of Chemba DC vision and mission will mainly be guided by the following values:

• Transparency and Accountability:

Chemba District Council staff will be responsible, honesty, diligent, ethical, accurate, and professional and having human respect in decision making.

Teamwork:

Chemba DC staff will work and treat one another with compassion, humility, and respect

• Innovation:

We strive to improve our operational capacity by introducing new ways, ideas and products tailor made to suit the customer

• Creativity and Innovation:

We strive to improve our operational capacity by introducing new ways, ideas and products tailor made to suit the customer

Integrity

In all its undertakings, the CDC staff will uphold and observe accuracy, professional ethics, honesty, corporate social responsibility and human respect.

4.3 Strategic Issues

Strategic issues entail non-routinely undertakings that presents significant charges to the respective organization once implemented effectively and they drill a significant share of the available organization resource envelop. Strategic issues in other ways are viewed as stand-alone projects or flagship projects of the organization to be achieved over a given period of time. Chemba DC in the next five years of strategic planning 2021/22 - 2025/26 dedicates to realize key stand-alone projects of the council that will depend with both internal and external financing mechanism.

| S/ | STRATEG | FINANC | | ST | TRATEGIES | 6 | |
|----|------------|----------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| N | IC ISSUE | ING | | | | | |
| | | MECHA | 2021/22 | 2022/23 | 2023/24 | 2024/25 | 2025/26 |
| | | NISM | | | | | |
| 1. | Constructi | Develop | Feasibilit | Construc | Construc | Facilitie | Facilities |
| | on | ment | y Study | tion | tion | s in use | in use |
| | Chemba | Grants | and | | | | |
| | DC Bus | and Own | Proposal | | | | |
| | Stand | Source | Write-Up | | | | |
| 2. | Constructi | Own | | Feasibilit | Construc | Constru | Facilities |
| | on | Sources | | y Study | tion | ction | in use |
| | Chemba | and | | and | | | |
| | DC | Governm | | Proposal | | | |
| | Modern | ent | | Write-Up | | | |
| | Market | Subsides | | | | | |
| 3. | Constructi | Own | Feasibilit | Construc | Construc | Facilitie | Facilities |
| | on | Sources | y Study | tion | tion | s in use | in use |
| | Chemba | | and | | | | |
| | DC | | Proposal | | | | |
| | Modern | | Write-Up | | | | |
| | Dumping | | | | | | |

| S/ | STRATEG | FINANC | | Sī | TRATEGIES | 5 | |
|----|---|------------------------------------|--|-------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|
| N | IC ISSUE | ING MECHA NISM | 2021/22 | 2022/23 | 2023/24 | 2024/25 | 2025/26 |
| | Site | | | | | | |
| 4. | Constructi on Chemba DC Modern Abattoirs | Own Sources | Feasibilit y Study and Proposal Write-Up | Construc tion | Construc tion | Facilitie s in use | Facilities in use |
| 5. | Establishm ent of Chemba DC Secondary Education High School | Own Sources and Governm ent grants | Feasibilit y Study and Proposal Write-Up | Project design | Constrict ion phase I | Constric tion phase II | Facilities in use |

4.3.1 Construction of Chemba District Council Bus Stand

Modern stand presents an important area of the council to commit resources. Given the strategic allocation of Chemba District Council along the high way running from Captown to Cairo (C to C road) it realizes high rate of on trans buses thus a need for a favourable place to handle them is important within the council. The CDC bus stand will act as a catalyst for revenue enhancement and support quality service delivery within the district council. Therefore, Chemba District Council will strive to develop and construct a bus stand within this period of five years of its strategic plan.

4.3.2 Construction of Chemba DC Modern Market

The council has realized an increase of the population from 1800 in 2017 to 2712 in 2020 residing at the headquarter. However, modern facilities to offer daily necessities to the people still a challenge. Thus, in the period of five years implementation the Chemba DC will strive and direct resources in the construction modern market to support daily necessities of the population.

4.3.3 Construction of Chemba DC Modern Dumping Site

Generation of solid waste within Chemba District Council has been critical. In the implementation of the five years strategic plan efforts will be made to realize a specific place whereby the generated solid wastes within the council will be directed which currently is missing.

4.3.4 Construction of Chemba DC Modern Abattoirs

Livestock sector accounts one among of largest contributing sectors to district revenue. However, modern places whereby buyers and sellers can enjoy interacting with regard to livestock products including meat still missing in the council.

4.3.5 Establishment of Chemba District Council Secondary Education High School

Secondary Education Department is responsible to supervise and deliver quality education to the community (secondary schools students). Chemba district has a total number of 23 secondary schools of which 22 are government based schools and 1 is a private school. Despite of the availability 22 secondary school only 4 Secondary schools provides high level Secondary education in the district. However, the education performance of ordinary secondary schools is significantly increasingly annually that affects the capacity of the available 4 high secondary school in terms of observation thus the need district council secondary education high school is vital.

4.4. Strategic Objectives, Strategic Service Outputs, Targets, Strategies and Performance Indicators

In the five years planning cycle Chemba District Council has adopted nine (9) national harmonized strategic objectives that are to be realized. The objectives are interrelated to the Third National Five Year Development Plan 2021/22-2025/26, Sustainable Development Goals 2030, CCM Election Manifesto 2020-2025, Africa Agenda 2063, East Africa Vision 2050 and other Sector Policies. The adopted strategic objectives include;

- Objective A: Services Improved and HIV/AIDS Infections Reduced
- **Objective B:** National Anti-Corruption Implementation Strategy Enhanced and Sustained.
- **Objective C:** Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved
- **Objective D:** Quality and Quantity of Social Economic Services and Infrastructure Increased
- **Objective E:** Good Governance and Administrative Services Enhanced,
- **Objective F:** Social welfare, Gender and Community Empowerment Improved

- **Objective G:** Management of Natural Resources and Environment Improved
- Objective H: Local Economic Development Coordination Enhanced
- **Objective I:** Emergence and Disaster Management Enhanced

4.4.1 Strategic Service Area 1: Human Resource and Administration Department

This service will contribute to the council's five years strategic plan and other national and global planning framework through implementation of the following strategic objectives **A:** Services Improved and HIV/AIDS Infections Reduced, B: National anti-Corruption Implementation Strategy Enhanced and Sustained and E: Good Governance and Administrative Services Enhanced.

HRA Service Outputs, Key Targets, Strategies and Performance Indicators

| Objective | Service Outputs | Targets | Strategies | Key Performance Indicators |
|--|---|---|--|---|
| A: Services Improved and HIV/AIDS Infections Reduced | Health of staffs enhanced | Provision of education on HIV/AIDS prevention increased from 80 to 110 employees by June 2026 | Conduct advocacy, Provide training | Number of employees trained on HIV/AIDS prevention |
| B: National anti-Corruption Implementation Strategy Enhanced and Sustained. | Rule of law enhanced | Education on to administer according to the laws and regulations to provided to 70 employees by June 2026 | Provide moral and material support | Number of employees facilitated |
| E: Good Governance and Administrative services Enhanced, | Complains among the community and public servants reduced. Participation in decision making enhanced | Council complaints handling methods enhanced by June 2026 Transparent and accountability in the council maintained by June 2025 | Conduct complaints committee meeting, Solicit funds Training and meetings | Number of minutes submitted by VEOs and WEOs Number of meeting conducted |

| Objective | Service Outputs | Targets | Strategies | Key Performance Indicators |
|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| E: Good Governance and Administrative services Enhanced, | Transparency and accountability maintained | Obeying rules and regulations guides public services attained from 50 to 90 employees by June 2026 | Conduct training, Create awareness | Number of employees obeys |
| | Record management improved | Records management efficiency improved from 70% to 90% by June 2026 | Rehabilitate of record Office | % of record management in place |
| | Conducive working environment improved | Conducive working environment to CDC staff improved from 50% to 80% by June 2026 | Provide working equipment and machines | Number of CDC staff facilitated |
| | Staff integrity enhanced | Enforcement workplace integrity attained from 60% to 80% by June 2026 | Capacitate integrity committee members | % of attainment in place |
| | Retention of employees enhanced | Welfare of staff ensured from 40 to 60 by June 2026 | Facilitate statutory benefits | Number of staff facilitated |
| | Qualified skilled staffs increased | Training programme CDC staff increased from 20 to 30 by June 2026 | Facilitate short- term and long- term training programme, Solicit funds | Number of staff trained |

4.4.2 Strategic Service Area 2: Finance and Accounts Department

This strategic service area is responsible for implementation of the following strategic objective E: Good Governance and administrative services enhanced. The service area will contribute to the achievement of the council strategic issues as the service department.

| Objectives | Service Outputs | Targets | Strategies | Performance Indicators |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| C:Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved | Own source revenue collection improved | Conducive working environment of 21 finance department staff improved by June 2026 | Facilitate statutory benefits, Provide training, Conduct | Number of departmental staff facilitated |
| | | High degree of financial self – sufficiency ensured by June 2025 | Creating a profit for the institution over a long run | Degree of financial self-sufficient in place |
| | Internal controls over expenditure enhance | Evaluation of budget execution system ensured annually by June 2026 | commitment And verification of control over expenditure | Evaluation reports of budget execution in place |
| | Production of quality and timely financial reports improved | CDC quality financial reports ensured annually by June 2026 | -Identify potential problems early -cost efficiency | CDC financial reports in place |
| | Council monthly, quarterly and annual reports prepared | Preparation financial reports ensured by June 2026 | Facilitate report preparation, Capacity building | Type of financial reports in place |
| | Business license provision system improved | Revenue collection from business license increased from 85% to 100% by June 2026 | -Develop new product lines -Customer service | % of increase in place |

4.4.3 Strategic Service Area 3: Planning, Statistics and Monitoring Department

This service department is responsible for implementing the following strategic objectives E: Enhance good governance and administrative Services and H: Local Economic Development Coordination Enhanced. Through these strategic objectives the service area will contribute to the 8 Chemba District Council strategic issue identified in this strategic plan by coordinating all sectors towards realization of the expected ultimate results by 2021.

| Objectives | Service Outputs | Targets | Strategies | Key Performance Indicators |
|--|---|---|---|----------------------------------|
| E: Enhance good governance and administrative Services. | quality of data provided | Quality data to the 13 Departments, 6 Units and 26 wards ensured by June 2026 | Facilitate data collection, conduct capacity building | Type of data in place |
| | Conducive working environment improved | Conducive working environment to 3 department staff ensured by June 2026 | Facilitate statutory benefits, Provide office working tools | Office operation |
| | Projects Implementation strengthened | Capacity on project implementation in 13 departments and 6 units ensured by June 2026 | Facilitate capacity building on project implementation | Number of project ensured |
| | Reporting mechanism strengthened | Preparation of Council monthly, quarterly and annual reports ensured by June 2026 | Facilitate report preparation, Conduct capacity building | Number of reports prepared. |
| | Community | Community | Use of Improved | Plan and |

| Objectives | Service Outputs | Targets | Strategies | Key Performance |
|----------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| | | | | Indicators |
| E: Enhance | needs/priorities | Initiatives in 26 | O&OD, | Budget |
| good | well addressed | wards through | Facilitate | |
| governance | in Council | catalyst | capacity | |
| and | plans and | Development | building to | |
| administrative | Budget | Funds Support | Ward | |
| Services. | | promoted by | Facilitators | |
| | | June 2026 | (WFs) | |
| H: Local | Investment | Availability of | Facilitate review | Reviewed |
| Economic | profile | modified | council | Investment |
| Development | prepared. | Council | investment | profile in |
| Coordination | | investment | profile | place |
| Enhanced | | Profile ensured | | |
| | | by June 2026 | | |
| | Conducive | Preparation of | Proposal | Number of |
| | environment | investment | Writings, | investor in |
| | for Investors | proposals | - | the council |
| | created | enhanced by | attractive | |
| | | June 2026. | environment, | |

4.4.4 Strategic Service Area 4: Primary Education Department

This service area will utilize the following strategic objectives to contribute on the achievements of the council five years strategic plan C: Access to quality and equitable social services Delivery Improved, D: Quantity and Quality of Social Economic Services and Infrastructure Increased and E: Good Governance and Administrative services enhanced.

| Strategic Objective | Service Output | Target | Strategies | Key Performance |
|---|---------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|
| C: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved | Illiterate people reduced | Enrolment rate of children with official school age in pre- primary education increased from 75% to 100% by June 2026 | Sensitize and conduct census of 0-13 years old children in 1114 villages create awareness to 103 school committee members, | % of enrollment in place |
| | Illiterate people | Enrolment | Sensitize and | % of |

| Strategic Objective | Service Output | Target | Strategies | Key Performance Indicators |
|---|---|---|---|--|
| C: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved | reduced. | rate of children with official school age in primary education increased from 85% to 100% by June 2026 | conduct census of children in 114 villages , create awareness to xxx school board members, | enrollment in place |
| | Pass rate increased | Pass rate increased from 61% to 95% for STD VII and 93% to 100% for STD IV by June 2025 | Site visiting, Organize training and seminars to primary teachers on complex topics. Conducting Mock examination and conducting quarter evaluation. | % of pass rate of the respective levels in place |
| | Culture, sports and games activities enhanced. | Culture, sports and games activities of primary schools enhanced from 75% to 85% by June 2026 | To facilitate sports materials, conducting various sports competition | % of increase in place |
| E: Good Governance and Administrative services enhanced | | Working environment of education staffs improved from 85% to 95% by June 2026 | Training and supporting education staff moving and levee expenses | % of staff facilitated |
| | Efficient/Effective Management and leadership | Managerial and leadership skills for education | Providing relevant and adequate stock of knowledge and professional | % of leadership skills in place |

| Strategic Objective | Service Output | Target | Strategies | Key Performance Indicators |
|--|---|--|--|---|
| E: Good Governance and Administrative services | | staffs increased from 91% 97% by the year 2025 | skills to teachers. | |
| enhanced | Improved leadership and administration in schools | Managerial skills to Primary school teachers and school Supervision increased from 40% 100% by June 2026 | Conduct one day training to 26 WECs and 103 Head teachers on management skills | % of increase in place |
| D: Quantity and Quality of Social Economic Services and Infrastructure Increased | Primary school teachers supported in various expenses. | Primary school teachers supported in various expenses improved from 85% to 95% by June 2026 | Improving working environment, appraising motivating high quality performance and rewarding. | % improvements in place |
| | Conducive Teaching and Learning Environment | Primary schools classrooms increased from 779 classrooms to 1562 by June 2026 | Improving quality human and fixed assets. Construction, rehabilitation and maintenance of primary school infrastructures | Number of classrooms in place |
| | Conducive Teaching and Learning Environment | School teachers' houses increased from 328 to 1404 by June 2026 | Construction, rehabilitation and maintenance of primary school infrastructures | Number of teacher's house constructed. |
| | Conducive Teaching and Learning | Primary school desks increased | Purchase and maintenance of primary school | Number of desks available in |

| Strategic Objective | Service Output | Target | Strategies | Key Performance Indicators |
|---|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| D: Quantity and Quality of Social | Environment | from 13454 to 21620 by June 2026 | finitudes | primary schools |
| Economic Services and Infrastructure Increased | Conducive Teaching and Learning Environment | Pit latrines to 103 primary schools increased from 1027 to 1667 by June 2026 | Construction, rehabilitation and maintenance of primary school infrastructures | Number of pit latrines constructed. |

4.4.5 Strategic Service Area 5: Secondary Education Department

This department service area is responsible for the following strategic objectives C: Access to quality and equitable social services Delivery Improved, D: Quantity and Quality of Social Economic Services and Infrastructure Increased.

| Strategic Objective | Service Output | Target | Strategies | Key Performance Indicators |
|---|----------------------------|---|---|----------------------------------|
| C: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved | Illiterate people reduced | Enrolment rate of form one student increased from 85% to 95% by June 2026 | Sensitize and collect projection of enrolment from 103 primary schools | % of enrollment in place |
| | Illiterate people reduced. | Completion rate increased from 70% in to 90% by June 2026 | Sensitize community on the essence of availability of school meals, fruits and vegetables to 22 secondary school, facilitate establishment 22 self-reliance project | Completion rate in place |
| | Pass rate | Pass rate of | Site visiting, | Pass rate in |
| | increased | Form II | Organize | place |

| Strategic Objective | Service Output | Target | Strategies | Key Performance Indicators |
|---|---|--|---|---|
| C: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved | | Increased from 82% to 100%, Form IV increased from 79% to 100% and Form VI maintain 100% by June 2026 | training and seminars to secondary teachers on complex topics. Conducting Mock examination and conducting quarter evaluation, | Indicators |
| | Culture, sports and games activities enhanced. | Culture, sports and games activities of secondary schools enhanced from 75% to 85% by June 2026. | Facilitate sports materials, conducting various sports competition | % of culture, sports and games in place |
| E: Good Governance and Administrative services enhanced | Conducive working environment improved | Working environment of 22 secondary school education department staff improved from 70% to 95% by June 2026 | Training and supporting education staff moving and leave expenses | % of improved working environment in place |
| | Efficient/Effective Management and leadership Improved | Managerial and leadership skills for education staff developed from 81% to 93% by June 2026 | Providing relevant and adequate stock of knowledge and professional skills to teachers. | % of managerial skills in place |

| Strategic Objective | Service Output | Target | Strategies | Key Performance Indicators |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| E: Good Governance and Administrative services enhanced | leadership and administration in schools | skills to Secondary school teachers and school Supervision increased from 85%to 100% by June 2026 | day training to 33 Head of schools on management skills | leadership and managerial skill in place. |
| | Secondary school teachers supported in various expenses. | Secondary school teachers supported in various expenses increased from 75% to 95% by June 2026 | Improving working environment, appraising motivating high quality performance and rewarding. | % of secondary school teachers supported |
| D. Quantity and Quality of Social Economic Services and Infrastructure Increased | Conducive Teaching and Learning Environment | -Secondary schools classrooms increased from 231 to 445 by June 2026 | Improving quality human and fixed assets. Construction, rehabilitation and maintenance of secondary school infrastructures | Number of classrooms in place |
| | Conducive Teaching and Learning Environment | -School teachers' houses increased from 88 to 260 by June 2026 | Construction, rehabilitation and maintenance of secondary school infrastructures | Number of teacher's house in place |
| | Conducive Teaching and Learning Environment | Science Secondary school's laboratories increased from 10 to 66 by June | Solicit funds, sensitize community | Number of science laboratories in place/increased |

| Strategic | Service Output | Target | Strategies | Key |
|----------------|----------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Objective | | | | Performance |
| | | | | Indicators |
| D. Quantity | | 2026 | | |
| and Quality of | Conducive | Pit latrines | Construction, | Number of pit |
| Social | Teaching and | to 22 | rehabilitation | latrines in |
| Economic | Learning | secondary | and | place. |
| Services and | Environment | schools | maintenance of | |
| Infrastructure | | increased | secondary | |
| Increased | | from 269 to | school | |
| | | 434 by June | infrastructures | |
| | | 2026 | | |

4.4.6 Strategic Service Area 6: Health Department

This service area will utilize the following strategic objectives in contribution to the achievements of council five years strategic plan A: Services Improved and HIV/AIDS Infection Reduced C: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved F: Social welfare, Gender and Community Empowerment Improved

| Strategic Objective | Service Outputs | Targets | Strategies | Key Performance Indicators |
|--|---|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| A: Services Improved and HIV/AIDS Infections Reduced | HIV test and care improved | Prevalence rate of HIV among OPD case is reduced from 1.95 to 1% by June 2026 | PITC,VCT | HIV prevalence rate reduced. |
| C: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved | Medicines /Medical supplies/Medical equipment/labora tory reagents and vaccines services improved | Availability of medicine, medical equipment and medical supplies improved from 95.6% to 100% by June 2026 | Medicine, medical equipment' s and medical supplies facilitated | % of improvement in place |
| | Reproductive and Child Health care improved | Maternal mortality rate reduced from 2 to 1 by June 2026 | Focused antenatal care (includes PMTCT, Birth | Maternal mortality rate reduced |

| Strategic Objective | Service Outputs | Targets | Strategies | Key Performance Indicators |
|--|--|--|---|--|
| C: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved | | | preparedne ss, ion, folic acid supplemen tation, IPT, syphilis screening, TT, etc. | |
| | Communicable diseases Managed and Controlled | Malaria prevalence reduced from 4.31% to 2% by June 2026 | community awareness on prevention of malaria | % of reduction of malaria prevalence |
| | Non - Communicable Disease Control Managed and Controlled | Prevalence of eye diseases among OPD cases reduced from 4% to 2% by June 2026 | Communit y sensitizatio n, eye screening and surgery | % of reduction of eye diseases in place |
| | Treatment and care of other common diseases of local priority improved | Prevalence of oral diseases among OPD reduced from 1% to 0 by June 2026 | Communit y awareness, mobile clinics and Dental chair, | %reduction of oral diseases in place |
| | Non – Communicable Disease Control Managed and Controlled | Mental health conditions reduced from 2 % to 1% and substance abuse from 24% to 12% by June 2026 | Communit y awareness, health education | % of reduction of mental health and substance abuse in place |
| | Treatment and care of other common diseases of local priority improved | Prevalence of soil transmitted helminthesis reduced from 6.9% to 3.9% by June 2026 | Communit y and school screening | % of intestinal worms reduced |
| | Human Resource for health in terms | Shortage of skilled and mixed human | Statutory benefit (allowances | % of reduction in place |

| Strategic Objective | Service Outputs | Targets | Strategies | Key Performance Indicators |
|--|---|---|--|---|
| C: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved | of number professional Mix at all levels improved | resource for health reduced from 52 .1 % to 50% by the year 2026 | , burial services, subsistence allowances, disturbance allowances, uniform allowances and leave allowances and training) | |
| D Quantity and Quality of Social Economic Services and Infrastructu re Increased | Environmental Health and Sanitation | Environmental health ,hygiene practices and sanitation capacity at all HFs strengthened from 65% to 85% by June 2026 | Solicit and allocate fund, provide set of prevention and control (IPC) | % of increased hygiene practices |
| E: Good Governance and Administrat ive services Enhanced | Supportive supervision(inclu ding cascade system),mentorshi p and coaching | Organizational structure and institutional management capacity at all levels improved from 75% to 95% by June 2026 | supportive supervision , cascade supervision | % increased in supportive supervision |
| | Community health | Community participation and involvement in health promotion actions to be strengthened from 95% to 100% by June 2026 | HFGC,CHS B | % of Community participation and involvement in place |
| F: Social welfare, Gender and Community Empowerm | Exemptions and waivers of the vulnerable groups in HFs and social protection system | Access to health and social welfare services to vulnerable groups | Sensitize the community , produce identity | %of increase in place |

| Strategic Objective | Service Outputs | Targets | Strategies | Key Performance Indicators |
|---|---|---|--|----------------------------------|
| ent Improved | | increased from 40% to 60% by June 2026 | cards for elderly people, | |
| I:Improve Emergency and Disaster Managemen t | Safe blood transfusion services, instructional capacity building and Mapping of susceptible areas for emergencies in the council | Capacity on management of emergency/disa ster preparedness and response strengthened from 26% to 53% by June 2026 | Staff training and community awareness | % of strengthened in place |
| Y: Multi Sectoral Nutritional Services Improved | Growth Monitoring and Promotion of optimal breast feeding, complementary feeding, responsive feeding & stimulation | Stunting level in the council reduced from 38% to 30% by June 2026 | Communit y health education and manageme nt | % reduced in stunting |

4.4.8 Strategic Service Area 8: Agriculture, Irrigation and Cooperative

This service area will contribute to the council's five years strategic plan and other national and global planning framework through implementation of the following strategic objectives D: Quantity and Quality of Social Economic Services and Infrastructure Increased, G: Emergency and Disaster Management improved

| Objectives | Service | Targets | Strategies | Key |
|--------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------|
| | Outputs | | | Performance |
| | | | | Indicators |
| C. Access to | | Area under | Facilitate use of | Number of |
| Quality and | | cultivation of | improved Seed, | cultivated |
| Equitable | Food security | crops | Provide training | Ha in place |
| Social | enhanced | production | | |
| Services | | increased from | | |
| Delivery | | 120,000Ha to | | |

| Objectives | Service Outputs | Targets | Strategies | Key Performance |
|--|---|---|--|---|
| Improved | | 150,000Ha by June 2026 | | Indicators |
| | Reliable data base for Agriculture activities planning | Availability of reliable agriculture data for decision making ensured by June 2026 | Facilitate collection of reliable data for proper decision making | Nature of data for decision making in place |
| | Agriculture extension services improved | Agriculture department daily operations ensured by June 2026 | Provide operations equipments,conduct capacity building for extension services | Reports of operating feedbacks in place |
| | Crop production increased | Area under irrigation increased from 225 Ha to 300Ha by June 2026 | To increase number of irrigation scheme | Number of irrigated Ha in place |
| D. Quantity and Quality of Social Economic Services and Infrastructure Increased | Crop productivity increased | Agricultural Input to 2000 farmers provided by June 2026 | Facilitate solicitation of farmers input | Number of farmers provided with agricultural input |
| Hicreased | Number of extension staff attended different training programs improved | Transport facilities to 4 agricultural officers provided by June 2026 | Secure transport facilities | Number of agricultural officers facilitated |
| | Crop production increased | Improved irrigation scheme increased from 2 to 6 by June 2026 | facilitate construction of irrigation scheme | number of improved irrigation scheme in place |

| Objectives | Service | Targets | Strategies | Key |
|--------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|-------------|
| | Outputs | | | Performance |
| | | | | Indicators |
| G. | Agricultural | Warehouses | Facilitate the | Number of |
| Emergency | infrastructure | increased from | establishment of | warehouse |
| and Disaster | s improved | 3 to 8 by June | warehouses | in place |
| Management | | 2026. | | |
| improved | | | | |
| Y. Multi - | Increased | Household | Facilitate | % of |
| sectorial | processing, | sensitized on | sensitization, | increase in |
| Nutrition | value | importance of | conduct capacity | place |
| Services | addition and | consuming | building | |
| Improved | consumption | nutrient dense | | |
| _ | of nutrient | food increased | | |
| | dense/rich | from 50% to | | |
| | food | 80% by June, | | |
| | | 2026 | | |
| | | | | |

4.4.9 Strategic Service Area 9: Works Department

This service area will contribute to the council's five years strategic plan and other national and global planning framework through implementation of the following strategic objectives D: Quantity and Quality of Social Economic Services and Infrastructure Increased.

| Strategic Objective | Service Output | Target | Strategies | Key Perfomance Indicator |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| D: Quality and Quantity of Socio-Economic Services and Infrastructure Increased | Planned activities / projects implemented and monitored | Quality council buildings increased from 80% to 99% by June 2026 | Preparation of BOQ, Design and drawings, site visiting, conduct quarterly monitoring, report preparation, involvement of stakeholders. | % of quality buildings in place |
| | Revenue enhancement infrastructure increased | Monitoring of council vehicles and Plants enhanced by June 2026 | Conduct quarterly monitoring, report preparation. | Number of vehicles and plants monitored |
| | Conducive | Working | Motivation and | Number of |

| Strategic Objective | Service Output | Target | Strategies | Key Perfomance Indicator |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|---|------------|--------------------------------|
| | working environment improved | environment to 4 Works staffs ensured by June 2025 | 1 | staffs facilitated |

4.4.10 Strategic Service Area 10: Community Development Department

This service area will contribute to the council's five years strategic plan and other national and global planning framework through implementation of the following strategic objectives **A:** Services Improved and HIV/AIDS Infections Reduced, **F:** Social welfare, Gender and Community Empowerment Improved

| Objectives | Service Outputs | Targets | Strategies | Key Performance Indicators |
|--|--|--|---|---|
| A: Services Improved and HIV/AIDS Infections Reduced | People aware on HIV/AIDS increased | Services to people with HIV/AIDS improved annually by June 2026 | Improve counseling centres | Number of staff supported |
| | People aware on HIV/AIDS increased | HIV infection reduced from 1.9% to 1% by June 2026 | Facilitate Sensitization Distribution of protection tools (condoms) | % HIV infection in place |
| F: Social welfare, Gender and Community Empowerment Improved | Women participation in decision making increased | Participation of Women in decision making increased by 2026 | Conduct capacity building, facilitate sensitization | Number of women available in decision making |
| | Youth Employment Opportunities Increased | Youth employed increased annually by June 2026 | Provide capacity building, conduct sensitization Provide credits | Number of youth employed |

| Objectives | Service Outputs | Targets | Strategies | Key Performance Indicators |
|---|--|---|--|---|
| F: Social welfare, Gender and Community Empowerment Improved | Community Participation and Sense of ownership increased | Participating people in development project increased annually by June 2026 | Conduct Improved O&OD Training, Capacitate Ward Facilitators, Facilitate sensitization | Number Community members participating |
| | Community income increased | Income of the community increased annually by June 2026 | Facilitated formation of income generating groups, conduct capacity building, solicit funds from DPs | State of community increased income in place |
| | Family and children care ,protection and support ensured | Sense of family and children care and protection is insured annually by June 2026 | Family resolution sessions Attending children cases | State of report protection in place |
| | People with disability care and support improved | Care and support to people with disabilities improved annually by June 2026 | Conduct capacity building, facilitate sensitization and encouraging provide credits | Number of people with disabilities supported |
| | Social protection to vulnerable community members enhanced | Relief Assistance Service and wages ensured annually by June 2026 | Facilitate TASAF Grant provision Facilitate Short term wages Facilitate Sub projects implementation | State of relief report in place |

4.4.11 Strategic Service Area 11: Environment and Solid Waste Management Department

This service area will contribute to the council's five years strategic plan and other national and global planning framework through implementation of the following strategic objective **G**: Management of Natural Resources and Environment Improved.

| Objectives | Service outputs | Targets | Strategies | Key performance indicators |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| G: Management of Natural Resources and Environment Improved | Environmental Conservation and Biodiversity improved | Tree seedlings raised and planted increased from 500,000 to 1,000,000 by June 2026 | Allocate funds effectively, create local community awareness on trees planting | Number of increase in place |
| | Environmental pollution control (land, water, air, and sound improved. | collection and disposal | Allocate funds effectively, establish new dumpsites, procure working gears, and create local community awareness on proper solid waste management | Tones of solid waste collection and disposal in place |
| | Cleaning of buildings, open space, roads, drainage. | risks reduced | Allocate funds effectively | % of reduction in place |
| | Community awareness on environmental protection and natural resources conservation improved | New community based forest reserves in 10 villages established by June 2026 | Allocate funds effectively | Number of CBFR in place |

| Objectives | Service outputs | Targets | Strategies | Key performance |
|--|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| G: Management of Natural Resources and Environment Improved | Community awareness on environmental protection and natural resources conservation improved | Community awareness on environmental protection and natural resources conservation improved from 20% to 75% by June 2026 | Provide health education in villages general assembly, prepare leaflets | % of awareness in place |
| | Cemeteries management improved. | Management of cemeteries improved from 20% to 50% by June 2026 | Allocate budget, employ casual laborers, education to religion owned cemetery on how to manage cemetery. | Rate cemeteries improvements in place |
| | Cesspit emptying service improved. | Cesspit emptying service improved from 20% to 40% by June 2026 | Allocate fund, procure one cesspit emptying vehicle, and employ casual laborers. | Rate of improvement in place |
| | Solid waste collection and transportation to final disposal service improved | of Environmental | Allocate fund, provide environmental laws, conduct refresher training to law enforcers | % improvement in place |
| | Prepare periodic reports on state of the environment improved | Timely preparation of periodic reports on state of the environment improved from 50% to | Allocate fund, conduct refresher training for environmental experts | % of improvements in place |

| Objectives | Service outputs | Targets | Strategies | Key performance indicators |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|------------|----------------------------------|
| G: Management of Natural Resources and Environment Improved | | 85% by June 2025. | | |

4.4.12 Strategic Service Area 12: Lands and Natural Resources

This service area will contribute to the council's five years strategic plan and other national and global planning framework through implementation of the following strategic objectives **C:** Access to quality and equitable social services Delivery Improved, **D:** Quantity and Quality of Social Economic Services and Infrastructure Increased

| Objectives | Service Outputs | Targets | Strategies | Key Performance Indicators |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| G. Management of Natural Resources and environment sustained. | Land infrastructure services improved | Management of District Natural Forest in 5 wards improved by June 2026 | Carry out patrols, Prepare Forest Management Plans | Number of wards with Management Plans prepared |
| | Land infrastructure services improved | Training on land laws to 26 villages council conducted by June 2026 | Mobilize resources, facilitate transport logistics, conduct trainings | Number of villages council trained on Land Law |
| | Land infrastructure services improved | District Council properties in 26 wards surveyed by June 2026 | Declare land survey, solicit fund, conduct survey | Number of wards surveyed |
| | Land infrastructure services | 200 plots at Chemba District Headquarter surveyed by June 2025 | Allocate and solicit funds, procure surveying | Number of plots surveyed |

| Objectives | Service Outputs | Targets | Strategies | Key Performance Indicators |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| G. Management of Natural | improved | | equipment | |
| Resources and environment sustained. | Land infrastructure services improved | Community Land use plan in 114 villages prepared by June 2026 | Sensitize community, solicit funds, facilitate survey | Number of villages with Land use plans |
| | Land infrastructure services improved | certificate right of occupancy to 114 villages and 100 granted certificate right of occupancy to 4 planning areas prepared by June 2025 | Sensitize community, solicit funds, | Number of CCRO'S and granted certificates prepared |
| | | Chemba district council Land use master plan prepared by June 2025 | Sensitize the community, solicit and allocate funds | District Land use master plan in place |

4.4.13 Strategic Service Area 13: Livestock and Fisheries Department

This service area will contribute to the council's five years strategic plan and other national and global planning framework through implementation of the following strategic objective **D**: Quantity and Quality of Social Economic Services and Infrastructure Increased

| Strategic Objective | Service Output | Targets | Strategies | Key Performance Indicator |
|--|---|---|--|---------------------------------|
| D: Quality and Quantity of Socio- Economic Services and Infrastructure Increased | Livestock production and productivity increased | Livestock keeper groups involved in Production and productivity improvement increased from 85% to 95% by June 2025. | Provide training, provide improved breeding Bulls | % of increase in place |

| Strategic Objective | Service Output | Targets | Strategies | Key Performance Indicator |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| D: Quality and Quantity of Socio- Economic Services and Infrastructure Increased | Prevalence of livestock diseases reduced | Prevalence of livestock diseases in 114 villages controlled by June 2025. | - Procuremen t of Vaccines of CBPP, Newcastle and Rabies | Number of livestock vaccinated |
| | Livestock infrastructur es improved | Livestock infrastructure in 114 villages increased from 45% to 65% by June 2025. | Conduct survey, build livestock infrastructu re, rehabilitate | % of increase in place |
| | Livestock infrastructur es improved | 6 Livestock infrastructure in 5 villages rehabilitated by June 2026 | Allocate fund, solicit fund, sensitize community | Number of cattle dips tanks rehabilitated. |
| | Livestock extension services improved | Livestock extension services in 114 villages delivered and improved annually by June 2026 | Allocate funds, provide training, facilitate transport facilities | Number of villages with improved extension services |
| Good Governance and Administrativ e Services enhanced. | Conducive working environment improved | Enabling working environment to 15 Livestock Extension officers working in wards 26 improved by June 2025. | Provide office equipments, Facilitate transport facilities, provide incentives | Number of staff supported |

4.4.14 Strategic Service Area 14: Legal Unit

This service area will contribute to the council's five years strategic plan and other national and global planning framework through implementation of the following strategic objective E Good Governance and Administrative Services Enhanced

| Objectives | Service | Targets | Strategies | Key |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| | outputs | | | performance indicators |
| A: Enhance Good Governance and Administrative Services | Rule of Law enhanced | Enforcement of By-laws and other Principal Legislations in 15 Wards increased from 60% to 90% by June 2026 | Community sensitization, allocate Fund, filing Cases against defaulters | Percentage increase in enforcement |
| | | 40 cases filed to various Courts of Law resolved by June 2026 | Allocate fund, attend to the Courts | Number of Judgment delivered |
| | | Council's 5 By-Laws improved and 5 New By-Laws enacted by June, 2026 | Community participation, Preparation of drafts of By-Laws, Conducting Statutory Meetings | Number of By-Laws improved & number of New By-Laws enacted. |
| | | Adherence to Chemba District Council By- Laws & other Principal Legislations to 15 Wards increased from 60% to 90% by June, 2026 | Community sensitization, Conducting seminars to Members of Ward Tribunals, Capacitate 15 WEO'S on enforcement of By-Laws & Conducting Operations against defaulters. | Percentage increase in adherence of laws |
| | Conducive Working Environment improved | Working environment to 2 Legal Staff improved by June 2026 | Identify and provide missing working tools/equipment and transport, allocate fund, provide staff welfare | Good working environment in place |

4.4.15 Strategic Service Area 15: Procurement Management

This service area will contribute to the council's five years strategic plan and other national and global planning framework through implementation of the following strategic objective E Good Governance and Administrative Services Enhanced

Service Outputs, Key Targets, Strategies and Performance Indicators

| Objectives | Service Outputs | Targets | Strategies | Key performance Indicators |
|---|---|--|---|--|
| E: Good Governance and administrative Services Enhanced | Transparence and Accountability maintained Record management improved. | Public procurement procedures to 13 departments, 6 Units, 27 ward and 121 villages adhered and strengthened by June 2025 | Training Conduct follow up Adherence of PPRA guideline. Provide office equipment (Furniture, Computers, Printers, Photocopier etc) Provide fund | Number of services area strengthened |
| | Record management improved. | 85 Public notifications on procurement events enhanced by June, 2025 | Prepare advertisements Notify the stake holders | Number of notification in place |
| C: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved | Qualified skilled staff increased. | Conducive working environment and Social welfare for 4 PMU staffs improved by June 2026 | Provide fund Conduct training need assessment | Number of staff supported |
| | Awareness to Stakeholders enhanced | Service delivered to stakeholders on | Conduct training Recruit staff | Number of stakeholders capacitated |

| Objectives | Service Outputs | Targets | Strategies | Key performance Indicators |
|---|--------------------|---|--------------|-------------------------------|
| C: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved | | Procurement issues enhanced by June, 2026 | Provide fund | |

4.4.16 Strategic Service Area 16: Internal Audit Unit

This service area will utilize the following strategic objectives in contribution to the achievements of council five years strategic plan **C**: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved, **E**: Good Governance and Administrative Services Enhanced.

| Objectives | Service Outputs | Targets | Strategies | Key Performance Indicators |
|--|--|---|---|----------------------------------|
| C: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved | Assurance of Internal Controls Systems for financial management Enhanced | Value for Money Audit in 95 development projects conducted by June 2026 | Reviewing contract terms and condition and physical execution of projects | Audit reports in place |
| E: Good Governance and Administrative services Enhanced | Administrative Support to Internal Audit Staff. | Conducive Working Environment to 2 Staff improved by June 2026 | Purchased working tools -annual leaves undertaken | Number of staff facilitated |
| | Assurance of Internal Controls Systems for financial management Enhanced | Risk Based Audit executed annually by June 2026 | Reviewing internal controls reviewing banking procedures | Audit reports in place |
| | Qualified skilled staffs | Administrative Support to Internal Audit | Preparing training | Number of trainings |

| Objectives | Service Outputs | Targets | Strategies | Key Performance Indicators |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|---|----------------------------------|
| E: Good Governance and Administrative | increased | Staff provided by June, 2025 | needs | attended |
| services Enhanced | Assurance of Internal Controls Systems for financial management Enhanced | Council Clean Audit Report Acquired annually by 2026 | Facilitate review of internal control systems | State of audit report in place |

4.4.17 Strategic Service Area 17: Information, Communication Technology and Public Relation Unit

This service area will utilize the following strategic objectives in contribution to the achievements of council five years strategic plan **C**: Access to Quality and Equitable Social Services Delivery Improved, **D**: Quantity and Quality of Social Economic Services and Infrastructure Increased, **E**: Good Governance and Administrative Services Enhanced, **I**: Emergence and Disaster Management Enhanced

| strategic | service | Target | strategies | key |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|-------------------|
| objective | output | | | performance |
| | | | | indicator |
| E. Good | Planned | Conducive | Provide | Numbers of |
| Governance | activities/ | working | Utilities. | staff facilitated |
| and | Projects | Environment to | Provide | |
| Administrative | Implemented | 3 staff of ICT | Working tools | |
| Services | and | Unit enhanced | and resources | |
| Enhanced | Monitored | by June 2026 | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Planned | Communication | | State of |
| | activities/ | system at | | communication |
| | Projects | Chemba | departments/ | systems in place |
| | Implemented | District | Units | |
| | and | improved | Protect | |
| | Monitored | annually by | Computer | |
| | | June 2026 | Software from | |
| | | | Virus in 13 | |
| | | | Departments/ | |
| | | | Unit | |
| | ICT | District | Solicit fund, | Broadcasting |
| | infrastructure | broadcasting | secure | center in place |

| strategic objective | service output | Target | strategies | key performance indicator |
|------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | improved | center established by June 2026 | consent, sensitize community | |

4.4.18 Strategic Service Area 18: Election Unit

This service area will utilize the following strategic objective in contribution to the achievements of council five years strategic plan **E**: Good Governance and Administrative Services Enhanced.

Service Outputs, Key Targets, Strategies and Performance Indicators

| Objectives | Service | Targets | Strategies | Key |
|---|--|---|---|---------------------------------|
| | Outputs | | _ | performance Indicators |
| E: Good Governance and Administrative services Enhanced | Participation in decision making enhanced | Efficient and effective community participation in general and by elections enhanced by June 2026 | Create awareness, provide brochures | Number of elections facilitated |
| | Participation in decision making enhanced | Conducive working environment to 1 election officer ensured by June 2026 | Provide incentives, facilitate staff benefits | Number of staff supported |

4.4.19 Strategic Service Area 18: Beekeeping Unit

This service area will utilize the following strategic objective in contribution to the achievements of council five years strategic plan **G**: Management of Natural Resources and Environment Improved

| Objectives | Service Outputs | Targets | Strategies | Key performance Indicators |
|---------------|-------------------|------------|---------------|----------------------------------|
| G: | Production of | Honey | Promote | Tones of |
| Management | honey and other | production | production | increase in |
| of Natural | bee | increased | quality and, | place |
| Resources and | products(beeswax, | from | safety of bee | |

| Objectives | Service Outputs | Targets | Strategies | Key |
|--|--|--|---|--|
| | _ | | _ | performance Indicators |
| Environment Improved | royal jelly ,pollen ,brood, propolis) enhanced | 3.6tones to 4.0tones by June 2026 | products | |
| | Honey productivity increased | Beeswax production increased from 1.0tones to 1.3tones by June 2026 | Provide capacity building | Number of beeswax in place |
| | Honey/beeswax products processing and addition value increased | 23 beekeeper groups trained on best beekeeping practices annually by June 2026 | Solicit and facilitate training | Number of beekeeper groups trained annually |
| | Beekeeping data collection and reporting system | Management plans for 4 apiaries developed and operation by June 2026 | | Number of apiaries developed and operationalized |
| | Awareness of community on climate change | Established 4 bee reserved and 1 collection center by June 2026 | Promote establishment of bee reserves and beekeeping collection center. | Number of bee reserves and collection center in place |
| D: Quantity and Quality of Social Economic Services and Infrastructure Increased | Beekeeping infrastructures improved | Process industry of honey established from 0 to 1 by June 2026 | Encourage us of efficient technologies in beekeeping based industries. | Number of industry honey in place |

CHAPTER FIVE

IMPLEMENTATION, MONITORING, EVALUATION, REVIEW FRAMEWORKS, ASSUMPTIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT PLAN

5.1 Overview

The chapter outlines the implementation, monitoring and evaluation (M&E) of the Chemba District Council. Also, it features review framework and assumptions that should be taken into care, for sustainability of the intended impacts. It presents a review mechanism to monitor the progress and appraise outcomes compared to the original objectives, targets and expected results.

5.2 Implementation

The Chemba District Council Management Team (CMT), staff and the community at large is charged with the implementation of this strategic plan and the District Planning Officer (DPLO) shall coordinate activities related to the implementation of the Strategic Plan. The implementation will be done through annual plans and budgets where Departments and Units shall prepare their plans and budgets in line with the CDC wide strategic plan. Planning Department on the basis of individual Units and Departments will prepare a centre level annual work plan (operational plan) to guide the implementation of the district council strategic plan annually. Clearly the annual operational plan will show all the activities to be implemented by each department and units within a particular year.

5.3 Monitoring

Monitoring reports at all levels (Departments and Units) will comprise:

- i. A narrative Strategic Plan implementation report prepared every three/six months.
- ii. Contents of the narrative report will include but not be limited to:
 - An extract of the respective SP showing in summary form the approved Strategic Objectives, Service Output, Targets and Strategies.
 - An approved Operational Plan for the year under reporting.
 - Achievements in terms of actual outputs versus the planned activities and outputs in the operational plan. Achievements should reflect both the qualitative and quantitative achievements.
 - Constraints in the implementation of the Strategic Plan and any internal and external factors which affected implementation.
 - Proposed remedial actions and the way forward for solving the problems faced, indicating clearly the planned activities to be carried

out in the next period (three/six months, or one year depending on the nature of the report).

Quarterly progress report matrix on strategic plan implementation

| S/N | Strategic objective | Assigned target | Planned activities | Realized activities | Budgeted fund | Actual fund spent | Remarks-explaining any variance between the expected and actual situation and recommendations |
|-----|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------------|---------------|----------------------|---|
| | A: | | 001 | | | | |
| | | 01 | 002 | | | | |
| | | | 001 | | | | |
| | | 02 | 002 | | | | |

5.4 Evaluation

There will be two types of evaluation of the strategic planning process at CDC; one every two and a half years using internal evaluators, and the other once every five years using an external evaluation team working with internal evaluators. Prior to the coming of the external evaluators the internal evaluators will have to give their opinion on the progress of implementation of the Strategic Plan, the basis on which the external evaluators would wish to validate.

The internal and external evaluations will have similar Terms of Reference that aim at;

- Weighing the reasons for the success or failure of specific aspects of the Strategic Plan,
- Assessing whether the Strategic Plan is achieving its objectives,
- Finding out whether the effects of the Strategic Plan are contributing to a better fulfillment of the Mission and Vision of CDC,
- Establishing whether Chemba District Council mobilize and utilize adequate resources to achieve the targets.

The evaluation reports will be discussed at all levels at the biannual progress meetings. The recommendations adopted will be implemented and included in the revised Strategic Plan. It should be noted that in both monitoring and evaluation ownership and participation of the stakeholders will be highlighted in order to improve the future plans.

5.5 Review

The plan is designed for the duration of five (5) years to allow a formal review during the Strategic Planning Cycle. However, CDC may up on unavoidable circumstances carry out minor annual/mid-term reviews. The reviews will be tracking progress on implementation of the milestones and targets on semiannual and annual basis.

The reviews will focus on determining whether the planned activities are moving towards achieving the annual targets and will find out whether they are on track, off track, unknown or at risk. In addition, the reviews will track any changes in terms of outputs realized over the period as well as assessing issues, challenges and lessons learnt over the year and to what extent the outputs delivered are contributing towards achievement of the objectives. The review findings will be used to adjust implementation strategies whenever necessary. The respective heads of departments and units will take a lead in the review process.

During the second year (2023/24) there shall be a medium review and a major plan review after five (5) years. Additionally, the reviews to be conducted during the fifth year focus on determining whether the planned outputs over the five year period have been achieved against the indicators, and if not what could have been the reasons for the under achievement. The review will also assess as to what extent the achieved targets have contributed towards achievement of five (5) years outcomes as well as issues, challenges and lessons learnt over the Five (5) years period.

The District Executive Director will take a lead in the review process on the completion of the strategic plan cycle.

5.6 Preconditions

The success of the Chemba District Council Strategic Plan 2021/22-2025/26 depends on the major preconditions which are;

- Availability of sufficient and skilled staff
- Availability of working tools
- Consistence government by-laws and guidelines
- Consistence government subventions
- Revenue collected as per plan

5.7 Risk Management Plan

Chemba District Council under the coordination of District Planning Officer will develop Risk Management Plan. The Risk Management Plan will spell out possible risks under each target developed in the Strategic Plan in every strategic service area. The Risk Management Plan will articulate possible impacts and mitigation measures as well as responsible person and stakeholders.

Example of Risk Management Plan Matrix

| Identified risk | Impact on project | L | С | R | Risk management plan (mitigation measures) | Responsible person |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Gender and disability not effectively mainstreamed in leadership | Decision making may compound current inequalities, contribute to further problems | 4 | 3 | 2 | All decision making made with GoT agencies and other stakeholders will consider gender and disability as Cross cutting issues. • All staff and sub -contractors engaged on Partnership supported activities will be briefed on key gender equity | HoD/Unit, and Other stakeholders |

KEYS:

- L= Likelihood (5=almost certain, 4=likely, 3=possible, 2=unlikely, 1=rare);
- C= Consequences (5=severe, 4=major, 3=mode rate, 2=minor, 1=negligible);
- **R**=Risk Level (5=extreme, 4=very high, 3=high, 2=medium, 1=low)